

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

No. 283

OUR PARIS LETTER

PARIS, March 29.—The French have never had a really successful colonization, and there is a astonishing in their failure to make out of Algeria. M. de Persigny, 1890, informed the world, that there was a permanent source of weakness, which absorbed the blood and the mother country. However, the word from time to time, a series of "where," where experience is gained. The assembling of the Corps Legislatif on the day of the colony became the occasion. Like such subjects in general, we did not find the matter attractive, nevertheless unanimously accepted the minister promise, that Algeria was to be represented in the Chamber by three members in the Chamber. It would seem of the civil, and less would move in the administration of a colony.

The only change that has taken place in the Ambassadorial world, is the resignation and departure of Salazar's representative to Saint Domingo. This worthy gentleman, who had been in the post for some years, basely, surrounded with a mourning brocade—whether a compliment to the deceased General, or the insignia of Quashee, the black hand is a mystery.

Rather a dramatic suicide took place yesterday. A gardener, in consequence of a quarrel with his employer, asked the bargin for a small glass—in rum, of the best quality, that he was about undertaking a very cold journey, and would never see his again. Having received the rum, he drank it off, and then jumped into the Seine. He was seen by a young man who plunged in, but what was his horror to find himself rescuing his father, who insisted on drowning himself. The struggle and debate were but short, assistance soon brought, and the father was rescued, but the son after a few hours.

ate, was the first blow of the p
ven to the Senate. It is this augu

has under its special charge, the matters of Algeria, and promotes the welfare of the colonies, and is very much respected. Besides, the Senate presents a veto on the acts of the Deputies, and such is not in itself the new order of things, still less the wishes of the country. The Senate is exclusively appointed by the Emperor, receives a stipend of 30,000 francs, and is called the *Hotel des Seigneurs*. The Senate is now a political body. The Senate is now a political institution," and its action in the reforms now *in transitu* from the house, will decide its utility. Vacancies filled up on the death of a Senator, the Senate is elected by the Emperor, and can be dissolved, and its members are not re-elected.

The Decentralization Committee is an important work. Its object is to show far the Imperial Government relieved from mixing in local affairs. The point is to decide if the local

representative, or by the vestry vote

tion independent.
The work of the
sons of the country goes a head,
politically uneducated are beginning
that this liberty, is not to be com-
by them, and classed as they have
done, with the plague, where, so
the people are not yet ready to
to this country, where opinion is ac-
and as oscillating we a pendulum,
arbitrary power when the wind blows
he barricades, and to opposition
abolitionism becomes too strict. Of France,
France, one does not like, if it
the love of too small states
embraces a large part of the
"gring away" is for the Cabinet

But the most important ques-
moment is the relations with Rome
where they are so critical. That the
be soon withdrawn is a fact assid-
indifference with which the prote-
French Government are received by
ness or the Jesuitical Council still
of the national prin-
ple. Perhaps after several special de-

be entertained, it is time for the

vers to aid France, it is rumoured
 special ambassador. But for
 not to be a mere figure-head,
 to endeavor to combat a foreign
 The Pontiff mistakes the
 which he lives, in reviving the
 of the Church over civilization. He
 is infatuated in opposing the pro-
 only powers that can aid him
 lives. France upholds the prob-
 of the Church, but she is not
 pots; and she will not be longer
 ally, but she is not a power
 up an antiquated institution, the
 France obstinately aims to roll back
 civilization. Also, the second en-
 is not only too glad to forget the Jan-
 Rouher while at Rome. France
 error of Austria in Venice.

The majority of the French Giga-
 Pascal than nations, and so not full
 of the enlightenment of his
 In the conduct of the Italian Cam-
 paid to ruin of the Church. But
 people are aroused; it will not be a
 difficult matter to cause them to separate
 from State, and, as the Church
 this point, we must, we must, we must
 this point. Separation of Church
 the pole of modern times. "Hap-

connected with politics, and where ea

In all Catholic countries—only excepted—the syllabus which strikes at political liberty—which claims the Church would remain a dead letter in Spain is not, and will not be pressed in Italy, we know how she exists under excommunicated King. But a young ex in the culture of liberal ideas and religious passions are strong unances. Rome is gravitating at last Italy. It is the Pontiff himself the complete system of "grand agglomeration."

The pleasures of the Carnival altogether forgotten in the severity. Never was a more marked change.

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It is a rare event for a Parisian journalist to die, surrounded by the universal regard of his confreres, yet such has been the happiness of Count de Rianey's family, on the death of its head. The Count was editor of the *Univers*, the organ of aristocratic Catholics, and of the claims of him who is called "St. Aspasius" at Frascati, and the King of Rome. He was a Frenchman, but he had been some time under the International meeting of his Father, but returned to Paris to die of rheumatism of the heart. Around his dying were seated his wife, children, and a few intimate friends, with whom he conversed a few minutes before his death. His expectations were blessed by the Pope, but his sale was not so rapid, and he was obliged to sell his "Index" to a reseller. On his death bed two telegrams, one from Pio Nino, conveying absolution, the other from "Henry the Fifth," thanking his father and faithful servant.

After the conscripts are "drawn," the fellows are allowed to enjoy themselves the remainder of the day of balloting, the police turn a blind eye to their pranks excepting marching—in advance to the barracks, where they are to stay. A stout German beer, with plenty of noise and to be songs, the future *braves* do no further harm. This week, however, some 600 conscripts, with the tricolor covered by a march to the office of Rochefort's office, singing prohibited songs, and uttering obscene remarks, were ordered to march off to fall in on the privilege of cursing judges for twenty-four hours. They allowed to depart in peace.

A more than ordinary brazen member the *demi monde*, wearing a diamond necklace, and a white nightgown, was given by one of the most distinguished fellows of Paris. She was admitted. Soon character became known—others galled their chickens under their wings, until a black sheep was exposed. The woman had a black dress, and she had to see her in the script *maison* to be conducted

[illegible]

Latest by Telegraph.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

ENGLAND.

HOUSE OF LORDS.

PEACE IN IRELAND.

LONDON, March 22.—The House of Lords this evening went into Committee on the Bill for the preservation of the peace in Ireland.

The Marquis of Clanricarde, repudiated any hostility to the Bill, but he regretted the haste of the Government in passing it. And this was expressed by the many amendments which Government had introduced. He objected to giving further powers to the Irish Constabulary, whom he described as a worthless body of men.

Lord Dufferin supported the Bill and defended the Irish police.

The Duke of Abercorn expatiated on the excellent tone of the Press in the West and South of Ireland, and argued that measures of restraint were indispensable. The Bill was then reported on from Committee and without further debate was passed by the House.

The House of Lords have decided against Mr. Howard's claim to the Earldom of Wicklow.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

PARLIAMENTARY.

In the House of Commons Mr. Gladstone made explanation of the Bill, and the debate on the subject, which he said was not paid out of the public money.

He also announced that a reduction was to be made in the rates of inland postage.

M. O'Grady, Under Secretary, promised to introduce a bill, amending the "Neutrality Laws of England."

In the course of the evening Mr. Gladstone gave, in detail, the Government programme of business for the present session.

Mr. Dimsdale objected to the morning session proposed by Mr. Gladstone, and the debate continued on the subject of the morning session.

Mr. Gladstone and others speaking.

The House took up the Irish Land Bill in Committee, and the debate continued on the subject.

Mr. Gladstone, to meet the objection to local legislation, moved to include all clauses of the bill relating to the subject of the bill.

A stirring debate followed on the motion which was rejected as a departure from the rules of parliamentary order. Without making further progress on the bill, the House adjourned.

ARRIVAL.

NEW YORK, April 1.—The steamer "Cambria," from New York, has arrived.

COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, April 1.—American Securities steady. Bonds of N. Y. C. & P. R. R. 97 1/2; U. S. 5% 104 1/2; U. S. 4% 104 1/2; U. S. 3% 104 1/2.

LIVERPOOL, April 1.—Cotton market; red waters 10 1/2; receipts of wheat for three days were 10,000 quarters, including 7,000 American; Flour 19s 3d; Corn 2s; Lard quiet and steady.

American Despatches.

REJOICING OF COLORED PEOPLE.

NEW YORK, March 21.—A large meeting of colored people was held in the night to rejoice over the adoption of the 15th Amendment.

15TH AMENDMENT.

Irish Republican Club to slight, adopted resolutions, reserving their pledges to support the 15th Amendment, and welcoming 15th Amendment.

A DINNER.

The New York Yacht Club gave a dinner to James Gordon Bennett Jr., at the Metropolitan Hotel, on Tuesday.

NEW YORK, March 21.—A mob of 100 men, armed with clubs and stones, gathered in front of the Metropolitan Hotel, and a riot broke out.

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COMMERCIAL.

MONEY MARKET AS REPORTED AT THE EXPRESS OFFICE.

BELLEVILLE, April 1.

Greenbacks buying at 88 1/2.

Silver buying at 88 1/2.

Gold opening at 111 1/2; closed at 111 1/2.

BELLEVILLE MARKETS.

INTERESTS OFFICE.

PAID 1000—10 to 100.

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SCOTCH TWEEDS.

A fine assortment of Scotch Tweeds just received from Glasgow.

GEO. RITCHIE & CO.

Belleville, March 20, 1870.

CALL AND SEE THE

NEW SPRING STYLES

HATS & CAPS

J. S. MEUDELL'S.

John A. M. Gilbert,

(Successor to A. Diamond.)

Sash, Blind, and Door Factory!

PLANING & MATCHING LUMBER

And everything in

Carpentry and Joiner's Work.

PRICES to suit the times and as cheap as

can be got at any other establishment.

Always on hand to receive orders, and no

time lost in executing the same.

Belleville, March 22, 1870.

Provisions—insolvent and generally unmanageable.

Asiatic—poth and advancing.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

Cotton 25 1/2.

Flour—superior, 7,000 bbls; sales 6,000

bbls; at 84 1/2 to 85 1/2 for common to choice

extra state; 84 1/2 to 85 1/2 for common to

choice extra state and receipts; 77,000

Wheat and drooping; receipts 77,000

Wheat; receipts 1,400 bus.

Corn without decided change; receipts 29,000

bus; sales 18,000 bus at 11 1/2 to 11 5/8 for old

mixed wheat.

Barley flat; receipts 23,000 bus.

Oats quiet and steady; receipts 10,000 bus.

Wheat, 10,000 bus at 10 1/2 to 10 3/4 for western in

store.

Pork steady at 20 1/2 to 20 3/4 for new mess.

Lard firm and quiet at 14 1/2 to 14 3/4 for steam;

15 1/2 for city. The store will be reopened about

the 15th inst. by the new owners, for whom

the bank has the support and patronage of his

friends.

Belleville, March 14, 1870.

P. D. CONGER.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber begs to intimate that he

has sold the interest and good will of

his business, and that the store will be closed

for a few days for the purpose of transferring

the stock. The store will be reopened about

the 15th inst. by the new owners, for whom

the bank has the support and patronage of his

friends.

Belleville, March 14, 1870.

P. D. CONGER.

Green, Red, Blue,

BANDED AND LINED

Dinner, Tea and Desert Sets,

AND PLAIN GILT DINNERS, WARE,

Belleville CROCKERY STORE

F. H. ROUS.

Belleville, Feb. 22, 1870.

250

85,000 GIVEN AWAY.

Great Lottery, where there are

All Prizes and No Blanks!

India and China Tea Company.

39 Bury St., Montreal.

ONE out of every twenty five packages of

5 lbs. each, sold by this Company, will contain

A DOLLAR NOTE, which will be

GREAT BARGAINS

WARNER BROTHERS,

P. D. CONGER'S.

Goods Selling Off at a Rapid Rate.

FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS,

Immense Reduction on First Cost,

Spring Importations

CARPET TRADE

HOUSE FURNISHING LINE.

OUR STOCK OF GROCERIES

Will be complete in every particular.

We are Determined to do a Business



ALBION
McGILL STREET AND ST. J.


THE NEW ALBION HOTEL,
under the most favorable auspices
Y ventilated. Notwithstanding
house, the old price of \$1.50 per day
speak for ourselves a continuance of it
past TWELVE YEARS.


FRESH ARRIVAL
W. H. SCHOL
Has now received his Fall Stock
FRESH TEAS, Coffees, Layer & M
Raisins, Currants, Figs, Candied
Spices, &c., &c.
Porta, Sherries, Brandies, Chippaw
Rye and Proof Whiskies, Bottled Al
D. & S. 1884

FINNAN HADDIES regularly re-
por Express.

W. H. SCHOLL
GROCER AND WINE MERCHANT
Nov. 26, 1869.

Are You Insured
THE WESTERN, of Toronto, Fire
Marine Assurance Company, as
pared to effect risks in both branches, th
their Agent, M. B. ROBLIN, on the
reasonable terms.

 All claims promptly settled.
OFFICE—In the City Book Bindery,
Belleville, Jan. 19, 1870.



Intercolonial Railway

THE Commissioners appointed to control the Intercolonial Railway give Notice that having annulled the Conditions of Tender No. 5, 6, and 7, they are prepared to receive Tenders for re-lotting the same.

SECTION NO. 5

Is in the Province of Quebec, and extends from the Eastern end of the main Post Road, 23 miles east of Riviere du Loup, to the sixth mile post near Chamblay, a distance of about 24 miles.

SECTION NO. 6

Is in the Province of New Brunswick, extends from the Eastern end of the main Post Road, to the West side of the main Post Road, near the forty-eight mile post, Eastern from Jacques River, a distance of about 21 miles.

SECTION NO. 7

is in the Province of Nova Scotia, extends from the Southerly end of Section 4, near River Philip, to Station O. (for Station Fifty.) at Folly Lake, a distance about 24 miles.

The Contracts for the above Section completely finished and ready for laying track by the 1st of July, 1871.

The Commissioners also give Public notice that they are prepared to receive Tenders for four further sections of the line.

SECTION NO. 17

Will be in the Province of Quebec, a
extend from the Easterly end of Sect
14, down the Matapedia Valley, to
No. 685, about one mile above the bo
line between the Counties of Rimous

SECTION NO. 18

Will be in the Province of Quebec, a
extend from the Eastern end of Section
17, down the Mattawa Valley to Sta-
350, on Clark's Brook, a distance of
20 miles.

SECTION NO. 19

Will extend from the Eastern end of
No. 18, in the Province of Quebec, do
the Mattawa Valley to its mouth, and
across the River Restigouche to Sta-
370, at the Western end of Section 18
the Province of New Brunswick, a

of about 9½ miles, including the bridge over the River Restigouche.

SECTION NO. 20

Will be in the Province of New Brunswick and will extend from the Easterly Section No. 10, in the Town of Newcastle, the Chaplin Island road, thence across North West and South West branch River Miramichi, and terminating at No. 320, about one mile and three-fourths of the South West branch, a distance of about 6 miles, including the bridge over the branches of the River Miramichi.

Plans and Profiles, with Specifications of contract for Section No. 7, exhibited at the office of the Chief Engineer in Ottawa, and at the offices of the Commissioners in Toronto, Quebec, Rimouski, Moncton, New Brunswick, St. John and Halifax, and after Monday, the 11th day of April for Sections Nos. 5 and 6 at the same place and after Wednesday, the 20th day of April for Section No. 10, at the same place.

Sealed tenders for Sections 5, 6 addressed to the Commissioners of the Colonial Railway, and marked "T" will be received at their office in Ottawa 7 o'clock p. m., on Saturday, the 1st of May next; and for Sections Nos. 1 and 20, up to 7 o'clock, p. m., on Wednesday, the 25th day of May next.

Sureties for the completion of the will be required to sign the Tender.

COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE,
Ottawa, 24th March, 1870

1894

Notwithstanding the great range of Pains, Aches, Ailments, &c., that Radway's Ready Relief cures

BEST CURE for
FEVER AND AGUE,
CHILLS AND FEVER,
SCARLET FEVER.
Bilious Fever.

In the world. There is no Ague Cure, Chills-cure or preparation of Quinine, Arsenic, or any other form of Mercury or its salt, any other medicine that will cure this disease so positively and so fast.

Radway's Ready Relief.

No, not one. The standard, from wherever it is Quinine, Arsenic, Mercury, bottled by any one.

[illegible]

One bottle of it, with a Ready Relief, will secure every human being, young and old, and one for the family would not cost at least 10 cents, but it is worth purchasing for the sake of safety, in case of sickness, or accident takes place.

Painful Attacks where
Radway's Ready Relief
WILL AFFORD INSTANT CURE

One bottle of it, with a Ready Relief, will secure every human being, young and old, and one for the family would not cost at least 10 cents, but it is worth purchasing for the sake of safety, in case of sickness, or accident takes place.

Painful Attacks where
Radway's Ready Relief
WILL AFFORD INSTANT CURE

Inflammation of the Kidneys,
Inflammation of the Bladder,
Inflammation of the Bowels.

More Throat, Difficult Breathing, Pain
in the Throat, Pain in the Head,
Croup, Diphtheria, Catarrh, Influenza,
Headache, Toothache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism,
Cold Chills, Acute Chills.

The application of the Ready Relief to the
throat, where the pain or difficulty exists, will
bring relief.

20 Drops to a Teaspoonful in Water
will cure.

**CROUP, SPASMS, STOMACH STOPS,
HEARTBURN, NICK HEADACHE,
DIARRHEA, DYSENTERY,
COLIC.**

Wind in the Bowels,
And All Internal Pains.

The above dose taken every fifteen min.

quickly cure Asiatic Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Bilious Colic, Flux, and all Painful Discharges. Travellers should always carry a bottle of Relief with them. A few drops in water will sickness or pains from change of water.

BETTER THAN FRENCH BRANDY-OR BITTER

STIMULANT.

WIND-CHASER.

Lar. Bottles—India Rubber Stoppers
city of the READY-RELIEF.
 25 Cents, in Large Bottles,
 containing 3 and 4 times the quantity of the
 Liniments, Pain-killers, Rheumatics, and
 common fuel oil alcohol as a basis, and
 there started to imitate Radway's Ready-
 Relief. The imitations are of various kinds,
 barthorn, in imitation of a highly rectified
 of Ammonia—used in the genuine—
 using the genuine Ready-Relief will save
 the consumer from the imitations.
 The Ready-Relief has India Rubber Stoppers,
 a bottle made air-tight.
 The Genuine Ready-Relief,
 bottles, \$2.50 cents; Single Bottles, 25 cts.
 at Dr. Radway & Co.'s Principal Office, 10
 South Main Street, Boston, Mass., and at
 storekeepers everywhere. One agent will
 in every city and town in the world. Put

Standard Periodicals for
Republished by the Leonard Scott
Fishing Company, New York

*Indispensable to all desirous of being
informed on the great subjects of the*

1. The Edinburgh Review.

This is the oldest of series, in its main fea-
ture still follows in the path marked out by Brough-
ton, Sydney Smith, and Lord Holland, its origi-
nals and first contributors.

2. **The London Quarterly Review** which commences its 128th volume with the number, was set on foot as a rival to the *Edinburgh*. It resolutely maintains an oppositionist position, shows equal vigor in its literary department.

3. **The Westminster Review** has just closed its 92d volume. In point of literary character it is not so high as the *Edinburgh*. This Review is fast rising to a level with its compeers in the advocacy of political and religious liberalism.

4. **The North British Review** now in its 31st volume, occupies a very high position in literary literature. Passing beyond the narrow

5. **Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine** was commenced 52 years ago. Equalling the *Courier* in its literary and scientific departments, it has a wide reputation for the narratives and sketches which enliven its pages.

TERMS FOR 1870.

For any one of the Reviews, -	\$4.00 per
For any two of the Reviews, -	7.00
For any three of the Reviews, -	12.00
For all four of the Reviews, -	18.00
For Blackwood's Magazine, -	4.00
For Blackwood's Edinburgh Review, -	7.00
For both and any two of the Re-	

For Blackwood and three of the Reviews, 12.00
views,
For Blackwood and the four Reviews, 12.00
views,
Single numbers of a Review, 81. Single num
Blackwood, 35 Cents.

The Reviews are published quarterly. Blackwood
gazine is monthly. *Values come complete in January*

CLUBS.

A discount of twenty per cent. will be allowed
of four or more persons, when the periodicals
to one address.

POSTAGE.

The POSTAGE on current subscriptions, to an address in the United States, is Two Cents a number, to be paid at the office of delivery. For lack numbers to be delivered, is double.

Premiums to New Subscribers.
New subscribers to any two of the above papers for 1970 will be entitled to receive, one of the following for 1969. New Subscribers to all the papers will receive Blackwood or two of the Review for 1969.

Back Numbers.
Subscribers may, by applying early, obtain back numbers of the Reviews from January, 1965, to December, 1969.

THE LEONARD SCOTT PUBLISHING
140 Fulton St.

**Are you Insured
AGAINST ACCIDENT**
IN THE

Travelers' Insurance Company
 IF NOT—WHY NOT?
OFFICE—INTELLIGENCER BUILDING
BELLEVILLE, MO.

No. 284.

hood, was thoroughly debauched !
me, his money, his thoughts went to

Women, as he had been utterly devoted to his parents and friends. As we talked about the father who had been reminded of anxious inquiries which but a few days before had been made by the mother, another father had made up of us to the disposal of a son, saying, "It is the business of my life to know what to do with my boys!" Later we were at a church meeting at which this topic was discussed, and the exercises deepened and deepened in solemnity almost to dread, as another father arose in rapid succession and besought with tears the prayer for his son, telling in some cases of the only dangers, and to others of the failures, and stating facts about the physical condition and temptations of the young men in our cities which wrong every day.

what is this evil owing to? On whom is the responsibility? Alas! the causes are many, the guilty parties numerous; but, we are all in some respects involved in the season of duty neglected. Parents have the first responsibility. They have the right of God's law and human law, to restrain their minor sons. They ought to know that they are the companions of their boys, and that if these do, and how they spend their

ure time. Especially should they on their sons as to their evenings, restrict them as to the number that shall be spent away from home, and as the hour of return positively deciding upon the places to be visited. A chief mischief is the free-
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is imparted by self-denial. It is surrounded on this account by evil influences who wish to guide and snare the treasures, and to enjoy vice at their expense. Here is where Christian men make, to their substantial grief, who live in the pockets of mere boys with money and thus oil the wheels of dissipation. It is far better that men of wealth should make their sons earn their spending money by some form of work at home, or at some place of business, and should insist on keeping an account of expenses. Very

ly, and in all purses are great safeguards of virtue. Yet reliance must not be placed upon these negative means of repression. There must be made pleasant and attractive the social life of the child. Music, books, games, and a cheerful circle, in which the parents are active participants; and variety must be given occasionally, by taking the older child to concerts and other pure entertainments. Employers have a grave responsibility with respect to the young men who work with them. Self-interest, if no higher motive should make them watchful for their moral welfare; for vicious habits are the ruin of the individual.

men will break down the moral barriers and work to break to dishonesty. Many business men pay hundreds of dollars annually for his heartless indifference to the morals of those whom he employs is not enough to pay the stipulated salary. There should be no knowledge of the salaries of clerks out of business hours. There should be a manifestation of general interest in their improvement and such a readiness to aid them in pursuing honorable and virtuous courses, by encouraging them down of social intercourse. They may prove worthy and by encouraging them to seek mental improvement in college study and in debating societies, library associations.

Look at the Preacher.

1. Because he is speaking to you. He looks at all that are present. You do not drop your head or avert your face when a friend or any man speaks to you in the street. Acknowledge by looking that you feel you are spoken to.

2. Because looking at him is a privilege. Return, so far as it goes, for his pains to interest you. He puts himself into

4. It is politeness too. You would not want to be a rule and ill-mannered who should turn his face when you attempt to speak to him. Politeness in the social world should go with you in the sanctuary.

5. It is kindness too. You can do much kindness—perhaps a very great service. He is anxious to instruct, or to save in some way. It will gratify him to notice your fixed gaze. It will cheer him.

—The last of Westburn's field hands died again; this time in St. Louis. Of course he was 105 years old and all his faculties impaired.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL

WING, APRIL 4, 1870

No. 285

Belleville Business Bureau

HENDERSON & Henderson,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys at Law, Solicitors
in Chancery, Notaries Public, Conveyancers,
and Valuers.
Office in Victoria Buildings, Front Street West,
St. Louis.

HENDERSON, F. G. A. HENDERSON
DELSWIR.

Dickson & Gilbert,
BARRISTERS, At St. Belleville, Oregon—
Bridge Street, nearly opposite the Post Office.
D. DICKSON, (222) B. K. GILBERT.

A. R. Dougall,
BARRISTER, &c., Solicitor in Chancery
& Notary Public, &c., Conveyancer, &c.,
Over Opposite von Hambl's Apothecaries Hall,
St. Louis, Mo. DeLoe & Co./Front Street,
St. Louis.

MacLellan & MacLellan,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys at Law, Solicitors
in Chancery, Notaries Public, &c., &c.,
Office, Front Street, Belleville.
J. MACLELLAN, & J. DELOE MACLELLAN.

Alex. Robertson,
BARRISTER and Attorney at Law, Solicitor

John D. Evans,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Civil
Engineer and Draftsman.
Office in the Dominion Building, Bridge
Street, Belleville. 34-265-60.

Dr. Chas. Ridley,
POSITIVE Merchants' Bank, Finance
Street. 301

Legate & Abbott,
HATERS and Confectioners, Fancy Blac-
quett Manufacturers, and Dealers in
Groceries, No. 173, Front Street,
Alle. All orders promptly attended to.

Builders and Architects
Will be liberally dealt with as agents

For Johnson's Weather Protectors
on roofs and windows. Apply at once. J.
STON & Co., Patentees and Manufac-
turers, 147, Lindsay, Ont. 203-ly

John Wilson,
Carpenter and Confectioner, wholesale and
retail, in the old station opposite the
Market, Front Street. Dealers will find
the best and cheapest in the coun-
try. Orders promptly filled. 1D6m

Angus McFee,
Watchmaker and Jeweller, Front St.,
Belleville. A large variety of Clocks,
Pens, Jewellery and Silver Ware, always
on hand. Repairing done at short notice and on
able terms. 1D6m

J. W. Brown,
 RICHANT Tailor and Clothier, Front St.,
 Belleville, over Tickell's Furniture Store.
 Suits made to measure and warranted 1
 1D6m

Geo. Gibson
 MANUFACTURER and dealer in Coats and
 Suits, Front Street, Belleville. A select
 sent of ladies, gent's and children's
 and shoes constantly on hand and made
 to order. All work warranted. 1D6m

Fornett & Kennedy,
 LAND MINING ENGINEERS, Provin
 and Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Madoc.
 All orders fully examined and reported on
 to loss.
 All orders by mail will receive imme-
 diate attention.

C. C. FORNETT, C.E. & F.L.S.
L. KENNEDY, C.E. & F.L.S.

for of Marriage Licenses.

JAMES BLACKLOCK having been appointed Issuer of Marriage Licenses prepared to furnish parties desiring same, at his Office, Bridge Street, Belleville, opposite the Post Office. 314



MONTREAL

AN STEAMSHIP COMPANY,

In Contract with the Government of Canada for the regular service of the Montreal, Quebec and Atlantic Ports.

Canadian & United States Mails,

1879 - WINTER ARRANGEMENTS - 1879.

Boats Booked to London, Lyons and Liverpool.

Tickets Granted at Reduced Rates

AN	2700	Capt. AUSTON
AN	2700	LT. DETTON, R.N.R.
AN	2650	Capt. WYLLIE
AN	2650	Capt. BALLANTINE
AN	2434	Capt. BOWMAN
SCOTIAN	2300	Capt. AIRD
AMERICAN	1734	Capt. GRANGER
AN	2424	Capt. GRHAM
US	1900	Capt. ALLAN
GRAVIAN	3000	(Building)
AN	3000	LT. DETTON, R.N.R.
AN	2100	Capt. GRHAM
AN	2646	Capt. BOUTCHER
AN	1931	Capt. ARCHER
AN	1852	Capt. E. SCOTT

[illegible]

THE ASSIZES.
THIRD DAY.
SATURDAY, April 2, 1870.
THE FORDHAM CASE CONTINUED.

STEPHEN M. FORDHAM, sworn—Is a Clerk at the Belleville post office; recollects receiving a letter addressed to Mrs. Phoebe Sharp, about the first of January; could not say to whom he gave it; recollects the order being presented on January 6th; it was not signed with the name of John Sharp, as was presented the first presented; it was when presented the first presented; it was in the same day; the prisoner was the order; who presented the order; witness asked if anyone who presented the order was the same as the one who presented the order; and stated that the remitter was John Sharp of Enniswood; informed him it could not be paid without signature of payee; he asked if his name it could not be; the answer he gave was that it could not be paid without the signature of the payee; he returned with the order about 4 in the afternoon, when the order was

CROSS-EXAMINED.—Recollects the letter; it was not registered; there was nothing particular about it; it lay in the office for three days; gave it out, but does not recollect to whom; it should not have been given to any one but Mrs. Sharp; sometimes, from imperfect addresses, letters were given to the wrong persons, but they were always returned; the order was not presented by the prisoner. Some further cross-examination took place, the deeply confidential character of the examination being fully explained.

Mrs. PHILIP SHARP, sworn.—Reside—in Sydney; John G. Sharp, her son, had been in the habit of receiving remittances from her on her son; did not get any money at New York; sent for it, but it was gone; this was on the 7th January; got the money on the 12th March; never saw the order till the 19th March, in the Police Court; did not sign the order; cannot write; authorized no one to

Cross-examined.—Gets money orders four times a year; lives with her son William C. Sharp; no one but William ever was authorized to get the orders for her; never authorized the Postmaster to pay these orders to any one.

WILLIAM C. SHARP sworn.—Is a son of last witness; went to the Belleville Post Office on the 7th January; saw the order produced in the hands of Mr Sweetnam; his mother never signed the order, as she could not write.

Cross-examined.—When prisoner produced the order, he asked if the money would be drawn within a month; Wallbridge not a money order office; recollected that prisoner said he had got the money for selling tea in Bath.

MATTHEW W. MEENAM, sworn—Is an inspector of Post Offices on the 22nd February received a letter from the Post Master, Belleville respecting the money order; and on Belleville on the 10th. March to investigate; on the 11th went to Sidney, taking Mr. Fiegler with him; while in Sidney learned from Mr. Prior that the order had been shown to him; in consequence had the prisoner arrested; after the arrest of the prisoner visited him at the Police Station, and having warned him against criminalizing himself, told him that if he were not the guilty party, and could show that he was not, he would be taken against whoever supplied him with the money order.

to it him; he stated that early in 1934 he was in Belleville, and walking on Front Street, he met a man somewhat intoxicated, who jostled him; this man spoke to him and asked if he would buy a money order; the man's name was James McGregor, of Chicago; prisoner paid \$6 for the order; McGregor said he had the order in his possession two weeks; a book peddler called at his place of residence with a book for which he had previously subscribed; he offered the order to the peddler, who accepted it and gave him the book and \$11; the order was then altered; when McGregor gave him the book, he informed prisoner that John G. Thompson was the remitter and Mrs. Thompson the payor; he informed the book peddler of the names of the remitter and the payor.

DEFENCE.

ANDREW SNIDER, sworn.—Am Hotel clerk in the Town of Belleville; know a man called as A. Smith; he stopped at my place about the 5th of January last, saw have in his possession a post office money order; he at my desk signed the name of Phoebe Sharp; I said to him, can you write a ladies hand? he replied "yes." I did not think anything about the fact of his using Mrs. Sharp's name to the order; was a Book Agent; he was at my place three times in January; I am positive I wrote Phoebe Sharp's name on the

IN SHARP, sworn.—I was in Town the first of January last; was standing the Anglo American Hotel with Defendant when a person, a stranger to me, came staggering against Defendant, said: "Now you and want to see you." Defendant aside with the stranger; do not what took place between them; I have not seen child-like clothes always

BRILLVILLE, N. J.

Dr. Dent, from childhood; he has always
been a student, teacher, and

The Daily Mail

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY JAMES BLACKLOCK, AT THE "DAILY MAIL" OFFICE, 100, QUEEN STREET, WEST, MONTREAL.

BELLEVILLE, COUNTY OF HASTINGS, DOMINION OF CANADA, TUESDAY EVENING, APRIL 5, 1870.

No. 286.

REMOVAL.

My customers and friends of Mr. L. ROENIGK are respectfully informed that he has removed his ware rooms to the Large and Commodious Brick Shop North of the Commercial Buildings, Front St. He has now on exhibition one of the LARGEST MOST VALUABLE and Finest Stocks of Furniture

Ever shown in Belleville. As all his goods are manufactured under his own supervision by NEW and IMPROVED MACHINERY, and employing the BEST WORKMEN, he can guarantee every satisfaction, and can call and examine his Stock before purchasing.

L. ROENIGK, 101 RIVER ST. April 21, 1869.

HOUSEKEEPERS, ATTENTION!

SAVE YOUR OLD GREASE! MAKE YOUR OWN SOAP.

By using HART'S Celebrated Concentrated Lye. You can make capital Soft Soap for ONE CENT A GALLON, or a proportionate quantity of Hard Soap, equal to any thing that is sold in the Market. See that you get the genuine article, as there are counterfeits in the market. Price 25 cents per box.

Dr. Laurie's Imperial Food, FOR INVALIDS AND INFANTS.

This food is highly recommended as an invigorant and restorative, in restoring tone and vigor to the debilitated, especially where the digestive organs are weak and the stomach rejects the ordinary food, and for infants where there is a deficiency of breast milk. Price 25 and 50 cts. per tin.

For sale by Druggists and Grocers through out the Dominion. Sole manufacturer and Proprietor.

J. A. HAITE, 100-105-6 Chemist, Montreal.

FRESH OYSTERS.

JOHN WILSON IS RECEIVING

Fresh Oysters Daily,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Come One. Come All.

October 18, 1869. 142-11

TO THE WEST,

VIA GREAT TRUNK RAILWAY.

GREAT REDUCTION IN FARES.

Tickets issued to all parts, fewer charges than of Cars to the principal cities of the West than by any other route.

Parties purchasing tickets at the station save the trouble and annoyance of re-checking baggage in Toronto, &c.

American money taken at par for all Western Tickets.

W. T. B. NUNN, Agent, Belleville, April 23, 1869. 207-11

OMNIBUS AND LIVERY DEPOT.

BRIDGE STREET, BELLEVILLE.

WALTER FANNING, - Proprietor.

OMNIBUSES AND HACKS.

Will call at all the principal Hotels, and to any part of the Town for passengers for Cars or Buses.

Livery - This department has the best Horses and turn-outs of any in the city.

Office - Bridge Street, next the Post Office. Belleville, Jan. 18, 1870. 220

DANIEL C. GUNN,

SHIPPING AND GENERAL PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANT.

No. 149, Water Street.

Respectfully refers to Lake Ontario National Bank, Oswego, N. Y.

Canada Branch Office - Exchange Buildings, Montreal.

Second National Bank, Oswego, City Bank, Oswego, N. Y.

W. B. Hoad, Toledo, Ohio; Edward Brown, Hamilton, Ont.

NOTICE.

APPLICATION will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada at its next Session, in order to revise the Charter of the GRAND JUNCTION RAILWAY COMPANY, and to place the said Company in the same position as held before its amalgamation with the Grand Trunk Railway Company of Canada, and to hold power to make arrangements with said Grand Trunk Railway Company for station and other accommodation at Belleville, and for other purposes connected with said Railway.

Also for power to build said Railway of such length as may be required, and for such amendments to said Charter as the route, the character of the Railway, &c. may be thought best.

Also for power to the Municipalities interested in the construction of said line, and for other purposes.

Belleville, 31st February 1870. 309-11

REMOVAL.

TO THE NEW BLOCK.

Henry Rosenberg.

BEARS to announce that he has removed to the NEW BLOCK, on the site of the OLD STAND.

He wishes to see all his old customers and the public generally, and exhibit to them one of the first and best assorted stocks of GOLD & SILVER WATCHES.

CHAINS, JEWELLERY, CLOCKS, ELECTRO-PLATE, SPOONS, &c. &c. ever brought to Belleville.

All goods warranted what they are represented to be.

All kinds of jobbing and repairing done promptly and at moderate rates.

Call and inspect the Stock before purchasing.

H. ROSENBERG, Belleville, Sep. 1868. 122-11

BRIDGEWATER COTTON & WOOLLEN FACTORY.

THE subscriber offers to grant splendid water power for a Cotton and Woollen Factory, - either at, or separate, at the thriving Village of Bridgewater, in a Company or Companies, to be formed to erect the same. The power is supposed to be a constant supply of water can be obtained to work the Factory.

The facilities for building are good, as the best material can be obtained on the premises.

A Prospectus for the formation of a company, or companies, will soon be issued, and Stock Books will be opened at Bridgewater, Belleville, and other places.

W. J. SMITH, BRIDGEWATER, Belleville, Feb. 10, 1870. 121-11

THE LARGE SURPLUS FUNDS.

CANADA Life Assurance Company.

Which will Shortly be Divided.

WARRANT the DIRECTORS in holding out the prospect of a HIGHLY Satisfactory Share of Profits.

To Assure now joining the Company.

RATES LOWER THAN ANY OTHER OFFICE.

THE POLICIES are FREE from any underwriting or vexatious conditions, such as admit of their being deposited or cancelled at any time.

EVERY ADVANTAGE to Policy Holders which is compatible with sound management and ultimate safety.

A. G. RAMSAY, Manager, Agent at Belleville, January 10, 1870. 137-9m

W. DICKENS.

FOR Hot Tea & Coffee, MEAT PIES, FRUIT PIES, MINCE PIES, OYSTER PATTIES, BUNS, CAKES, WEDDINGS AND PARTIES.

Cakes made to order. Also, a nice lot of Cake Ornaments.

St. Lawrence Hall, Belleville.

St. Lawrence Hall, Belleville.

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Montreal Business Directory.

SUTHERLAND, FORCE & CO., WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

Have removed to 136, MCGILL ST., DOMINION BUILDINGS.

ESTABLISHED 1805.

ROBERT WEIR & CO., WHOLESALE DEALERS IN TWINES, WRAPPING PAPERS, SCHOOL BOOKS, &c. &c.

36 ST. JOHN ST., MONTREAL.

MULLHOLLAND & BAKER, Importers of Hardware, Iron, Steel, Tin Plates, Canada Plates, Glass, &c. &c.

419 & 421 St. Paul Street, MONTREAL.

Yard Entrance - St. Francois Xavier Street.

JOSEPH KIRKPATRICK, BRUSH MANUFACTURER.

Dealer in all kinds of Brushes, No. 229 ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.

Always keep a large assortment of Root and Broom Scrubbers on hand.

J. GOULDEN, CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST, No. 177 St. Lawrence Main St., MONTREAL.

159-11

J. D. ANDERSON, Merchant Tailor & Outfitter, 110 St. James Street, MONTREAL.

Always in Stock seasonable goods, specially selected for a First-Class custom business.

WILSON & BOURQUE, Brush Manufacturers, and Dealers in all kinds of Brushes, No. 21 ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.

(Second Door East of Meads, L. J. Beliveau & Co., Hardware).

159-11

H. DALRYMPLE & CO., Importers, and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries, Cigars, &c. &c.

100 St. James Street, MONTREAL.

159-11

W. W. STUART, COMMISSION MERCHANT and Produce Dealer, for the purchase and sale of Flour, Grain, Provisions, and Produce generally, OFFICE - 33 St. Nicholas Street, Montreal.

ST. LAWRENCE HALL, 110 St. James Street, Montreal.

St. Lawrence Hall, Belleville.

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Belleville Business Directory.

HENDERSON & HENDERSON, BARRISTERS, Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Equity, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, &c. &c.

Office at Victoria Buildings, Front Street, Belleville.

G. E. HENDERSON, Esq., G. A. HENDERSON, Esq., BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO.

DICKSON & GIBERT, BARRISTERS, Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Equity, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, &c. &c.

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ALEX. ROBERTSON, BARRISTER, Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Equity, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, &c. &c.

Office at Victoria Buildings, Front Street, Belleville.

G. E. ROBERTSON, Esq., G. A. ROBERTSON, Esq., BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO.

PONTON, FALKNER & DEMPSEY, BARRISTERS and Attorneys at Law, Front Street Belleville. 110m

E. BALDWIN FRANK, B. A., B. A. in Chemistry, &c. &c.

Office at Victoria Buildings, Front Street, Belleville.

JOHN D. EVANS, PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, City Office in the Dominion Buildings, Bridge Street, Belleville.

159-11

GEO. H. HAYMES, HATTER and Furrier, Front Street, Belleville. Highest price paid for raw furs. 110m

DR. CHAS. RIDLEY, OPPOSITE Merchants' Bank, Front Street, Belleville. 301

LEGATE & ABBOTT, BAKERS and Confectioners, Fancy Biscuit Manufacturers, and Dealers in Family Groceries, No. 173, Front Street, Belleville. All orders promptly attended to. 110m

BUILDERS and ARCHITECTS, Will be liberally dealt with as agents for John's Weather Protection for doors and windows. Apply at once. JOHNSTON & CO., Patentees and Manufacturers, Box 147, Lindsay, Ont. 203-11

JOHN WILSON, BAKER and Confectioner, wholesale and retail, 100 St. James Street, Montreal. Wood Market, Front Street, Belleville. Will not collect until paid, and charged in the amount. All orders promptly attended to. 110m

ANGUS MCCOY, WATCHMAKER and Jeweller, Front Street, Belleville. Will not collect until paid, and charged in the amount. All orders promptly attended to. 110m

J. W. BROWN, MERCHANT Tailor and Outfitter, Front Street, Belleville, over The Farmers' Store. Will not collect until paid, and charged in the amount. All orders promptly attended to. 110m

GEO. GIBSON, MANUFACTURER and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. Will not collect until paid, and charged in the amount. All orders promptly attended to. 110m

CORNER & KENNEDY, CIVIL and MECHANICAL ENGINEERS, Provincial Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Maclellan, Belleville Office, Bridge Street, Belleville. Will not collect until paid, and charged in the amount. All orders promptly attended to. 110m

ISSUER of Marriage Licenses. M. JAMES BLACKLOCK, having been appointed Issuer of Marriage Licenses, is now prepared to furnish parties desiring Licenses, with Office, Bridge Street, Belleville, opposite the Post Office. 214

OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

TRUCKS Contract with the Government of Canada for the Conveyance of Mail.

Canadian & United States Mails.

159-11

Return Tickets Granted at Reduced Rates.

TRUCKS Contract with the Government of Canada for the Conveyance of Mail.

Canadian & United States Mails.

159-11

Return Tickets Granted at Reduced Rates.

TRUCKS Contract with the Government of Canada for the Conveyance of Mail.

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Mayor,
386 41
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FATER
Bottles,
EED,
386 41

Latest by Telegraph.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

THE LATEST.

ENGLAND.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

PAYMENTS OF MEMBERS.

LONDON, April 6.—The House of Commons last night gave Taylor leave to bring in his bill to provide for payment of members of Parliament, by a majority of 187.

THE GREAT UNIVERSITY BOAT RACE.

LONDON, April 6.—Cambridge won the boat race by one length. Time 19 1/2 minutes. Length of race 4 1/2 miles.

COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, April 6.—Consols 93 1/2 for both American Securities steady. Bonds of U.S. 91 1/2; 50 old, 90 1/2; 100 new, 100 1/2; 100 new, 100 1/2; 100 new, 100 1/2.

LIVERPOOL, April 6.—Cotton steady. Uplands 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; downlands 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; red westerns 11 1/2 to 11 3/4.

FRANCE.

EXCITING DEBATE.

In the Corps Legislatif, yesterday, Jernon David opened the discussion adjourned from the day before on the interpretation of M. Urvoy on the constituent power. He praised the Emperor's administration of the government during the last 15 years. (Exclamations of dissent from members on the left.) The orator continued declaring that when the nation had spoken all plots would be defeated. He was proud of the fact that he had always supported the present government (here he was interrupted with cries of "vive" and "vive" from M. Pelletier and others.) M. Pelletier, on being called to account for these expressions, repeated and justified them by saying that to praise the emperor of France was to praise the emperor of France.

M. David declared that the plebiscite would be satisfied by all who desired to ensure to France empire and liberty.

M. Gambetta objected to plebiscitism because it left too much power in the hands of the Sovereign. Universal suffrage was incompatible with monarchy. The Chambers alone had the right to interpret the nation.

M. Olivier refuted the arguments of M. Gambetta, warned members against the spectre of revolution, and declared that the government would only accept as the law of the day a vote of confidence in the Government.

The members of the right, center, and Jules Favre and Thiers asked for a postponement of the debate until to-morrow.

The Chamber refused a postponement by a vote of 173 to 81.

The order of the day declaring confidence in the Ministry was then adopted by a vote of 237 to 47.

A PROJECTED DUEL.

It is asserted that General de Montebello, quarrelled with and challenged the Marquis de Talbot, the Minister of Public Works.

Another also prevails that M. Buffet, Minister of Finance, will resign.

DANGEROUS ILL.

Count de Stokroff, Russian Ambassador to France, is dangerously ill.

ARRIVAL.

New York, April 6.—Steamer "Albatross" from Hamburg, has arrived.

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS an offer has been made for the purchase of the interest of the Corporation of the Town of Belleville, in the Gas Company, including Stock held by the Town; And whereas, it has been resolved that a vote of the Municipal Electors of the Town of Belleville be taken upon the following proposition:

"It is proposed to dispose of the mortgage held upon the property of the Gas Company, and of 720 shares of Gas Stock held by the Town, upon the following terms:

"The purchaser to pay amount of Mortgage, \$8,000; to pay special loan, \$6,000; and interest thereon, as set forth, from the date of the sale, and \$4,000 for the Gas Stock held by the Town. The purchaser to pay cash."

Therefore, I, Alexander Robertson, Mayor of the Town of Belleville, do hereby require that a vote of the rate-payers be taken upon the said proposition.

Wednesday, 30th day of March, instant, between the hours of 9 o'clock, a.m., and 5 o'clock, p.m., at the following polling place:

In Coleman Ward, at Miss Bonter's house—John Thomas, Returning Officer.

In Sanson Ward, in the room over the Butter Market—J. T. Ball, Returning Officer.

In Kenilworth Ward, at the Town Hall—Bobb M. Roy, Returning Officer.

And in Baldwin Ward, at Brown's Sale Room—J. Woonsocket, Returning Officer.

The vote to be Yes or No.

MAYOR'S OFFICE, Belleville, March 19th, 1870.

POSTPONEMENT.

GAS COMPANY.

The vote upon proposition respecting Gas Company, is postponed by order, until SEVENTH APRIL, 1870, at same place and hour.

R. M. ROY, Clerk.

March 29th, 1870.

TENDERS.

TENDERS will be received up to the 12th day of APRIL, ending, for the construction of the

POST OFFICE BLOCK on Bridge Street. Plans and Specifications can be seen at the office of JOHN FORBES, Architect, Hotel St. W. Tenders received until 1st April, 1870.

Belleville, March 21, 1870.

277-11

COMMERCIAL.

MONEY MARKET AS REPORTED AT THE EXPRESS OFFICE.

Greenbacks buying at 100; selling at 100 1/2; 100 old, 90 1/2; 100 new, 100 1/2; 100 new, 100 1/2; 100 new, 100 1/2.

PRINTS—French Plaque, Printed in France and English Plaque, a large and beautiful assortment. Geo. Ritchie & Co.

BELLEVILLE MARKETS.

PAID MARKET—23 to 24; 25 to 26; 27 to 28; 29 to 30; 31 to 32; 33 to 34; 35 to 36; 37 to 38; 39 to 40; 41 to 42; 43 to 44; 45 to 46; 47 to 48; 49 to 50; 51 to 52; 53 to 54; 55 to 56; 57 to 58; 59 to 60; 61 to 62; 63 to 64; 65 to 66; 67 to 68; 69 to 70; 71 to 72; 73 to 74; 75 to 76; 77 to 78; 79 to 80; 81 to 82; 83 to 84; 85 to 86; 87 to 88; 89 to 90; 91 to 92; 93 to 94; 95 to 96; 97 to 98; 99 to 100; 101 to 102; 103 to 104; 105 to 106; 107 to 108; 109 to 110; 111 to 112; 113 to 114; 115 to 116; 117 to 118; 119 to 120; 121 to 122; 123 to 124; 125 to 126; 127 to 128; 129 to 130; 131 to 132; 133 to 134; 135 to 136; 137 to 138; 139 to 140; 141 to 142; 143 to 144; 145 to 146; 147 to 148; 149 to 150; 151 to 152; 153 to 154; 155 to 156; 157 to 158; 159 to 160; 161 to 162; 163 to 164; 165 to 166; 167 to 168; 169 to 170; 171 to 172; 173 to 174; 175 to 176; 177 to 178; 179 to 180; 181 to 182; 183 to 184; 185 to 186; 187 to 188; 189 to 190; 191 to 192; 193 to 194; 195 to 196; 197 to 198; 199 to 200; 201 to 202; 203 to 204; 205 to 206; 207 to 208; 209 to 210; 211 to 212; 213 to 214; 215 to 216; 217 to 218; 219 to 220; 221 to 222; 223 to 224; 225 to 226; 227 to 228; 229 to 230; 231 to 232; 233 to 234; 235 to 236; 237 to 238; 239 to 240; 241 to 242; 243 to 244; 245 to 246; 247 to 248; 249 to 250; 251 to 252; 253 to 254; 255 to 256; 257 to 258; 259 to 260; 261 to 262; 263 to 264; 265 to 266; 267 to 268; 269 to 270; 271 to 272; 273 to 274; 275 to 276; 277 to 278; 279 to 280; 281 to 282; 283 to 284; 285 to 286; 287 to 288; 289 to 290; 291 to 292; 293 to 294; 295 to 296; 297 to 298; 299 to 300; 301 to 302; 303 to 304; 305 to 306; 307 to 308; 309 to 310; 311 to 312; 313 to 314; 315 to 316; 317 to 318; 319 to 320; 321 to 322; 323 to 324; 325 to 326; 327 to 328; 329 to 330; 331 to 332; 333 to 334; 335 to 336; 337 to 338; 339 to 340; 341 to 342; 343 to 344; 345 to 346; 347 to 348; 349 to 350; 351 to 352; 353 to 354; 355 to 356; 357 to 358; 359 to 360; 361 to 362; 363 to 364; 365 to 366; 367 to 368; 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Correspondence

to these by railroad and water. Mr. Ostrom asked to see the force of the argument, and asked the question should be asked to help to build a railroad. The promoters had formed a Stock Company, which was devoted to be the first step in the right direction.

Mr. James Haggerty being called on to express his views, said he could not see any benefit the Township of Huntington could derive from such a Road, with regard to Madison, as it would not be a through line. It might be all very well and hope poles for the future, but he did not think so, but that was no guarantee for those at a distance to be drawn into the expenditure.

Mr. J. J. Ryan was the next speaker and said, in reference to the railroad and these assertions made by some of the speakers, he had quite a different opinion to express. He had seen from what it had cost to build other railroads the one from Madoc could be built for the price per mile stated on authority of some road builders. He referred to

Railway statistics showing where roads had cost \$13,000 per mile, and offered evidence in proof of his assertions that the Grand Trunk was now in debt to the Government to the tune of some \$15,000,000 and the Great West some \$5,000,000. He should like first to see a Joint Stock Company formed, and then there would be some grounds for asking them for a bonus. He did not believe the Belleville grain buyers were dishonest. If there was a Station at Tweed, no doubt the merchants would combine as well as others. He was satisfied with the accommodations at Belleville. Its office and banks were easy of access, and should not be disparaged. If farmers seek a market, a Station where the traffic be by a wooden rail, they must take whatever price they can get and stay near it from two to four years is the life of a wooden

Mr. John Francis being called on, took the stand and commenced his address by showing the advantage of having local railroads to assist in the transportation of the products of the district. He then proceeded to show that although they might be accused of selfishness in trying to further the construction of the railroad from Madoc to Kingston, he cited instances where local train roads were first introduced and afterwards became roads of great magnitude, paying the stockholders 12 1/2 per cent. As to the extravagance of the Grand Trunk, referred to by Mr. Hayes, he said he was not a critic to go by, as the owners of that road did not live in the country and did not trouble themselves with whether they got other passengers or freight. He referred to some of the Madoc farmers having sustained great loss in drawing off their produce and necessarily having to neglect the farming operations. Some of them having to hold over their grain to sell at present prices.

Mr. Haggerty wanted to be informed where the promoters of this Railroad would get sufficient freight to pay running expenses.

Mr. Francis said there were large marble quarries, and any quantity of mines and mineral ready for development, and for the information of Mr. Haggerty, he would briefly state that in the valley of the Mississippi where he had been travelling, he was delighted with the Luristan scenery presenting itself all around, but on leaving

that local and passing into Indiana was surprised at the contrast, nothing for time seemed to please the eye, yet the sterile place was rich in ore, and easily obtained by means of a Railroad, passing through it, and machinery constructed to obtain the ore by an easy process, and about this Madoc and Kingdon Railroad be built, the Belleville people can make a branch road and tap it so that you can have a Station at Thomasburg or Roalin.

Mr. Simson Ashley said it was no use in these men trying to draw the wool over their eyes. The Railroad was all nonsense, as he would guarantee that Bob Simmons would with his team, draw off from Madoc every particle of surplus stuff they raised in Madoc.

Mr. Geo. Graham was the next speaker. He said he was in favor of free speech, and was

sorry to see so much interruption given the former speakers. He was favorable to Railroad enterprise; had attended one of Mr. Wood's Railroad meetings at Thomasburgh had heard him patiently, and although he said many things relative to the benefit of a Railroad, he could not endorse all he said. But if we expect to reap a benefit from a Railroad we have a corresponding outlay. Mr. Graham, said our farmers having grain to sell, had but one market, *Bellefonte* only. He spoke from experience that market open-

Mr. Wm. Bird said it would be the same gouge game in Tweed if they only had a similar opportunity. He did not believe in pounding down on Belleville. It was quite evident that some times the Belleville buyers were heavy losers in consequence of the fluctuation in prices on the other side. He believed in supporting their own markets where they could get good prices as also

Several other speakers were anxious to get an opportunity of expressing their views on the great railroad question. The Chairman was asked by several people who considered they heard more than enough about railroads to bring the meeting to a close, which he did by taking a vote for and against the granting a bonus, which resulted in all except one voting against granting a bonus, and thus terminated the Huntington railroad meeting.

Yours, &c., AN OBSERVER

April 5th, 1870

making 55 miles. The average cost per

Latest by Telegraph.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

THE LATEST.

ENGLAND.

THE ACCIDENT TO THE EMPEROR OF THE FRENCH.
LONDON, April 9.—Napoleon's escape was the result of a splendid attack. The facts as usual, have been greatly magnified, chiefly by speculators at the bourse.

EASTERN WEEK.

The coming week will be a dull one here in financial and commercial matters, and business of all sorts will probably be greatly broken in upon. Monday will be a settling day. The Bank statement will be made on Wednesday, and the weekly cotton circulars issued on Thursday, on account of the occurrence of Good Friday. Though the Stock Exchange will be open every day, the business done will be small, as is generally the case on the approach of Easter. Monday will be a close holiday in the market.

TELEGRAPHIC APPOINTMENT.

Mr. Blacklock, formerly connected with the Electric Telegraph Company, has been appointed Superintendent of the Atlantic Cable Company.

THE MINISTERIAL CHANGES.

The Observer indicates the rumor of changes in the British Ministry.

THE ERIC KAKKEL.

The same paper, alluding to the quarrel of the British shareholders with the Erie Railway Managers, says: "Owing to the slipshod style of American Journalism, nothing can be known of the progress of Burt's mission except from private persons."

THE CHINESE EMBASSY IN RUSSIA.

It is said the negotiations between the Russian Government and Chinese Embassy, have been suspended. No reason is assigned for it.

STEAMSHIP DEPARTURES.

LIVERPOOL, April 9.—The steamer "City of Durham" sailed to-day for Halifax. She was ordered to take a northern course and keep a sharp look out for the "City of Boston."

ARRIVAL.

LONDON, April 10.—The steamship "Anglia," from New York, has arrived.

FRANCE.

THE MINISTERIAL CRISIS.
PARIS, April 9.—The crisis was continued this evening in the Ministerial Council with respect to a definite reply in the matter of the Pichou.

In the Corps Legislatif, M. Ollivier declared that the Government would employ neither resources nor promises. He argued that the Emperor and the Empire were out of the question. The only question was, shall we change an absolute Empire for a liberal one?
A Herald special says the Ollivier Ministry has experienced a Cabinet crisis; M. Buffet, Count Darné, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, and M. Talmont will probably go out. A Council of Ministers has been held to consider the choice of the succession after the crisis eventuate in the case of other official resignations. M. Ollivier will remain in office as Premier, and his Minister of the Interior, M. De La Roche and M. Maugué will be called for the vacant places in the Cabinet.

RESIGNATION OF M. BUFFET, MINISTER OF FINANCE.

PARIS, April 10.—The Emperor having refused to make any concession relative to the Pichou, M. Buffet, Minister of Finance, has tendered his resignation. No other Minister has yet resigned, but further changes are rumored. The newspaper organs of the left centre express dissatisfaction with the Ministry, and say their party in the Corps Legislatif will not support it. The refusal of the Emperor to yield to the demands of Buffet and his friends is considered a victory for Buffet. The demand of the left have decided to hold a meeting next Thursday, for which the editors of the Parisian and Provincial journals will be invited. A manifesto will be submitted at this meeting, which, if adopted, will settle the policy of the opposition to the Government with regard to the Pichou.

THE GREY'S STRIKE.

At La Cressat the strike shows no signs of ending. Of the workmen who took part in the late disturbances, twenty five have been sentenced to imprisonment from one month to for three years.

SPAIN.

OUTBREAK IN CATALUNYA—DEFEAT OF THE INSURGENTS.
MADRID, April 9.—The events in Catalonia continue. Gen. Beldick will lead the Government forces near Barcelona. The city of Barcelona is quiet. The revolutionary outbreak in the suburbs of Barcelona has been subdued by the troops. The Captain General commanding in the district of Barcelona, aided by Gen. Beldick's contingent, attacked the suburban position of the revolutionaries with the artillery at 4.30 yesterday morning, and at 6.30, after some sharp fighting, obtained complete mastery of the insurgent camp and the Government forces entered the city without opposition. The Government army reinforcements under Gen. Beldick, who is in the immediate vicinity of the town, have been ordered to be terminated everywhere in Spain.

THE STEAMER ASPINWALL RELEASED.

MADRID, April 10.—The Spanish Government has ordered the Cuban steamer to release the American steamer "Aspinwall," and provide indemnity for her detention.

COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, April 11.—Cottons closed at 95½ for good; 96½ for good; 97½ for good; 98½ for good; 99½ for good; 100½ for good; 101½ for good; 102½ for good; 103½ for good; 104½ for good; 105½ for good; 106½ for good; 107½ for good; 108½ for good; 109½ for good; 110½ for good; 111½ for good; 112½ for good; 113½ for good; 114½ for good; 115½ for good; 116½ for good; 117½ for good; 118½ for good; 119½ for good; 120½ for good; 121½ for good; 122½ for good; 123½ for good; 124½ for good; 125½ for good; 126½ for good; 127½ for good; 128½ for good; 129½ for good; 130½ for good; 131½ for good; 132½ for good; 133½ for good; 134½ for good; 135½ for good; 136½ for good; 137½ for good; 138½ for good; 139½ for good; 140½ for good; 141½ for good; 142½ for good; 143½ for good; 144½ for good; 145½ for good; 146½ for good; 147½ for good; 148½ for good; 149½ for good; 150½ for good; 151½ for good; 152½ for good; 153½ for good; 154½ for good; 155½ for good; 156½ for good; 157½ for good; 158½ for good; 159½ for good; 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696½ for good; 697½ for good; 698½ for good; 699½ for good; 700½ for good; 701½ for good; 702½ for good; 703½ for good; 704½ for good; 705½ for good; 706½ for good; 707½ for good; 708½ for good; 709½ for good; 710½ for good; 711½ for good; 712½ for good; 713½ for good; 714½ for good; 715½ for good; 716½ for good; 717½ for good; 718½ for good; 719½ for good; 720½ for good; 721½ for good; 722½ for good; 723½ for good; 724½ for good; 725½ for good; 726½ for good; 727½ for good; 728½ for good; 729½ for good; 730½ for good; 731½ for good; 732½ for good; 733½ for good; 734½ for good; 735½ for good; 736½ for good; 737½ for good; 738½ for good; 739½ for good; 740½ for good; 741½ for good; 742½ for good; 743½ for good; 744½ for good; 745½ for good; 746½ for good; 747½ for good; 748½ for good; 749½ for good; 750½ for good; 751½ for good; 752½ for good; 753½ for good; 754½ for good; 755½ for good; 756½ for good; 757½ for good; 758½ for good; 759½ for good; 760½ for good; 761½ for good; 762½ for good; 763½ for good; 764½ for good; 765½ for good; 766½ for good; 767½ for good; 768½ for good; 769½ for good; 770½ for good; 771½ for good; 772½ for good; 773½ for good; 774½ for good; 775½ for good; 776½ for good; 777½ for good; 778½ for good; 779½ for good; 780½ for good; 781½ for good; 782½ for good; 783½ for good; 784½ for good; 785½ for good; 786½ for good; 787½ for good; 788½ for good; 789½ for good; 790½ for good; 791½ for good; 792½ for good; 793½ for good; 794½ for good; 795½ for good; 796½ for good; 797½ for good; 798½ for good; 799½ for good; 800½ for good; 801½ for good; 802½ for good; 803½ for good; 804½ for good; 805½ for good; 806½ for good; 807½ for good; 808½ for good; 809½ for good; 810½ for good; 811½ for good; 812½ for good; 813½ for good; 814½ for good; 815½ for good; 816½ for good; 817½ for good; 818½ for good; 819½ for good; 820½ for good; 821½ for good; 822½ for good; 823½ for good; 824½ for good; 825½ for good; 826½ for good; 827½ for good; 828½ for good; 829½ for good; 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1155½ for good; 1156½ for good; 1157½ for good; 1158½ for good; 1159½ for good; 1160½ for good; 1161½ for good; 1162½ for good; 1163½ for good; 1164½ for good; 1165½ for good; 1166½ for good; 1167½ for good; 1168½ for good; 1169½ for good; 1170½ for good; 1171½ for good; 1172½ for good; 1173½ for good; 1174½ for good; 1175½ for good; 1176½ for good; 1177½ for good; 1178½ for good; 1179½ for good; 1180½ for good; 1181½ for good; 1182½ for good; 1183½ for good; 1184½ for good; 1185½ for good; 1186½ for good; 1187½ for good; 1188½ for good; 1189½ for good; 1190½ for good; 1191½ for good; 1192½ for good; 1193½ for good; 1194½ for good; 1195½ for good; 1196½ for good; 1197½ for good; 1198½ for good; 1199½ for good; 1200½ for good; 1201½ for good; 1202½ for good; 1203½ for good; 1204½ for good; 1205½ for good; 1206½ for good; 1207½ for good; 1208½ for good; 1209½ for good; 1210½ for good; 1211½ for good; 1212½ for good; 1213½ for good; 1214½ for good; 1215½ for good; 1216½ for good; 1217½ for good; 1218½ for good; 1219½ for good; 1220½ for good; 1221½ for good; 1222½ for good; 1223½ for good; 1224½ for good; 1225½ for good; 1226½ for good; 1227½ for good; 1228½ for good; 1229½ for good; 1230½ for good; 1231½ for good; 1232½ for good; 1233½ for good; 1234½ for good; 1235½ for good; 1236½ for good; 1237½ for good; 1238½ for good; 1239½ for good; 1240½ for good; 1241½ for good; 1242½ for good; 1243½ for good; 1244½ for good; 1245½ for good; 1246½ for good; 1247½ for good; 1248½ for good; 1249½ for good; 1250½ for good; 1251½ for good; 1252½ for good; 1253½ for good; 1254½ for good; 1255½ for good; 1256½ for good; 1257½ for good; 1258½ for good; 1259½ for good; 1260½ for good; 1261½ for good; 1262½ for good; 1263½ for good; 1264½ for good; 1265½ for good; 1266½ for good; 1267½ for good; 1268½ for good; 1269½ for good; 1270½ for good; 1271½ for good; 1272½ for good; 1273½ for good; 1274½ for good; 1275½ for good; 1276½ for good; 1277½ for good; 1278½ for good; 1279½ for good; 1280½ for good; 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GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

SHRILLVILLE STATION.
Morning Express going West. 6.30 A. M.
Evening Express going West. 7.30 P. M.
Mixed Train going West. 11.30 P. M.
Morning Express going East. 7.30 A. M.
Evening Express going East. 11.30 P. M.
Mixed Train going East. 11.30 P. M.
Special passenger train for Toronto every Monday at 6.30 A. M.

SHRILLVILLE STATION.
Morning Express going West. 6.30 A. M.
Evening Express going West. 7.30 P. M.
Mixed Train going West. 11.30 P. M.
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Special passenger train for Toronto every Monday at 6.30 A. M.

Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, TUESDAY, APRIL 12.

CORRESPONDENCE.—A number of communications are delayed for want of room. Correspondents must have patience.

THE BAY.—The breaking up of the ice in the bay may be anticipated in a short time. The channel cut by the current here is daily extending its dimensions, and from Trenton we learn that the ice is badly rotted, and that it needs but a strong wind to clear the bay.

PARLIAMENTARY YESTERDAY.—After the presentation of petitions and reading reports, the House adjourned out of respect to the memory of Mr. Clipping, member of Kings County, who died the day previous from small pox. Messrs. Howe and Tupper paid an eloquent tribute to the memory of deceased.

THE HUNTINGDON MEETING.—One of the speakers at the Huntingdon Railway Meeting complained of the absence of the Mayor. It was the intention and desire of Mr. Wood to have been present, but at the time of the meeting the Grand Jury was in session here, and at Mr. Wood's house in the city. The jury it was simply impossible for him to attend.

NEARLY DROWNED.—This morning a man engaged in drawing water from the river in rear of Nathan Jones' store, had a narrow escape from drowning. He backed his vehicle too far, when the current carried away the barrel, and had not assistance been at hand, horse and driver would have followed. As it was, both were rescued in an exhausted condition.

FOR RED RIVER.—The Ottawa Free Press of last evening says: "We understand that Captain Cameron is spoken of as to take command of a force of Montreal police to proceed to Red River, consisting of about three hundred picked men, perfectly armed for either land or foot service. Captain Cameron is the son-in-law of Mr. Tupper, and was lately of the Royal Artillery."

A NEEDED IMPROVEMENT.—Workmen are at present busy cutting away the bank of the river in rear of Hamilton's store, for the purpose of forming a platform, wherever the steam fire-engine may stand in case of fire in that vicinity. This is a work which will, in case of need, be of great benefit, as the river bank there was so rough and uneven that difficulty was experienced in working the engine.

PREPARATIONS FOR WAR.—The Toronto Telegraph of today says: "Mr. J. Bond, livery stable keeper, of this city, has received instructions from Government to purchase seventy horses and thirty-five large wagons with the necessary harness and equipment for transportation purposes in connection with the Red River expedition, and to engage the regular number of teamsters to drive them. The teams are to be ready for service in three weeks from the present time."

TO ARRIVE AT A NEW YORK PAPER. says that the Fenian leader is to be sent to the United States to obtain a footing in Canada. "It is," says this paper, "the Canadian Government makes was upon the Winnipeg. The Fenian will sail for the United States, and are prepared to do it. In case the Government withdraws its troops to assist in quelling the Red River troubles, then the Fenian party would be enabled to move with a large force well disciplined, and under leaders who have much power." They had better try it. They will find Canada quite prepared to drive back the invaders as well as to protect her fellow citizens at Red River.

Death of Mr. Morrison.

Mr. Daniel Morrison, a well known Canadian journalist, and for the past three years the able editor of the Toronto Telegraph, died in Toronto on Monday the 11th inst. He was born in Liverpool, Scotland, July 28th, 1839, and was the son of a Scottish clergyman. He came to this country in 1857, and commenced his life by teaching school. While enjoying in teaching he wrote occasionally for the Dundas Warder. Subsequently he became connected with the Toronto Examiner. He was subsequently made editor of the Leader, when Mr. Lindsay was editor-in-chief, and during Mr. Lindsay's absence in Europe, in 1865, conducted the column, in a time of much political excitement, with rare ability. After that period he was connected with the Colonist, as part proprietor, in company with Mr. George Sheppard. The connection, however, did not last long, owing to Mr. Morrison having taken a profitable contract on the Grand Trunk Railway in company with Mr. Wm. Kingston. A reverse of fortune sent Mr. Morrison back to the press for a livelihood, first on the London Preceptor, and then on the Quebec Chronicle. He afterwards removed to New York, where he had much newspaper work, mainly on the Times and Scottish American. In 1867 he was managing editor of the Times. In the following year he wrote occasionally for the chief editor of the Times, and was a vigorous and able writer, and journalist. Mr. Morrison died at his residence, 14 York Street, near St. James' Church, at 11 o'clock, on Monday the 11th inst. He was 28 years of age, and had four children, all of whom survive him.

Volunteers for Red River.

A letter in our issue of Saturday last, urges the claims of the 49th Battalion to be placed in the foreground as the avengers of the death of their comrade Scott. Should this duty devolve upon them, there can be but one opinion as to the manner in which they will perform it. We have reason to know that no Battalion will be called out as a whole to go to Red River. The Government will call for Volunteers for special service, who, we understand, will be placed under the command of officers of the regular army. Whether the command will be conferred to General Lindsay, or whether the staff and subalterns will also be of the regular force, we know not.

Should this be the policy of the Government, a grave error will be committed. A gross act of injustice will be done to the Volunteers, as well as to the men of their command, and however willing and anxious the Volunteers are to avenge Scott's death, and to vindicate the national honor, they will not go with the willingness and alacrity under the command of officers of the regular force that they would under their own officers, those whom they have served before, under whom they were organized, and with whom they became effective. Take Ride Co. No. 1 of the 49th Battalion, for instance. Let it be known that neither Captain Hamby nor his subalterns are to go in command, and how many do you suppose would volunteer to go to Red River? Or take Captain Rawe's Madoc Company, which had the honor of once having the murdered Scott as one of its number. Does any one suppose that the men of that Company would enlist as willingly under the command of Col. Jarvis, of the regular force, as they would under that of their own Captain, who organized them and drilled them, and between whom and his men a mutual confidence, so essential to effectiveness, is established? The fact is the Volunteers of Canada are a different class from the soldiers of the regular army, and it is difficult to convince the authorities that they will not do to apply the imperial regulations to the volunteers.

The Captains and subalterns of the regular army are men unacquainted with the genius of the people of this country. There would be an antagonism between the men and the officers from the peculiar demeanor and bearing displayed by the latter, which would weaken confidence and materially lessen the efficiency of the force. It would be under any way a force consisting of regulars and volunteers should be placed under the command of an officer like General Lindsay, whose name would add confidence and strength, but we trust it will go farther.

That volunteers will be called for, there is no doubt, but when, we cannot say. The declaration that the Imperial and our own Government are in "accord," and that the policy is one of "action," is gratifying. Let this action not be delayed too long, or the patience of the people will be exhausted. Every one must appreciate the difficulties of the position, but the honor of the country demands that they should all be overcome, and that too, as speedily as possible.

The Delegates in Ottawa.

We learned from Ottawa this morning that Ritchie and Scott, the ambassadors of Red, arrived at that city last evening. First going to the Bishop's palace and Scott to the Albion Hotel. Col. De Selby was with them. They came via Ogdensburg and were met at Prescott by Mr. McKinnon, secretary of the Fenian movement, who accompanied them to the capital. There were only a few other passengers on the train and no other besides the railway officials and cabin attendants at the station.

State of the River.

The Moira has never been so high, even at this season of freshets, as it is at the present time. While, from the midships of the earlier part of the winter, but little ice was formed where the current was strong, the heavy snow-fall of February and March has more than counterbalanced the lack of ice, and damage to mills, bridges, &c., which usually results from the pressure of ice, is now to be feared from the force of the great body of water now tearing and sweeping along on its way between the two narrow banks which tend to confine it on its passage towards the sea.

From the upper districts we learn that the water is higher than ever before, and great fears are entertained for the safety of the bridge and dam at Tweed.

At Row's corner, on the Moira road, the road is flooded to a depth of three feet for upwards of half a mile, and great difficulty is experienced in passing over it. The bridges in the same vicinity are under water, and efforts are being made by loading them with stone, to prevent their being washed away.

At Canfield all the mills are shut down, being unable to run by reason of the back-water. The bridges are also covered to a considerable depth, and here also, weighing with stone has been resorted to. Since yesterday the river here has risen considerably, and the water level of the Front Street is flooded. All the factories

here are now idle, and great loss must ensue to the proprietors from the stoppage of business occasioned by the freshet.

Right for Once.

The Leader is right for once. It can't smother popular indignation, and as it can't lead public opinion in the present crisis, it deems it prudent to ride on the popular current. In yesterday's issue it echoes popular sentiment as follows:—"The Government is aware of its responsibility, and will, no doubt, be prepared to justify whatever course it may see fit to take. But we would strongly advise it to hold no communication with the ambassadors of a murderous gang of rascals. The time has passed for parley with such traitors. An appeal has been made to the sword. Let the sword now decide the issue which has been raised."

The Threatened Raid.

Capt. Mayer's Troop of Cavalry left Montreal yesterday afternoon, for Huntingdon, via Leinster and Hemmingford. A private letter states that fourteen car loads of Fenian supplies arrived lately at St. Albans, and were forwarded to the frontier. Acting on information that a Fenian raid is threatened on the Eastern frontier this week, General Lindsay, in conjunction with the Militia Department, has already called out about one thousand men of the active Militia, in the Counties of Chateaugay and Missisquoi, who are billeted at their headquarters, contiguous to the frontier, and are ready to concentrate at a moment's notice. In addition, it was decided yesterday to call out about four thousand more men of the active Militia, in the Province of Quebec. These men will hold themselves in readiness, and if necessary, will probably be concentrated at Montreal. The companies composing this call will be taken as near as possible to the frontier.

Red River Items.

A telegram from St Paul April 11th says: Major Boulton and Judge Black left St. Paul for Canada via Detroit by this morning's train.

All was quiet when they left Red River, and no prisoners were held at Fort Gary.

The whole Red River community have great hopes that the delegates to Ottawa will succeed in settling matters, so that business may revive and peace be established.

Flag Presentation.

Last night, in accordance with previous announcement, the members of Moira Fire Company No. 1, accompanied by the Fenian raiders to receive at the hands of the ladies of Belleville, the beautiful ensign prepared by them for presentation to this gallant Company, whose efforts in saving property from the destroying elements of fire have always been gratefully acknowledged by their fellow-citizens. And no doubt this handsome recognition of their services by the ladies of the town will incite them to even greater exertions in the future.

The attendance was large, and we were glad to see a considerable number of ladies present.

A. Robertson, Esq., Mayor, presided, and after appropriately stating the object of the assembly, Miss Della Kettle read the following address:

CAPTAIN SELDEN.—It has been long the desire of many in this town to give some visible proof of the esteem in which they hold the services of the Belleville Firemen. The energy, activity and daring which you have on all occasions displayed to save the property and lives of our citizens, demand our admiration and gratitude.

Not only we overlook the free, spontaneous and generous manner in which you have performed duty, involving not only laborious exertions, but frequently demanding the sacrifice of your persons to imminent danger. Be pleased, then, to accept for the Firemen of Moira Fire Company No. 1, this flag from the ladies of Belleville as a small recognition on their part of the invaluable services which you have rendered to the community.

And be assured that the sentiments which we express are shared by the entire population of our town. In the midst of your efforts to check the ravages of fire, we know you will think only of duty and the work before you, but when you meet for parade or assembly for some festive gathering, we hope it will be pleasant for you when this flag is unfurled to remember that your noble exertions are not unappreciated by the ladies of Belleville.

During the delivery of the above address, Miss Della Kettle presented the flag, which is of crimson silk, bearing in the centre the words, "Moira No. 1 Fire Company." It is gold lined, a maple leaf adorns three of the corners, the fourth being occupied by the Union Jack.

Captain SELDEN received the flag on behalf of the Company, and made the following reply:

TO THE LADIES OF BELLEVILLE.—In my own name and in the name of the Company I have the honor to represent on this occasion, it is my duty to say that we acknowledge with surprise and pleasure the reception of this beautiful flag. It is cheering and gratifying to us to learn by this tangible proof, that our labors and toils have been appreciated by the community, especially the mothers and daughters of the homes we seek to protect.

Be assured that this generous gift will be held in great value, and an object of pleasure to look upon with the members of Moira Fire Company No. 1. We pledge that we will ever guard it as a treasure, and if inferior goods on occasion of parade, shall be a detriment and a memorial sign that shall serve us for duty and quicken us to our arduous task and exertion to save the homes and property of the donors.

White battling with the various elements of fire, and staying the ravages of the flames, we are necessarily at times exposed. Still, we trust, when and wherever duty calls, we will not fail to go.

Ladies, you will please accept our heartfelt thanks for the beautiful gift taken, with our best wishes for your continued prosperity.

Short speeches were afterwards made by the Mayor, Rev. Joseph Wild and Thos. Holden, Esq., and the meeting broke up shortly after 9 o'clock, highly pleased with the evening's proceedings.

THE FENIAN RAID.

VOLUNTEERS IN READINESS. CONCENTRATING IN MONTREAL. PREPARED FOR ANY EMERGENCY.

By Special Telegraph.

MONTREAL, April 12. It is stated that a corps organized from the existing militia organization, is to be sent to Red River. It will rendezvous at some point for organization before proceeding out.

In accordance with orders received from Ottawa last night, all volunteers of Montreal are to be in readiness for active service, and the various corps are summoned to parade this evening in the drill hall.

Telegrams from St. Armand say the people there think the scare a humbug and have no fear of a raid.

Affairs are also quiet about Huntingdon, and people there have confidence in Col. McCallen, under whom the volunteers are placed.

The frontier corps ordered to be in readiness on Sunday, have now been ordered for actual service. In addition to having volunteers in the city ready for active service, the local corps in the vicinity are to be mustered and come into Montreal this evening, where they will be quartered with other city corps in service. In this way a large force will be concentrated in the city, ready for movement on whatever emergency may arise.

The 4th brigade of Royal Artillery at Hochelaga, are busy removing stores, ammunition, &c., into convenient places. The river has fallen considerably since last night.

Sixty deaths last week. St. George's Society are to have Bishop Oxenden to preach on "their national day," and it is expected the Prince will join in the celebration.

FROM KINGSTON.

By Special Telegraph. Kingston, April 12. Mr. James McBurnham, emigrant agent, dropped dead on the street here this morning.

Meteorological Statement.

By ALEXANDER BURDON.

Comparative Statement by Mr. Burdon, of the temperature of the last 4 winters, ending 31st March, 1870:—

The mean monthly temperature for 1869 was 28.5°; Dec. 1869 = 28.5°; Jan. 1870 = 28.5°; Feb. 1870 = 28.5°; March 1870 = 28.5°.

1869-70 equal to 28.5°—average temp. of above 5 years.

Nov. 1869 = 28.5°; Dec. 1869 = 28.5°; Jan. 1870 = 28.5°; Feb. 1870 = 28.5°; March 1870 = 28.5°.

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My English And American

Room Papers

ARE NOW OPEN FOR INSPECTION.

THE BEST AND LARGEST ASSORTMENT IN TOWN.

J. C. OVERELL, FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE.

Patent Plastic Slate, FOR ROOFING PURPOSES.

Dress and Jacket Trimmings in great variety.

Spring Dress Goods, a large assortment of the Newest fabrics.

Parasols, a large stock of the latest London styles.

The Commercial House Grand Display OF SPRING TWEEDS, CLOTHES, CASSIMERES, COATINGS, VESTINGS, &c.

Mr. OVIDE MALO, the celebrated Montreal Cutter, is now superintending the Tailoring Department at this Establishment.

FASHIONABLE SPRING SUIT, call on MALO, at THE COMMERCIAL HOUSE, WALSH & CO., FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE, April 11, 1870.

JUST ARRIVING, AND WILL BE OPENED FOR INSPECTION BY 1st APRIL.

A CHOICE SELECTION OF THE LARGEST AND BEST SELECTED TWEEDS.

G. C. HOLTON & CO., HAVE NOW ON EXHIBITION THE LARGEST AND BEST SELECTED TWEEDS.

Glasgow Warehouse, LATE GEORGE VAIR'S. Now received, a large assortment of Spring and Summer DRY GOODS, which will be sold at a very small advance ON COST PRICE.

SUMMER PRINTS, at 74¢ per yard. WHITE COTTONS, 36 and 38 inches wide, at 74¢ per yd.

Heavy Twilled Bleached Shirtings at 24¢ per yd. Please call and enquire for the above lines at the GLASGOW WAREHOUSE, April 6, 1870.

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Patent Plastic Slate, FOR ROOFING PURPOSES.

PERFECTLY non-combustible, lighter than Tin, unaffected by the changes in temperature, and the cheapest roof made. For further particulars call at HODGEN'S DRUG STORE, BUCHANAN & CO., April 9, 1870. 290-3m Montreal.

PRINTS, French Figue, Printed Blitting and French and English Prints and Muslins, a large and beautiful assortment. Geo. Ritchie & Co.

Dress and Jacket Trimmings in great variety. Geo. Ritchie & Co.

Spring Dress Goods, a large assortment of the Newest fabrics. Geo. Ritchie & Co.

Parasols, a large stock of the latest London styles. GEO. RITCHIE & CO.

Dominion Drugstore. The subscribers are just opening their FRESH ARRIVALS Of newly imported Garden, Field, and FLOWER SEEDS.

Call and get a catalogue. CHARLES & CO., Front St. Belleville. April 6, 1870. 290

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SUMMER PRINTS, at 74¢ per yard. WHITE COTTONS, 36 and 38 inches wide, at 74¢ per yd.

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SUMMER PRINTS, at 74¢ per yard.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL

No. 298

No. 298

American Despatches.

MEXICO.

BAD STATE OF AFFAIRS.

City of Mexico, April 4.—The National Congress opened on the 1st of April. The Treasurer's report is a sad exhibit of the financial condition of the country.

Garcia, De Cadenas and other rebel chiefs are still in the field, but with reduced forces.

Angel Santa Anna, son of the ex-Dictator, has been captured and ordered to be shot on the 2nd inst., but no report of his execution has been received.

A combination of young men, formed for the purpose of robbing churches has been discovered, and some of the conspirators have been imprisoned.

A forced loan is being made throughout the Republic, on foreigners.

FIRE IN A MINE.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 12.—The fire is still burning in the north shaft of the Inlander Mine. The stock has declined from 370 to 270 per share, causing a panic among stock holders.

CRICKET.

NEW YORK, April 13.—A letter from Edgar Winner, who was Captain of the English Eleven that visited the United States in 1888, states that he will not be able to get an English together before the middle of September, which would be too late for them to play here this season.

ARRIVALS.

NEW YORK, April 12.—The steamer "Cuba," from Liverpool, and the "Herman," from Bremen, have arrived.

ARRIVALS.

BREIT, April 12.—The steamer "Lafayette," from New York, has arrived.

COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, April 13.—Consols for money 91 1/4; American 91 1/4; American Securities steady and quiet; Home of 100, 85 1/2; 100 old, 87 1/2; 100 new, 87 1/2; Stocks steady; Rile 20 1/2; 100, 4 1/2; 100, 4 1/2.

LIVERPOOL, April 12.—Lard earlier but not new. Pork 100 lb. 100; Bacon 50; Cheese 75; Tallow 4 1/2 to 4 1/2.

My English

And American

ROOM PAPERS

ARE NOW OPEN
FOR INSPECTION.

THE BEST

AND LARGEST ASSORTMENT

IN TOWN.

J. C. OVERELL.

FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE.

April 12, 1870. 293

G. C. HOLTON & CO.,

HAVE NOW

ON EXHIBIT

THE

LARGEST

AND

BEST SELECTED

STOCK OF

TWEEDS

THEY EVER IMPORTED.

SPRING SUITS

MADE TO ORDER BY COMPETENT

WORKMEN.

April 5, 1870. 286

PRINTS—French Pike, Printed

and Blitting and French and English

Prints and Muslins, a large and beautiful assortment, Geo.

Ritchie & Co.

Dress and Jacket Trimmings in great variety.

Geo. Ritchie & Co.

Spring Dress Goods, a large

assortment of the Newest fab-

rics. Geo. Ritchie & Co.

Parasols—a large stock

of the latest London

styles. GEO. RITCHIE & CO.

PLANKS of every description for sale at

the Intelligence office.

COMMERCIAL.

MONEY MARKET AS REPORTED AT

THE EXPRESS OFFICE.

BELLEVILLE, April 13.

Greenbacks buying at 88

selling at 89

Bank of Upper Canada Bills, 68

Silver buying at 84 to 85

selling at 84 to 85

Gold opening at 110 1/2; closed at 112 1/2.

If you want a good fitting

and well made Suit, get one

of R. J. Bates' cut, from

Robertson & Henry.

NEW YORK, April 13.—A letter from

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LIVERPOOL, April 12.—Lard earlier but not

new. Pork 100 lb. 100; Bacon 50; Cheese

75; Tallow 4 1/2 to 4 1/2.

MONTHLY MARKETS.

Special Information on THE INTELLIGENCER.

Montreal, April 13, 1870.

Extra—Superior Eggs... \$4 50

Extra... \$4 50

Extra... \$4 50

Extra... \$4 50

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Extra... \$4 50

Extra... \$4 50

Extra... \$4 50

Extra... \$4 50

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SCOW FOR SALE.

Great Bargain.

FOR SALE, THE

SCOW "LUCKS ALL,"

Capacity 2,300.

Apply to T. A. HOWARD,

Belleville, March 23, 1870. 274-1m

1870.

FRESH ENGLISH

GARDEN SEEDS

ARE JUST ARRIVING AT

Holden's Drug Store

CALL FOR A CATALOGUE.

Belleville, March 21, 1870. 27

CALL AND SEE THE

NEW SPRING STYLES

IN

HATS & CAPS

AT

J. S. MEUDELL'S.

WOULD state that he feels very much

encouraged from the success attend-

ing the introduction of

HOT TEA AND COFFEE.

It will be his pride to meet the wants of

his customers in this respect with punctu-

ality.

Mutton Pies

Are now becoming an institution. The

desire will be to serve these delicacies in

the best possible manner.

Oysters Wholesale & Retail.

The subscriber respectfully invites attention

to a SUPERIOR variety of

FANCY BISCUIT.

He feels confident in recommending them

to be served in the plain CRACKERS to

be served in the plain CRACKERS to

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GREAT BARGAINS

WARNER BROTHERS,

AT

P. D. CONGER'S.

Goods Selling Off at a Rapid Rate.

Immense Reduction on First Cost,

TO MAKE PLACE FOR

Spring Importations

Which are expected along in a few days.

FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS,

In being sold off at an

immense reduction on first cost,

to make place for

Spring Importations

Which are expected along in a few days.

WE shall pay special attention to the

CARPET TRADE

And Everything in the

HOUSE FURNISHING LINE.

OUR STOCK OF GROCERIES

Will be complete in every particular.

We are Determined to do a Business, and we Shall.

Give us a Call and be Convinced.

WARNER BROTHERS.

Belleville, March 31st, 1870. 2924 7w

To Builders and Others.

SLATE YOUR ROOFS.

A GREAT reduction in the price of

slating. Slates sold Wholesale at

quarry prices.

ALL WORK WARRANTED.

W. BOSWELL,

Slate Roofs, Albert Street,

Near Christ Church, West Belleville.

February 22, 1870. 2924

GLASSWARE.

NEW GLOBES,

GLASS BOTTLES, & new patterns.

NAPKINS, new patterns.

MITHRA DIAMOND PRESERVERS.

ENGRAVED GLASS BOWLS.

GLASS FIRE-PROOF DISHES of all kinds

just received at the

BELLEVILLE CROCKERY STORE

F. H. ROUS.

Belleville, April 2, 1870. 294

Glasgow Warehouse,

LATE

GEORGE VAIR'S

Now received, a large assortment of

Spring and Summer

DRY GOODS,

which will be sold at a very small advance

ON COST PRICE.

Special value shown in

American Despatches.

FRESHET IN THE MISSISSIPPI.
St. Louis, April 12.—The freshet is very heavy in the Mississippi River. Opposite Quincy, Ill., the river is eight miles wide. West Quincy it is entirely submerged, and many people have abandoned their homes. The water is over the Humboldt and St. Joseph Railway track for five miles, and should the river rise a foot higher, the track between Quincy and Peoria will be submerged and necessitate the transfer of passengers from Quincy to Hannibal by steamer. The river is still rising.

PHONED ASIATIC CABLE.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—The memorial of Cyrus W. Field, will be presented to Congress to-morrow, expressing a desire to undertake the laying of a Telegraph Cable between America and Asia. 8,000 miles of cable will be required for the purpose. The bill which accompanies the memorial, proposes the incorporation of a company with a capital of \$10,000,000, all paid within a year from organization. Upon the completion of the cable within five years there after, the company to receive acres of public lands, with the right to select the same. Naval vessels are to make the necessary surveys and soundings. As a guarantee of good faith, \$10,000 is required to be made with the Secretary of the Treasury of Bonds to the amount of \$10,000.

ARRIVAL OF LADY FRANKLIN.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 12.—Lady Franklin arrived to-day from Panama.

FROM MEXICO.

Mexican advices say peace is restored in the State of Colima.

CABINET RECONSTRUCTION.

New York, April 13.—The San editorial says: The Cabinet is to be reconstructed at a reasonably early day. Beyond that, it can be relied on, is the following: Fish will leave the State Department and succeed Mr. Olney, Minister to England, and How will resign his place as Attorney General.

COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, April 14.—Consols for money 94; account 94 1/4; 4 1/2; American Securities steady; and quiet. Bonds of 1880, 96 1/2; 1881, 97; 1882, 104 1/2; 1883, 104 1/2; 1884, 104 1/2; 1885, 104 1/2; 1886, 104 1/2; 1887, 104 1/2; 1888, 104 1/2; 1889, 104 1/2; 1890, 104 1/2; 1891, 104 1/2; 1892, 104 1/2; 1893, 104 1/2; 1894, 104 1/2; 1895, 104 1/2; 1896, 104 1/2; 1897, 104 1/2; 1898, 104 1/2; 1899, 104 1/2; 1900, 104 1/2; 1901, 104 1/2; 1902, 104 1/2; 1903, 104 1/2; 1904, 104 1/2; 1905, 104 1/2; 1906, 104 1/2; 1907, 104 1/2; 1908, 104 1/2; 1909, 104 1/2; 1910, 104 1/2; 1911, 104 1/2; 1912, 104 1/2; 1913, 104 1/2; 1914, 104 1/2; 1915, 104 1/2; 1916, 104 1/2; 1917, 104 1/2; 1918, 104 1/2; 1919, 104 1/2; 1920, 104 1/2; 1921, 104 1/2; 1922, 104 1/2; 1923, 104 1/2; 1924, 104 1/2; 1925, 104 1/2; 1926, 104 1/2; 1927, 104 1/2; 1928, 104 1/2; 1929, 104 1/2; 1930, 104 1/2; 1931, 104 1/2; 1932, 104 1/2; 1933, 104 1/2; 1934, 104 1/2; 1935, 104 1/2; 1936, 104 1/2; 1937, 104 1/2; 1938, 104 1/2; 1939, 104 1/2; 1940, 104 1/2; 1941, 104 1/2; 1942, 104 1/2; 1943, 104 1/2; 1944, 104 1/2; 1945, 104 1/2; 1946, 104 1/2; 1947, 104 1/2; 1948, 104 1/2; 1949, 104 1/2; 1950, 104 1/2; 1951, 104 1/2; 1952, 104 1/2; 1953, 104 1/2; 1954, 104 1/2; 1955, 104 1/2; 1956, 104 1/2; 1957, 104 1/2; 1958, 104 1/2; 1959, 104 1/2; 1960, 104 1/2; 1961, 104 1/2; 1962, 104 1/2; 1963, 104 1/2; 1964, 104 1/2; 1965, 104 1/2; 1966, 104 1/2; 1967, 104 1/2; 1968, 104 1/2; 1969, 104 1/2; 1970, 104 1/2; 1971, 104 1/2; 1972, 104 1/2; 1973, 104 1/2; 1974, 104 1/2; 1975, 104 1/2; 1976, 104 1/2; 1977, 104 1/2; 1978, 104 1/2; 1979, 104 1/2; 1980, 104 1/2; 1981, 104 1/2; 1982, 104 1/2; 1983, 104 1/2; 1984, 104 1/2; 1985, 104 1/2; 1986, 104 1/2; 1987, 104 1/2; 1988, 104 1/2; 1989, 104 1/2; 1990, 104 1/2; 1991, 104 1/2; 1992, 104 1/2; 1993, 104 1/2; 1994, 104 1/2; 1995, 104 1/2; 1996, 104 1/2; 1997, 104 1/2; 1998, 104 1/2; 1999, 104 1/2; 2000, 104 1/2; 2001, 104 1/2; 2002, 104 1/2; 2003, 104 1/2; 2004, 104 1/2; 2005, 104 1/2; 2006, 104 1/2; 2007, 104 1/2; 2008, 104 1/2; 2009, 104 1/2; 2010, 104 1/2; 2011, 104 1/2; 2012, 104 1/2; 2013, 104 1/2; 2014, 104 1/2; 2015, 104 1/2; 2016, 104 1/2; 2017, 104 1/2; 2018, 104 1/2; 2019, 104 1/2; 2020, 104 1/2; 2021, 104 1/2; 2022, 104 1/2; 2023, 104 1/2; 2024, 104 1/2; 2025, 104 1/2; 2026, 104 1/2; 2027, 104 1/2; 2028, 104 1/2; 2029, 104 1/2; 2030, 104 1/2; 2031, 104 1/2; 2032, 104 1/2; 2033, 104 1/2; 2034, 104 1/2; 2035, 104 1/2; 2036, 104 1/2; 2037, 104 1/2; 2038, 104 1/2; 2039, 104 1/2; 2040, 104 1/2; 2041, 104 1/2; 2042, 104 1/2; 2043, 104 1/2; 2044, 104 1/2; 2045, 104 1/2; 2046, 104 1/2; 2047, 104 1/2; 2048, 104 1/2; 2049, 104 1/2; 2050, 104 1/2; 2051, 104 1/2; 2052, 104 1/2; 2053, 104 1/2; 2054, 104 1/2; 2055, 104 1/2; 2056, 104 1/2; 2057, 104 1/2; 2058, 104 1/2; 2059, 104 1/2; 2060, 104 1/2; 2061, 104 1/2; 2062, 104 1/2; 2063, 104 1/2; 2064, 104 1/2; 2065, 104 1/2; 2066, 104 1/2; 2067, 104 1/2; 2068, 104 1/2; 2069, 104 1/2; 2070, 104 1/2; 2071, 104 1/2; 2072, 104 1/2; 2073, 104 1/2; 2074, 104 1/2; 2075, 104 1/2; 2076, 104 1/2; 2077, 104 1/2; 2078, 104 1/2; 2079, 104 1/2; 2080, 104 1/2; 2081, 104 1/2; 2082, 104 1/2; 2083, 104 1/2; 2084, 104 1/2; 2085, 104 1/2; 2086, 104 1/2; 2087, 104 1/2; 2088, 104 1/2; 2089, 104 1/2; 2090, 104 1/2; 2091, 104 1/2; 2092, 104 1/2; 2093, 104 1/2; 2094, 104 1/2; 2095, 104 1/2; 2096, 104 1/2; 2097, 104 1/2; 2098, 104 1/2; 2099, 104 1/2; 2100, 104 1/2; 2101, 104 1/2; 2102, 104 1/2; 2103, 104 1/2; 2104, 104 1/2; 2105, 104 1/2; 2106, 104 1/2; 2107, 104 1/2; 2108, 104 1/2; 2109, 104 1/2; 2110, 104 1/2; 2111, 104 1/2; 2112, 104 1/2; 2113, 104 1/2; 2114, 104 1/2; 2115, 104 1/2; 2116, 104 1/2; 2117, 104 1/2; 2118, 104 1/2; 2119, 104 1/2; 2120, 104 1/2; 2121, 104 1/2; 2122, 104 1/2; 2123, 104 1/2; 2124, 104 1/2; 2125, 104 1/2; 2126, 104 1/2; 2127, 104 1/2; 2128, 104 1/2; 2129, 104 1/2; 2130, 104 1/2; 2131, 104 1/2; 2132, 104 1/2; 2133, 104 1/2; 2134, 104 1/2; 2135, 104 1/2; 2136, 104 1/2; 2137, 104 1/2; 2138, 104 1/2; 2139, 104 1/2; 2140, 104 1/2; 2141, 104 1/2; 2142, 104 1/2; 2143, 104 1/2; 2144, 104 1/2; 2145, 104 1/2; 2146, 104 1/2; 2147, 104 1/2; 2148, 104 1/2; 2149, 104 1/2; 2150, 104 1/2; 2151, 104 1/2; 2152, 104 1/2; 2153, 104 1/2; 2154, 104 1/2; 2155, 104 1/2; 2156, 104 1/2; 2157, 104 1/2; 2158, 104 1/2; 2159, 104 1/2; 2160, 104 1/2; 2161, 104 1/2; 2162, 104 1/2; 2163, 104 1/2; 2164, 104 1/2; 2165, 104 1/2; 2166, 104 1/2; 2167, 104 1/2; 2168, 104 1/2; 2169, 104 1/2; 2170, 104 1/2; 2171, 104 1/2; 2172, 104 1/2; 2173, 104 1/2; 2174, 104 1/2; 2175, 104 1/2; 2176, 104 1/2; 2177, 104 1/2; 2178, 104 1/2; 2179, 104 1/2; 2180, 104 1/2; 2181, 104 1/2; 2182, 104 1/2; 2183, 104 1/2; 2184, 104 1/2; 2185, 104 1/2; 2186, 104 1/2; 2187, 104 1/2; 2188, 104 1/2; 2189, 104 1/2; 2190, 104 1/2; 2191, 104 1/2; 2192, 104 1/2; 2193, 104 1/2; 2194, 104 1/2; 2195, 104 1/2; 2196, 104 1/2; 2197, 104 1/2; 2198, 104 1/2; 2199, 104 1/2; 2200, 104 1/2; 2201, 104 1/2; 2202, 104 1/2; 2203, 104 1/2; 2204, 104 1/2; 2205, 104 1/2; 2206, 104 1/2; 2207, 104 1/2; 2208, 104 1/2; 2209, 104 1/2; 2210, 104 1/2; 2211, 104 1/2; 2212, 104 1/2; 2213, 104 1/2; 2214, 104 1/2; 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Went, can ever reach Alexander Dumas, if he cannot expect "extraordinary circumstances" at his hands. He has published a terrible attack on the "Woman Question," which will make a noise. He describes the frantic efforts of the "woman's lot" to suppress the efforts that "ought to make God laugh for ever." Such a woman, he regards, as a substitute for "laughing gas," woman can never be man's equal.

To-day's news is not so every day, after the right occasion observed during the trial at Tours, their Majesties and the Prince Imperial died with their cousin, the Princess Mathilde, on Tuesday, when the members of the Napoleon family met—those belonging to the petite famille, like Prince Pierre, excepted. In the evening the Emperor was surrounded by six real Spanish Cavaliers while "gaily" the Troubadours touched their guitars, the compliments were proportionately warm to the occasion. The Princess Mathilde is a great patron of arts and letters. Succeeding the dinner was a reception. The Emperor had a word or a joke for every one. He was very markedly received by the Emperor, which the lookers-on regard as an earnest of his restoration to the chair of Helvetia in the "Empire of France." One emblematic vase, as usual, was presented—a huge mountain, like the Alps, with the weak ones for aid, nodding, like Joe in Pickwick. By a comedy, the Emperor was raised up to acknowledge the Emperor's nod and welcome to the "Empire of France." Every measure has been tried to meet the too solid flesh, but without effect. There only remains the Emperor's remark which was employed with corpulent professors and soldiers—the last.

Dr. Tardieu is one of the oldest and most eminent professors in the University of medicine. He was examined by the Emperor to his diagnosis of Pierre Napoleon's case, from the effects of the alleged blow given by Nihil. The doctor was an exception to the general rule of the Emperor's physicians, who are tribunals. On re-examining before the Emperor the students met him with signs of dissatisfaction. "The first Nihil" was a consummation. On re-examining before the Emperor the students met him with signs of dissatisfaction. "The first Nihil" was a consummation. On re-examining before the Emperor the students met him with signs of dissatisfaction. "The first Nihil" was a consummation.

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Palais Royal, as useful to the "won't go out at night" morning world, has the gas turned off exactly at midnight.

W. has had plenty of exhibitions of "speaking heads," after decapitation. One Barum advertises that "he has the head open," from use till life.

A gasman escorted by a policeman, is not by a fellow ped, who inquires what he has done "nobbed," was the reply. "Are you sure, don't you, have never written for the journals?" "Never," was the reply. "You have nothing to fear."

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Special passenger train for Toronto every Monday at 6:30 A. M.
Montreal Time.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.
SUNDAY SERVICE.
Morning Express going West, 6:30 A. M.
Evening Express going West, 6:30 P. M.
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THE DANGER OF INVASION.

The very particular and remarkable statement made by the Minister of Justice in the House on Thursday night, and the extreme measures adopted by the Government in suspending the Habeas Corpus Act, have no room for doubt that Canada is in danger of another Fenian invasion.

We have heard so often the cry of wolf, within the last three years, that we have been unwilling to attach much importance to these periodical rumors of invasion, and hence to hug the delusion that we would soon be free from even the possibility of these recurring alarms. But we cannot imagine the Government would trifle with the public interest in causing the anxiety and alarm which their action has created, and we must therefore reluctantly come to the conclusion that there will be an invasion. In asking the House to suspend the Habeas Corpus Act, the First Minister said the Government had received information that the Fenians had been making preparations for an invasion during the whole of last winter, and that during the whole of the autumn these preparations had been going on continually, and were now about to mature.

It is not possible to have a comparative silence with which they had been conducted. Hitherto, the policy of the Fenians had been to blow and bluster, and to create as much notoriety as possible, but lately they had confined their proceedings with much caution and great secrecy. Their movements, however, were not unknown to the Government, and the information which they possessed, and which they had not conveyed to Parliament for prudential reasons, was of such a nature as to cause many incidental and independent sources—sources which had no connection with each other, official as well as private, that no shadow of doubt remained as to the intention of the Fenians to make an attack upon Canada. The First Minister also stated upon the authority of the information in his possession, that the Fenian organization was more active and more powerful than it had been for years. When the invasion would take place, whether this week or next, was not known, but that an invasion in force would take place this season, there was every reason to believe. Of course, under these circumstances, the Government was justified in asking the House to arm them with the same power as in 1850, and to pass a law to suppress the apprehension and detention of those suspected of coming here for the purpose of conspiring against Her Majesty's person and Government, and was justified in promptly calling out the volunteer force of the country to prevent, if possible, such an invasion.

It is to be hoped, however, now that we are pretty certain of having further trouble with this Fenian organization, some clear understanding will be come to between Canada, the Imperial Government and the United States with regard to the whole matter. If we are to be annoyed every Spring and Autumn with these rumors of invasion—if we are obliged to keep a standing army in the field to prevent these vagabonds from spoiling our land and murdering our people—if we are to be subject to continual alarm, and enormous expense, to have our trade depressed, and our commercial intercourse constantly exposed to interruption, it is time we knew it, so that we could act on our knees in order. It does seem to us remarkably strange, that apparently no effort has been made by the Imperial Government to put a stop to this invasion. The existence of such an organization, with a nucleus of regulars, periodical drilling of troops, regularly organized and armed, having all the munitions of war, and avowing their only and sole purpose to make war upon us, must be a violation of international law, and it is high time, and this is a very proper time, that such representations be made to the Imperial authorities as will prevent the recurrence of these periodical alarms. Canada has been troubled long enough in this matter, and while the people are willing to contribute their money and their lives to defend their homes, and protect the honor of the British flag, they demand that Great Britain should take prompt and vigorous steps to enforce a due observance of international law.

The Reason Why.
It was hardly necessary to notice the matter referred to in the following paragraph, for any one who has watched the political career of the member for Nova Scotia, knows that he has never stirred a vote, nor flinched from the performance of his public duties, whether it incurred the displeasure of himself or his constituents. We question very much whether any other member of the House of Commons has been more constant in his attendance at the House, or whose name appears oftener in the division lists than Mr. Bayne's name for North Hastings. The Morningstar Courier thus notices a paragraph which appeared in the Chronicle of Wednesday last:

The Reason Why.
The Boston advertiser says: Rumors of a Fenian movement upon Canada are coming thicker and thicker, though as yet they assume no definite form. It seems to be clear that there has lately been on the Canadian border, numerous shipments and movements of arms, and that bonds of the "Irish Republic" are circulating quite extensively. From authentic sources we learn that there is unusual activity among the Fenians in Northern Vermont. Burlington, Montpelier, and other towns, are being visited by Fenian agents, who are endeavoring to carry out of arms to England and landed Irish funds in payment. The carrier refused them and brought suit, with what result we have not learned. Subsequent to this, the Fenian agents learned that some suspicious looking freight had been carried out to a hotel a few miles from the city, made a raid on the establishment and were informed that the goods were for the Fenian movement for the Fenians. They were then taken to the Fenian headquarters in the Fenian movement for the Fenians. They were then taken to the Fenian headquarters in the Fenian movement for the Fenians.

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The Daily Star

BELLEVILLE, COUNTY OF HASTINGS, DOMINION OF CANADA, TUESDAY EVENING, APRIL 19, 1870.

No. 297.

REMOVAL.

THE customers and friends of Mr. L. ROENIGK are respectfully informed that he has removed his well known and commodious Brick Shop North of the Commercial Buildings, Front Street, where he has now on exhibition one of the LARGEST, MOST VARIED, and FINEST STOCKS of Furniture.

Ever shown in Belleville. As all his goods are manufactured under his own supervision by NEW and IMPROVED MACHINERY, and employing the BEST WORKMEN, he can guarantee every satisfaction to his customers.

200 Call and examine his Stock before purchasing.

L. ROENIGK, April 21, 1869. w10 301.

HOUSEKEEPERS, ATTENTION!

SAVE YOUR OLD GREASE! MAKE YOUR OWN SOAP, BY USING

HARTE'S
Celebrated Concentrated Lye. You can make capital Soft Soap for ONE CENT & GAIN, as it is a property of this quantity of Hard Soap, equal to anything that is sold in the Stores. See that you get the genuine article, as there are counterfeits in the market. Price 25 cents per box.

Dr. Laurie's Imperial Food, FOR INVALIDS AND INFANTS. This food is highly recommended to invalids for its nutritive qualities, in restoring tone and vigor to the debilitated, especially where the digestive organs are weak and the stomach rejects the ordinary food, and for infants where there is a deficiency of breast milk. Price 25 and 50 cts per tin. For sale by Druggists and Grocers through out the Dominion. Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor.

J. A. HARTE, Chemist, Montreal.

FRESH OYSTERS.

JOHN WILSON IS RECEIVING Fresh Oysters Daily, XXX WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. Come One. Come All. October 16, 1869. 143-11.

TO THE WEST,

VIA GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY. GREAT REDUCTION IN FARES.

TICKETS issued to all parts, fewer changes of Cars to the principal cities of the West than by any other route. Parties purchasing tickets at the station save the trouble and annoyance of reaching baggage in Toronto, &c. American money taken at par for all Western Tickets.

W. C. CUNN, Agent. Belleville, April 29, 1869. 307-11.

Omnibuses and Livery Depot, BRIDGE STREET, BELLEVILLE.

WALTER FANNING, - Proprietor.

OMNIBUSES AND HACKS. WILL call at all the principal Hotels, and to any part of the Town for passengers for Cars of Boats. LIVERY.—This Department has the best Horses and turn-outs of any in the city. OFFICE—Bridge Street, next the Post Office. Belleville, Jan. 18, 1870. 220

DANIEL C. GUNN, GENERAL PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANT, No. 149, Water Street, Oswego, N. Y.

Respectfully refers to Lake Ontario National Bank, Oswego; Marine National Bank, Oswego; First National Bank, Oswego; Second National Bank, Oswego; City Bank, Oswego; W. S. Malcom, Oswego; Hon. T. H. Hoag, Toledo, Ohio; Edw. Brown, Hamilton, Ont.

BARNUM'S

LINE OF STAGES

For the Madoc Good Regions.

COACHES for Madoc will leave all the principal Hotels in Belleville every morning (Monday excepted) at half past 7 o'clock, arriving in Madoc at 12 noon. RETURNING—Leave all the principal Hotels in Madoc at 3 o'clock, arriving in Belleville in time to connect with the evening train going west and with the morning train going east.

S. BARNUM, Proprietor. C. BORTON, Agent, Belleville. C. GUYER, Agent, Madoc. P. N. P. Parties wishing to send parcels on this route will be promptly attended to; all parcels unbroken and paid for will be at the risk of the owner. July 28, 1867.

REMOVAL.

NEW BLOCK.

Henry Rosenborg. BEARS to announce that he has removed to the NEW BLOCK, on the site of the old Wood Market, where he will be opposite the Wood Market, where he will be the most and best assorted stocks of GOLD & SILVER WATCHES, CHAINS, JEWELLERY, Clocks, Electro-Plated Spoons, &c., &c., ever brought to Belleville. All goods warranted what they are represented to be. All kinds of jobbing and repairing done promptly and at moderate rates. (All) and inspect the Stock before purchasing.

H. ROSENBERG, Belleville, Sep. 1868. 122-11 22-11

BRIDGEWATER COTTON & WOOLLEN FACTORY

THE subscriber offers to grant splendid water power for a Cotton and Woollen Factory, situated on the site of the old Village of Bridgewater, to a Company or Companies to be formed to erect the same. The power is superior, and a constant supply of water can be obtained to work the Factories year round. The facilities for building are good, as the best material can be obtained on the premises. A Prospectus of the terms of the Company, or Companies, will soon be issued, and Stock Books will be opened at Bridgewater, Belleville, and other places.

BILLIA FLINT, Belleville, Feb. 10, 1870. 147-3111

THE CANADA

IS THE ONLY

Dominion Life Company

FULLY LICENSED BY GOVERNMENT.

ITS NEW BUSINESS INCREASES

IN AN

UNPRECEDENTED RATIO,

BEING LAST YEAR,

135 per cent. in excess of Previous Years.

Assures now Joining

The Company participate in the

LARGE PROFITS

TO BE DIVIDED

After the 30th next Month.

Applicants are respectfully invited to obtain information and forms of proposal.

Agents at Belleville: A. G. RAMSAY, Manager. W. J. SMYTH, 137-5m

January 19, 1870.

W. DICKENS

Hot Tea & Coffee.

MEAT PIE, FRUIT PIE, MINCE PIES, OYSTER PATTIES, And all kinds of BUNS, CAKES, Breads, Fruit Cakes, WEDDING AND PARTIES. Cakes as to order. Also, a nice lot of Cakes Ornaments.

St. Lawrence Hall, Cacouna, The fashionable winter place of the Dominion, and not second to any place in the United States. H. HOGAN, Proprietor.

H. GRANT, Watch and Clock Maker, 208 N. DUNDAS STREET, MONTREAL.

Every description of Jewellery manufactured from gold and sent in care, under his own supervision.

de B. MACDONALD & Co., IMPORTERS & MANUFACTURERS, 19 St. Helen Street, Montreal.

DEPARTMENTS. Books, Stationery, Printing, and all kinds of Goods, at the lowest prices. H. HOGAN, Proprietor.

HOOP SKIRTS—new own Manufacture. 126-4m

THOS. HOBSON & Co., Produce Commission Merchants, 126-4m

LIBERAL advances made on consignments to major cities or for shipment to friends in Great Britain and the Continent.

G. P. GIRDWOOD, M.D., Consulting and Analytical Chemist, 600 LaSalle Street, Montreal.

EPHRAIM home for consultation before 10 A.M. on Tuesdays and 1 P.M. on Wednesdays. 100-6m

W. A. LITTLE, LITHOGRAPHER AND ENGRAVER, 401 Notre Dame St., corner of St. John St., Montreal.

MAPS, Plans, Circulars, Cards, Invitations, Headings, &c., in any number of colors, Copper, Steel, Zinc, &c., executed at the shortest notice, and with great work on the most reasonable terms. 219-6m

CHARLES D. EDWARDS, SUCCESSOR TO, KERNAN & EDWARDS, MANUFACTURER OF FIRE PROOF SAFES, 100 N. DUNDAS STREET, MONTREAL.

IRON Vault, Doors, Steel Safes, Fire and Burglar Proof Safes, Combination Locks, &c.

A large number of second-hand Safes on hand, which will be sold cheap.

Safes stored—19 Victoria Square, under St. Patrick's Hall, Montreal. 4-10

Ames, Millard & Co., Boot and Shoe Manufacturers, 10 St. Patrick Street, Montreal. 4-10

And lead of Evans Court, St. Paul Street, Montreal. 4-10

May 9, 1869. 4-10

Business Cards. AND all other kinds of Job Printing, executed with dispatch, at the Intelligence Office, Intelligence Building, Front Street. 4-10

Montreal Business Directory.

SUTHERLAND, FORCE & CO.,

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS, Have removed to 136, MCGILL ST., DOMINION BUILDINGS.

29-11 MONTREAL.

ESTABLISHED 1805.

ROBERT WEIR & Co., WHOLESALE STATIONERS, AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN TWINE, Wrapping Papers, School Books, &c., 14 ST. JOHN ST., MONTREAL.

MULHOLLAND & BAKER, IMPORTERS OF Hardware, Iron, Steel, Tin Plates, Canada Plates, Glass, &c., 414 & 421 St. Paul Street, MONTREAL.

Yard Entrance—St. Francois Xavier Street.

JOSEPH KIRKPUR, BRUSH MANUFACTURER, Dealer in all kinds of Brushes, No. 329 St. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.

Always keep a large assortment of Root and Bristle Brushes on hand. 159-11

J. GOULDEN, CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST, No. 177 St. LAWRENCE MOUNTAIN, NEAR THE MARKET, 159-11 MONTREAL.

J. D. ANDERSON, Merchant Tailor & Outfitter, Mechanics Hall Building, 110 St. James Street, MONTREAL.

Always in Stock seasonable Goods, specially selected for a First-Class custom business.

WILSON & BOURQUE, Brush Manufacturers, Dealers in all kinds of Brushes, No. 291 St. PAUL STREET, (Second Door East of Meuse, L. J. Belleville & Co., Hardware, MONTREAL. 159

C. H. BALDWIN & CO., IMPORTERS, And Wholesale Dealers in Wines, Groceries, Cigars, &c., 9 & 11 ST. HELEN STREET, MONTREAL. 159-11

W. W. STUART, COMMISSION Merchant and Produce Dealer, for the purchase and sale of Flour, Grain, Provisions, and Produce generally, OFFICE—38 St. Nicholas Street, Montreal.

ST. LAWRENCE HALL, 100 St. James Street, Montreal.

St. Lawrence Hall, Cacouna, The fashionable winter place of the Dominion, and not second to any place in the United States. H. HOGAN, Proprietor.

H. GRANT, Watch and Clock Maker, 208 N. DUNDAS STREET, MONTREAL.

Every description of Jewellery manufactured from gold and sent in care, under his own supervision.

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Belleville Business Directory.

HENDERSON & HENDERSON,

BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, &c., Office in Victoria Buildings, Front Street, Belleville.

G. E. HENDERSON, DENTIST, F. G. A. HENDERSON

DICKSON & GILBERT, BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Office—Bridge Street, nearly opposite the Post Office—Front Street, Belleville. 15m

A. R. DOUGLAS, BARRISTER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Notary Public, Conveyancer, &c., Office over Hamilton's & Co's. Store, Hall, (late C. O. LeVoe's & Co's) Front Street, Belleville.

MacLellan & MacLellan, BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, &c., Office—Front Street, Belleville.

A. L. MACLELLAN, DENTON MACLELLAN.

Alex. Robertson, BARRISTER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Notary Public, Conveyancer, &c., Office—Front Street, Belleville. 15m

Ponton, Falkner & Denmar, BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Front Street, Belleville. 15m

E. Baldwin Frazer, B.A., BARRISTER, ATTORNEY AT LAW and Solicitor in Chancery, Office in Terrell's Building, Front Street, Belleville. 15m

John D. Evans, PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, CIVIL Engineer and Draftsman, Office in Terrell's Building, Front Street, Belleville. 15m

Geo. H. Haymes, HATHORN & FURNER, Front Street, Belleville. 15m

Dr. Chas. Ridley, OPPOSITE Merchants Hall, Front Street, Belleville. 15m

Legate & Abbott, BARRISTERS and Conveyancers, Fancy Bazaar, Office in Terrell's Building, Front Street, Belleville. 15m

Builders and Architects, WILL be liberally dealt with as agents for John A. Weather, Predictors for doors and windows. Apply at once. J. McNEIL & Co., 178 Front Street, Belleville. 15m

John Wilson, BAKER and Confectioner, wholesale and retail, in the old stand, opposite the Wood Market, Front Street. Dealers will find his prices low and his goods of the best quality. All orders promptly filled. 15m

Angus McFee, WAREHOUSE and Jeweller, Front Street, Belleville. 15m

Watches, Jewellery and Silver Ware always on hand. Orders promptly filled. 15m

J. W. Brown, MANUFACTURER and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. 15m

Geo. Gibson, CIVIL and MINING ENGINEER, Front Street, Belleville. 15m

Forner & Kennedy, CIVIL and MINING ENGINEER, Front Street, Belleville. 15m

MR. JAMES BLACKLOCK having been appointed Surveyor of Marine, Licenses, at his Office, Bridge Street, Belleville, opposite the Post Office. 214

Issue of Marriage Licenses. MR. JAMES BLACKLOCK having been appointed Surveyor of Marine, Licenses, at his Office, Bridge Street, Belleville, opposite the Post Office. 214

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Kingston Correspondence.

KINGSTON, April 14, 1870.

INFORMATION RECEIVED—THE REBELLION—COMPETITION DRILL.

Last night a very large meeting was held in the City Hall in order to give expression to the indignation felt by the citizens of Kingston, consequent upon the perpetration of the foul murder of Scott, at Fort Garry, by the now notorious Bell and his associates in crime. The Mayor presided and spoke strongly in condemnation of the act. Resolutions were carried sympathizing with the relatives of Scott; expressing the indignation of the meeting at the outrage committed; protesting against the Government receiving the delegates Scott and Rickett; and declaring the necessity of bringing the guilty builder to justice. It seemed rather strange that all the speakers, eight in number, should be lawyers. The meeting assumed quite a political character. The Government was denounced by one or two of the gentlemen in a most unmerciful manner. Indeed it seemed that one gentleman, at least, had been reserving his gift wrath for such an occasion, and he is to be congratulated that he

MARK TEE CHANG

LAND.

10

Latest by Telegraph.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

THE LATEST.

ENGLAND.

A HOOK.

LONDON, April 30.—A rumor has been in circulation on the Continent that President Kruger had proposed to visit Europe, and preparations were commenced in St. Petersburg for his reception before the rumor was pronounced false.

FRANCE.

SENATUS CONSULTUM.

In the Senate to-day, the debate was continued on the Senatus Consultum. M. Olivier wound up the discussion with a long and brilliant speech. Referring to the plebiscite, he said the Government did not wish to extend certain liberal modifications to the people. They had no intention of submitting the principle on which the State was founded, or of converting the legislative power into a revolutionary empire, but the revolutionary party by obeying its passions had given another complexion to the debate. If the revolutionary party wished to combat the Government, the Government would accept the challenge. If their desire was to take revolutionary ground, the Government would follow and outstrip its enemies. M. Olivier assured the Senate that whatever might be the result of the struggle, the Government would not place itself on the track of reaction. He continued, "The Government and the Emperor will remain what they are now—always generous, liberal and magnanimous. It is peculiar to the Emperor to be always advancing, never receding. The Government in the presence of the work of reconciliation will always hold out its hand to honest men. Let them remember that democracy and liberty are not luxuries, but necessities. The triumph of liberty through the Government will be for the sovereign, equal complete—and for the nation, security without a cloud." This passage caused the Senate to erupt in a salvo of applause (twice repeated). M. Olivier continued, and said that the Emperor still had the exclusive right to prepare the forms of the plebiscite. The debate then closed, and the Senatus Consultum was adopted by the Senate.

Indignation Meeting.

DEAR MR. EDITOR.—Please insert the enclosed resolutions—they speak for themselves—and oblige.

Yours very truly, T. McCLELLAN.

Trenton, April 15, 1870.

A meeting was held at Trenton, on Sunday, April 11th, in their School-house, at 7 p.m., to express their indignation at the murder of Scott by Kiehl at Red River, and also to deplore the liberal conduct of the Protestants of Trenton in endeavoring to exclude Catholics from participating in a Public Meeting called by the Revere for the same purpose.

The resolutions passed unanimously by a meeting composed of 200 Catholics, were as follows, and speak for themselves:

Resolved, That we, the undersigned, do hereby express our indignation at the murder of Scott by Kiehl at Red River, and also to deplore the liberal conduct of the Protestants of Trenton in endeavoring to exclude Catholics from participating in a Public Meeting called by the Revere for the same purpose.

Resolved, That we, the undersigned, do hereby express our indignation at the murder of Scott by Kiehl at Red River, and also to deplore the liberal conduct of the Protestants of Trenton in endeavoring to exclude Catholics from participating in a Public Meeting called by the Revere for the same purpose.

After which the meeting broke up with three stout cheers for the Queen and British constitution.

If you want a good fitting and well made Suit, get one of R. J. Bates' cut, from Robertson & Henry.

TENDERS.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned up to MONDAY, the 2nd MAY, for the erection of a STONE AND BRICK BUILDING on the corner of Front and Bridge Streets. Tenders to state separate and total amounts.

Plans and Specifications can be seen at the office of JOHN FORIN, Hotel Street.

No tender will be accepted unless satisfactory.

J. W. THOMPSON.

Belleville, April 16, 1870. 293-1f

NOTICE.

THE public are cautioned not to trust any man on my account, as I will not be accountable for any debts contracted in my name.

JOHN SAMPSON.

April 30, 1870. 298-3f

CAUTION.

TO EMPLOYERS.

DON'T allow your employers to pay you any longer in Silver. The merchants of Belleville will only accept it at 30 per cent value.

Belleville, April 14, 1870. 299-1w1f

Wanted.

A FEW BOARDERS can be accommodated with suitable rooms by applying to

CHAS. PAPINEAU.

N. B.—A few Day Boarders taken at moderate rates.

Belleville, April 30, 1870. 298-1m

FOR SALE.

THAT Large Frame Dwelling House and Lot on the North side of Bridge Street, two doors west of Lower Bridge. House suitable for Board and dwelling.

A. L. GREN.

Belleville, 29th March, 1870. 290-1f

COMMERCIAL.

MONEY MARKET AS REPORTED AT THE EXCHANGE OFFICE.

Greenbacks buying at 87 1/2
Selling at 88
Bank of Upper Canada Bills, 67
Silver buying (large) at 6
(small) at 5
Gold selling at 112 1/2; closed at 113 1/2

If you want a good fitting and well made Suit, get one of R. J. Bates' cut, from Robertson & Henry.

BELLEVILLE MARKETS.

INTERLIMBING OFFICE.
Belleville, April 31, 1870.

There is no change whatever to note in prices, which from the small amount of produce finding its way to market, are merely nominal.

Wheat—No. 1 to 90.
No. 2 to 80.
No. 3 to 70.
No. 4 to 60.
No. 5 to 50.
No. 6 to 40.
No. 7 to 30.
No. 8 to 20.
No. 9 to 10.
No. 10 to 0.

Barley—No. 1 to 40.
No. 2 to 30.
No. 3 to 20.
No. 4 to 10.
No. 5 to 0.

Oats—No. 1 to 30.
No. 2 to 20.
No. 3 to 10.
No. 4 to 0.

Hay—No. 1 to 10.
No. 2 to 0.

Straw—No. 1 to 10.
No. 2 to 0.

Butter—No. 1 to 10.
No. 2 to 0.

Eggs—No. 1 to 10.
No. 2 to 0.

Chickens—No. 1 to 10.
No. 2 to 0.

Ducks—No. 1 to 10.
No. 2 to 0.

Geese—No. 1 to 10.
No. 2 to 0.

Pigs—No. 1 to 10.
No. 2 to 0.

Calves—No. 1 to 10.
No. 2 to 0.

Cows—No. 1 to 10.
No. 2 to 0.

Sheep—No. 1 to 10.
No. 2 to 0.

Goats—No. 1 to 10.
No. 2 to 0.

Horses—No. 1 to 10.
No. 2 to 0.

Donkeys—No. 1 to 10.
No. 2 to 0.

Mules—No. 1 to 10.
No. 2 to 0.

Wagons—No. 1 to 10.
No. 2 to 0.

Plows—No. 1 to 10.
No. 2 to 0.

Harrows—No. 1 to 10.
No. 2 to 0.

Shovels—No. 1 to 10.
No. 2 to 0.

Picks—No. 1 to 10.
No. 2 to 0.

Axes—No. 1 to 10.
No. 2 to 0.

Tools—No. 1 to 10.
No. 2 to 0.

Hardware—No. 1 to 10.
No. 2 to 0.

Softwares—No. 1 to 10.
No. 2 to 0.

Books—No. 1 to 10.
No. 2 to 0.

Papers—No. 1 to 10.
No. 2 to 0.

Stationery—No. 1 to 10.
No. 2 to 0.

Printing—No. 1 to 10.
No. 2 to 0.

Advertising—No. 1 to 10.
No. 2 to 0.

Legal—No. 1 to 10.
No. 2 to 0.

Medical—No. 1 to 10.
No. 2 to 0.

Religious—No. 1 to 10.
No. 2 to 0.

Political—No. 1 to 10.
No. 2 to 0.

Scientific—No. 1 to 10.
No. 2 to 0.

Artistic—No. 1 to 10.
No. 2 to 0.

Amusical—No. 1 to 10.
No. 2 to 0.

Recreational—No. 1 to 10.
No. 2 to 0.

Domestic—No. 1 to 10.
No. 2 to 0.

Commercial—No. 1 to 10.
No. 2 to 0.

Industrial—No. 1 to 10.
No. 2 to 0.

Transportation—No. 1 to 10.
No. 2 to 0.

Communication—No. 1 to 10.
No. 2 to 0.

Education—No. 1 to 10.
No. 2 to 0.

Health—No. 1 to 10.
No. 2 to 0.

Beauty—No. 1 to 10.
No. 2 to 0.

Food—No. 1 to 10.
No. 2 to 0.

Dress—No. 1 to 10.
No. 2 to 0.

Accommodation—No. 1 to 10.
No. 2 to 0.

Entertainment—No. 1 to 10.
No. 2 to 0.

Amusement—No. 1 to 10.
No. 2 to 0.

Religion—No. 1 to 10.
No. 2 to 0.

Politics—No. 1 to 10.
No. 2 to 0.

Science—No. 1 to 10.
No. 2 to 0.

Art—No. 1 to 10.
No. 2 to 0.

Music—No. 1 to 10.
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Games—No. 1 to 10.
No. 2 to 0.

Sports—No. 1 to 10.
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Travel—No. 1 to 10.
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History—No. 1 to 10.
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Geography—No. 1 to 10.
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Metaphysics—No. 1 to 10.
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Logic—No. 1 to 10.
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Rhetoric—No. 1 to 10.
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Poetry—No. 1 to 10.
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Prose—No. 1 to 10.
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Drama—No. 1 to 10.
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Comedy—No. 1 to 10.
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Tragedy—No. 1 to 10.
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Farce—No. 1 to 10.
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GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

STATION.	TIME.
Belleville	6:30 A. M.
Montreal	11:30 P. M.
Belleville	6:30 A. M.
Montreal	11:30 P. M.
Belleville	6:30 A. M.
Montreal	11:30 P. M.

Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, FRIDAY, APRIL 22.

BRITISH ORDER OF GOOD TEMPLARS.—The members of this Order are expected to give a full attendance to night, as there is special business to be attended to.

WARDEN OF THE PENITENTIARY DEAD.—Mr. James Mott Fernald, Warden of the Kingston Penitentiary, whose death has been hourly expected for the last few days, died yesterday afternoon, aged 55 years.

REBUTAL.—In the resolution respecting the monument of wood, passed at the public meeting on Wednesday night, and which appears in our yesterday's issue for "pine wood," etc., read "fir wood."

REPRESENTATIVE SENTENCED.—Judge Galt gave sentence yesterday in the Red River case—the prisoner being condemned to one month's imprisonment in the Common Gaol for misdemeanor, in obtaining the signatures of Messrs. Dickson and Hargrave by false pretences, and to four years in the Penitentiary for larceny.

FREIGHT RATES TO LIVERPOOL.—By a recent circular we learn that the through rates from Belleville to Liverpool or Glasgow via Grand Trunk Railway and Canadian line of Steamers, are as follows:

Flour per barrel	5s 6d
Bared meat per gross ton	60s
Butter	50s
Cheese	40s
Grain per 480 lbs. in ship	40s

RED RIVER.—Mr. Maxwell has arrived in town, and will deliver his lecture on "Red River" this evening, in Ontario Hall. At the conclusion of his remarks, descriptive of this famous country, Mr. H. will give the moving result of his observations on the insurrectionary movement. The lecture is highly spoken of by the press, and we bespeak a good house.

A PALM ALARM.—Between 8 and 9 o'clock last night, an alarm was raised that the butter market building was on fire. The firemen of both companies turned out quickly, but luckily their services were not needed, the cause of the outcry being simply an open stove door and some wood, which had been left therein, burning up brightly, which attracted the attention of the firemen on duty.

THE RED RIVER.—In the Senate Committee on the North-West Territory, Mr. Garrett of Red River, was examined as to the resources of that country. The evidence taken had a powerful influence on the result, and little doubt can be standing on convincing them of the fertility of the soil, and desirability of its becoming a part of the Dominion as speedily as possible.

DROWNED.—Last evening a young lad about five years old, son of Mr. Frost, chair maker, was missed and is supposed to be drowned. When last seen he was standing on some boards near Frost's Chair Factory, and it is thought he slipped from the boards and fell into the current, which at that point is very rapid. No one has yet been found up to the time of going to press.

THE DELEGATES.—The prisoners Richot and Scott were brought before the Police Magistrate, Ottawa, yesterday afternoon and several witnesses were sworn, among whom were Judge Bell, Wm. Dwyer, Chas. Garrett and Capt. Chas. Boulton, all lately from Red River. The death of Scott by shooting was proved. It was proved that Palmer Richot was "active in directing the insurgents." The case was continued until Saturday, in order to produce additional evidence. Ball was then taken for both parties to appear from time to time, as required.—Dr. Beasbitt \$250 each, and defendant in the sum of \$500. Mr. Horace Lapierre and Mr. Andrew, Ropelle in the sum of \$350 each, and defendant in the sum of \$500. The prisoners were then released on bail.

Police Court.

(Before A. D'Amour, Esq., Police Magistrate.)

FRIDAY, April 22.

THE ROBERTS.—The adjourned investigation into the Saturday night robbery case, was concluded this morning. Hiram Fanning and James McCarty were committed for trial, bail for their appearance being refused.

ARCHIVE LANGUAGE.

Water Fanning, for using abusive language to Wagner, one of the complainants in the above case, was fined \$5 and costs.

MURDER LIQUOR SELLING.

A fine of \$40 and costs was inflicted on John Doyle for selling liquor on Sunday.

DUNK AND DISORDERLY.

For being drunk and disorderly, John Bolton was fined \$1 and costs.

An association to encourage the planting of shade trees, and provide other improvements, is being formed in Port Hope.

—Home of the Boston dress-makers have living instead of wooden wire models on which to exhibit the new spring designs.

Suicidal Policy.

Unwilling to believe that the Government intended to send only 1,000 men to Red River, and hoping there might be some mistake in the reports received, we have refrained from commenting upon the matter. There is no longer any doubt, however, that 1,000 men is the number, seven hundred volunteers and three hundred regulars, our Government have determined to establish Canadian garrisons in the Red River Territory. We don't know nor don't care who the advisers of the Minister of War are; whoever they may be, they either don't know what is in defence of the country, and to avenge the murder of the martyred Scott, we protest against such a suicidal policy. It is perfect madness. It is worse: it is criminal.

If Riell means fight, and we have every reason to believe he is prepared for it, what can one thousand men do, after travelling two or three months through a new and rough country, harassed as they will be by bands of Riell's half-breeds, most of whom are the best shot in the world, against the 1,500 or 2,000 men Riell can bring against them? Of the thousand men who would leave these shores not one would be able to reach Fort Garry, but all along that perilous road their bones would lie as monuments of the stupidity and criminal neglect of the Canadian Government. Unless it is intended to hand the Territory over to the French Canadians and let Riell and his fellow rascals have a free swing, not less than four or five thousand men should form the Red River expedition.

The half-breeds are not the only enemy our soldiers will have to meet. There is also the danger of cholera, and the French will make Red River their chief objective point. It furnishes them the easiest and best field in which to operate, and from all that is transpiring, there is no doubt that already a movement is being made by that organization to send men and supplies into that Territory. In view of these things, then, it is not madness to attempt to crush the rebellion, drive back the Fenians and prevent them from that Territory, with simply one thousand men!

There are those in the community who are willing to believe that French influence is so powerful in the Cabinet, as to render whatever movement may be made perfectly useless, so that French domination in the North West may be easily and permanently secured. We are not disposed to concur in this belief, but must concede the action of the authorities in connection with this affair, from first to last, has been such as to almost justify this opinion.

The people of this Dominion are willing and anxious to secure the North West, and are ready to give whatever money or of life that may be needed to accomplish this result, and to vindicate the rights of our nation. But they don't want to see their money squandered and human life wasted by such a fool-hardy expedition as is proposed. Enough men to crush the rebellion, to drive back whatever Fenian force might enter the country, and to keep the coast and do the duty actually, and with little loss of life, will require at least 4,000 men. It would be perfect madness to send less.

Calling for Volunteers.

The following order has been received by Lt. Col. Howe, to which we are not without attention. It is, to say the least, a most extraordinary document. No volunteer will know under whom he is to serve. We are not prepared to say this is a reason why men should not volunteer, but it is somewhat difficult to understand what the Militia Department intends doing.

Isn't it rich to let a Lt. Col. find that the men he sends are to undergo a medical examination at Kingston; second, that they must not be found physically fit, they would be sent back at the Colonel's expense? Is it intended that the Colonel should make the examination himself before forwarding the men to Kingston; or what is intended?

We make these queries for the consideration of those interested, asking, however, the careful attention of the public to this very precious and extraordinary circular:

CIRCULAR.

Kingston, April 19, 1870.

SIR—I have the honor to request that you will be good enough to select from your corps (7) seven most active men for service in a Battalion from Ontario, to be enlisted for one year certain, or two years if required by Her Majesty.

This corps is intended to form part of an expeditionary force to Red River.

In making the selection, it is necessary that you should recommend some men who show a decided preference for military life. A preference should be given to those who have a trade or can use an ax and have a knowledge of wood craft. They must be sober and of good character, and be able to do that effect from you. They will have to undergo a medical examination at Kingston before being sworn in.

You will be responsible that the men sent to Headquarters are physically fit for duty as soldiers.

A transport requisition will be forwarded to you on your notification of the number you can send, but if any man on final examination

at Kingston is found unfit, he will be sent back at your expense.

—The men will receive from kits complete, and two sets of rifle clothing with new arms and accoutrements.

The pay will be for Color Sergeants, \$18; Sergeants, \$15; Corporals, \$13; and Privates, \$12 per month and free rations.

—The Company non-commissioned officers will be selected on the formation of the Battalion. Due attention will of course be paid to your recommendation. No objection to married men but no women will be allowed to accompany the expedition.

—The men must report to the Deputy Adjutant General of Mills at Kingston, on or before the 30th April instant, and if attended they will receive pay from the 1st of May inclusive.

You will be good enough to report to the Brigade Major as soon as possible.

(Signed.) S. F. JARVIS, D. A. General.

Lt. Col. BROWN, 4th Battalion, Belleville.

(A TREE COPY.) W. P. PHILLIPS, Major, "Brigade Major."

N. B.—The Truants Battery are requested to furnish three men irrespective of the 7 from the Battalion. If they volunteer they must go as Rifle men, not as artillery.

W. P. J. "B. M."

Red River News.

News from Fort Garry to the 11th inst.

Bishop Tache was endeavoring to restore order.

A successful result of the missions to Ottawa is anticipated.

The Sioux Indians are becoming troublesome, and show signs of dissatisfaction. The people of the settlement, and the Hudson Bay Company, the first action, acknowledge Riell's Government.

Riell has given up to the Hudson Bay Company the property he confiscated, and issued a proclamation declaring a general amnesty, and disarm peace.

Shipping and Navigation News.

The steamer Rochester arrived last night from Kingston, and left this morning for her trip. As the steamer was about to enter the Bay, by some means or other, she broke her rudder. She went as far as Mill Point where it was intended to arrive.

About twenty schooners arrived at Montreal from the lower ports. The first arrival of the river craft from below are thus about a week earlier than those of last year.

The barque Christine, from London for Quebec, ballast, arrived in Quebec on the 19th inst.

The river craft Three Rivers is from town, and the lake is also clear.

A three masted schooner named Sweden, was loaded at Kingston yesterday.

The Freshet.

There is not much change to note respecting the freshet. The water has fallen between three and four inches, and as there is little rain, and continued down, it looked the worst is over.

A review of the situation this forenoon showed that during the night, the flames spreading the factories in Walton's building was carried away, part of it going down the river, and another part lodged at the lower end of the foundry. This caused the water on the east side of the factories to rise to a considerable height. It overflowed a part of the island, and carried away about 3,000 feet of birch lumber belonging to Cherry & Blackburn and other parties. Some of the lumber was secured this forenoon at the mouth of the river, but the greater part of it is gone out into the Bay, and will not be recovered. The destruction of the flame will be a serious loss to the various manufacturers supplied by it, as it will be at least one month before it can be repaired.

On the opposite side of the mouth, the bridge over the railway to Reddick & Thompson's factory went away last night, and placed Rutherford's building in a still more critical condition. This building is now sustained by only one small pier on the east side, and one on the west side about the centre, and it is feared will not be able to bear the pressure. By the giving away of this bridge, the foundation of Mr. Wallace's mill sustained still further damage.

At Blocker's dam and on the canal on the north side, matters remain much the same as yesterday.

The water has made havoc with the street opposite Brown's Foundry, having washed away the foundations underneath the sidewalk for a long distance, and tearing away the roadway in some places, some two or three feet. The prospect for some damage has been looked up.

O'BRIEN'S WIDOW.

Is lodged in three places about a mile below where it stood, and may be secured.

A large boat was taken out there today for the purpose of being used as a ferry.

TWEED.

A correspondent writing from Tweed this morning says: "The water is still rising here. About ten o'clock yesterday morning the Carding Mill moved off its foundation, and landed in the lake, where a portion of the machinery was secured."

The breaking away of the mill lowered the water in the river about ten inches, but last night it raised again as high as ever. The river has cut away a large hole in the bank of the river on the east side, and the breach is constantly widening.

Some of the houses in the lower part of the village are fast under water, and no one can calculate where the damage will stop.

The dam at Madoc will want away yesterday.

Parliament Yesterday.

Sir Francis Hincks moved concurrence in the report of the Committee of Supply, and the several clauses down to 17 were carried.

On the item \$10,000 for the Dominion office, Nova Scotia, Hon. Mr. Holton moved that the amount be reduced to \$6,500. Carried by a vote of 69 to 66.

Mr. Mackenzie moved that the House agree that Government should have deemed it necessary to increase the salaries of public officers.

Sir John A. Macdonald said that government exercised all due economy, and that they would look upon the motion as a vote of want of confidence.

After some discussion, the motion was put and lost. Yeas 53; nays 92.

On the item of \$13,000 for opening up the Northwest Territory, Mr. Mackenzie (George) moved that no part of this sum should be expended in taking possession by force of arms, of the territory.

Sir Geo. E. Cartier said the item was not for military purposes. The Government would not take down next week a measure for this purpose.

Sir John A. Macdonald said the motion was too serious to be considered at this late period of the night, and he proposed an adjournment.

After some discussion, the subject was dropped.

The other items were then passed, with the exception of the printing expenditure, which is to be brought down as a separate item.

The Committee then rose and reported, and the House was adjourned.

Sir John A. Macdonald moved that when the House rises on Friday, it stands adjourned till 7 o'clock on Saturday, when it shall sit till 12 o'clock.

FROM MONTREAL.

By Special Telegraph.

MONTREAL, April 22.

Prince Arthur is to be presented with an address by the St. George's Society tomorrow, before they go to Church.

The Richelieu Company's market boats have arrived from below, loaded with market supplies.

Judge Carroll has sworn in Chief McLaughlin and 25 men as Montreal water police for this season.

On and after Monday, a train will leave Montreal for Lachine at 7 a. m., in connection with the Ottawa steamer.

St. George's Day will be celebrated tomorrow.

The Montreal Lacrosse Club have accepted a challenge to the Quebec Lacrosse Club, to play on the Queen's Birthday.

The Montreal Volunteers have been given a chance to enlist for service in the Red River expeditionary force, 3 companies of 50 men each of 5 military districts are to enlist for one year, and not exceeding two to elect their own officers, and to be ready for service on the 2nd of May next.

To the Editor of the Daily Intelligencer.

Back Taxes.

DEAR SIR,—I some years ago bought and paid for a lot in Belleville, and have regularly paid the taxes on it; whatever favorites excepted, I had always to come down with the money—pretty sharp too. Now, Sir, judge of my astonishment at receiving from the Assessor last week, a notice that my little property was liable to be sold for arrears of taxes. Is there no remedy for such an imposition, or must we endure it patiently? I, for one, am determined not to put up with such wrongs. Perhaps you can advise a way out of the difficulty, and oblige a large number in the same unfortunate position as myself.

Your obedient servant,

Belleville, April 21st, 1870. J. F.

Several cases of agraria prius are reported in the county of Meath, Ireland.

Four men, supposed to be Fenians, were arrested at Montreal yesterday.

A fine deer is on exhibition in Ottawa. It is a splendid looking animal.

In Paris a woman reads people's fortunes by the lines on their feet.

1200 men are billeted at Pointe Lévis, from Magentic and Colon.

The famous fall of St. Anthony, at Minnesota, is retreating up the Mississippi.

No (American) quarter is now the better cry of all true friends of the gold-bearing Dominion currency.

Gen. Lee's daughter writes from Savannah to Richmond that his health is rapidly improving.

A cable telegram says that the steamer City of Buenos passed Crook Haven yesterday morning under sail.

164 vessels, manned by 3,510 men, comprise the Newfoundland sealing fleet this spring. Of these, 100 are from the coast of Labrador.

Piano Tuning.

PROF. WATERFORD will be at the Dufosse House for two weeks. His services in tuning or repairing Pianos can be secured on application at Mr. Harrison's Book Store, Belleville, April 22, 1870. 300

TENDERS

ADDRESSED to the undersigned will be received until noon on

Tuesday, the 10th May,

For the supply of

700 Bedsteads,

With Hair Mattresses and Pillows, and Straw Palliasses, for the Toronto and London Lunatic Asylums.

Full particulars as to conditions of tender, with specifications, will be supplied on application to the Secretary of the Department.

JOHN CARLING, Com. of Agriculture and Public Works, Department of Public Works, Ontario, April 19, 1870.

St. George's Celebration.

WILL celebrate the Anniversary of their Patron Saint, St. George, on

MONDAY, APRIL 25th, 1870,

By attending Divine Worship at CHRIST CHURCH, at 2:30 P. M.; a collection will be taken up for the charitable funds of the Society.

The Sister Societies will join in the Procession.

In the Evening the ANNUAL DINNER will take place at the Dufosse House, at 7:30, sharp.

TICKETS, \$1 each, can be obtained from the Managing Committee, and at Overall's Bookstore.

C. J. STARLING, President.

J. S. HURST, Secretary, Belleville, April 18, 1870. 298-41

20 per Cent Discount.

CANADIAN CURRENCY IN CIRCULATION.

ANY quantity of Canadian Skin Planters (excuse me using an vulgar a Yankee name) Sir Francis Hincks says Fractional Currency is the correct name) WANTED. I have perfect confidence in the country, and therefore in Dominion Notes and Fractional Currency.

Fractional Currency

Wanted in any quantity for Umbrellas from 50c to \$7.50 each. White Dress Shirts from \$1 to \$3.25 each. Cotton Socks from 10c to 25c each.

"Edinburgh Rubber Co." celebrated Cords, Capses and Reversibles.

Just received per Express, two crates of THREE ORDERED HATS. SPECIAL.

The stock of STRAW GOODS will be complete on SATURDAY, 23rd inst.

W. JOHNSON, April 19, 1870.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF LANDS.

County of Hastings, I WILL be sold at Court House, Town of Belleville, on SATURDAY, the 23rd day of JULY, 1870, at 12 o'clock, noon, the undermentioned land and tenements, with the appurtenances, seized under a writ of writ of Fieri Facias, on the following suit: C. C.—Benjamin Steadman, plaintiff vs. William Cole, defendant.

All the right, title and interest of the said William Cole, in and to all and singular certain parcel or tract of land, and premises, situate, lying and being in the Township of Rawdon, in the County of Hastings and Province of Ontario, and composed of the following lots, to wit: of Lot 12, and Lot 13, in the sixth concession of the Township of Rawdon aforesaid, and of the gravel road, containing by dimensions, and more or less, four and one-half acres, more or less.

JOHN TAYLOR, Sheriff, per JOHN TAYLOR, Deputy, Belleville, April 21, 1870. 10-18

SHERIFF'S SALE OF LANDS.

County of Hastings, I WILL be sold at Court House, Town of Belleville, on SATURDAY, the 23rd day of JULY, 1870, at 12 o'clock, noon, the undermentioned land and tenements, with the appurtenances, seized under a writ of writ of Fieri Facias, on the following suit: B. R.—The Merchants Bank of Canada, plaintiff, against A. F. Wood, John Robertson, Benjamin Steadman, C. C.—George Moffatt, plaintiff, against A. F. Wood, John Robertson and Harcourt Seymour, defendants. B. R.—John Rankin, plaintiff, against A. F. Wood, John Robertson and Harcourt Seymour, defendants.

All the right, title and interest of the defendant in and to the east half of Lot 12, in the sixth concession of the Township of Rawdon, in the County of Hastings, and Province of Ontario, and composed of the following lots, to wit: of Lot 12, and Lot 13, in the sixth concession of the Township of Rawdon aforesaid, and of the gravel road, containing by dimensions, and more or less, four and one-half acres, more or less.

JOHN TAYLOR, Sheriff, per JOHN TAYLOR, Deputy, Belleville, April 21, 1870. 10-18

FOR cheap printing go to—

The "In telli ger" Office, Belleville.

RED RIVER.

FRIDAY NIGHT, 22nd.

ONTARIO HALL.

ADMISSION TEN CENTS.

ONTARIO HALL.

For Three Nights Only, COMMENCING SATURDAY EVENING, April 23rd, 25th & 26th.

CODONA'S Combined Troupe,

or ACRONATS,

Gymnasts and Pantomimists!

Comprising the following first-class Artists: MILE AMELIA, Queen of the Air, in her astounding feats on the Tight Rope, late of the Cirque d'Imperatrice, Paris.

MONS. CODONA, Clown, Acrobats, and Pantomimist.

THE LEOPARD BROTHERS, the most astonishing Gymnasts of the age, late of the Cirque d'Imperatrice, Paris.

MONS. DELBIA, the Boresman Man, has surpassed the world in his wonderful feats.

MR. SMITH, the great Pantomimist.

YOUNG AMERICA, the Child, only nine years old, in his wonderful feats on Trapeze d'Agile Performance. And a host of others too numerous to mention.

The performance will conclude with the Laugible Pantomime.

Les Quatre Amants,

Or the Four Lovers.

Price of Admission 25c. Reserved seats 50c. Doors open at 7, to commence at 8 o'clock.

J. E. NOBLE, Agent.

Spring Suits made up in the Latest

LONDON

AND NEW YORK STYLES.

G. C. HOLTON & CO.

Opened Saturday, April 16,

First Prize

Exposition Universelle 1867.

KID GLOVES.

G. C. HOLTON & CO.

KID GLOVES.

One lot—GOOD QUALITY—at 25c a pair.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL

BELLEVILLE, COUNTY OF HASTINGS, DOMINION OF CANADA, SATURDAY EVENING, APRIL 23, 1870

No. 301

Home to 6	
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Sir F. HUSKISS said he would not proceed with the item of \$5,000 to meet the possible amount required to be added for the purpose of making a more just equalization of salaries, subject to the approval of the Commons, under the internal economy House of Commons list. The item was placed on the estimates through a mistake.

Mr. SPEAKER explained that the House had at a former Session, reduced the salaries of the employees of the House twelve and a half per cent, since which time he had

large majority of the members of the House

increased, and as there are some inequalities in the salaries, and as the Finance Minister now proposed to take 4 per cen

from these same officers to form the superannuation fund, he had placed the item at \$5,000 in the estimates to meet these cases and equalize these salaries. It was done at the suggestion of those members who had signed the petition.

Sir F. HINCKS said that the item was crossed out by him from the original copy

Mr. BOWELL remarked that the Finance Minister had put the question very fairly. He condemned the course pursued by members of the House voting for the reduction of salaries, where their names could be seen and made public, and then quietly sign a round robin to the Speaker, asking

him to debate which they would not do by an open vote in the House. This course was to be deprecated, because it placed the Speaker in a false position, making him responsible for doing that, which in all probability, they would be the first to condemn when any political capital was to be raised. (Hear, hear.) The House had twice refused to raise these salaries, and now we were informed, that the object was to be gained by this side wind, and members as far as the public knew, relieved of

the responsibility by the action of the Contingent Committee, no less than \$50,000 was raised annually, and if salaries were to be increased by signing petitions to the Speaker, the annual expenses of the House of Parliament, would soon reach the optimum. If there were any incongruities in the salaries of the officers of the House, Parliament should be asked to consider them. His own opinion was that there were gentlemen of talent, whose salaries were not too large, but there were others whose duties neither required education nor ability, who received too much. If these cases were to be considered, let it be done

Sir FRANCIS HINCKES thought the most convenient mode would be to strike out the item now; the Government would consider it before bringing down the supplementary Estimates.

This course was adopted and the item accordingly struck out.

On Item 2,406, for the improvement of the River Thames.

Mr. BOWELL asked whether this sum was appropriated for the purpose of improving a harbor at the mouth of the Thames for the purpose of assisting and facilitating the shipping business of the Dominion.

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN replied that it was.

Mr. BOWELL—was glad to hear it, as it was an evidence that a new system was to be inaugurated. There were other harbors of a somewhat similar character, that deserved aid.

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD—The mouth of the Moira.

Mr. BOWELL—Yes. The Minister of

Justice knew that that harbor was an important one, and that the trade of that port was increasing every year, and that the Government ought to make an appropriation. Those interested had been trying for years to obtain even a Government dredge to clean out the harbor, which the town was willing to work at its own expense, but it could not be obtained. Now, however, the policy was changed, and he hoped Justice would be done in this particular.

The Committee rose and reported, and its action this afternoon.

The Aonse adjourned 1:45 a. m.

It is impossible to look at the sleepers in church without being reminded that Sunday is a day of rest.

In what place should we always find re-

circumstances for injuries? Injuries.

SILVER AT PAR.

As it costs considerable to collect newspaper debts, notice is hereby given that for all debts due on the DAILY or WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER, and for all notes and accounts some time past due, the SILVER will be RECEIVED IN PAYMENT AT PAR, UP TO THE 15TH OF MAY, 1870.

INTELLIGENCER OFFICE.
Belleville, April 25th, 1870.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

SEATTLE STATION.
Morning Express going West, 6:30 A. M.
Evening Express going West, 11:30 P. M.
Morning Express going East, 11:30 A. M.
Evening Express going East, 10:30 P. M.
Special passenger train for Toronto every Monday at 6:30 A. M.
Montreal Time.



Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, SATURDAY, APRIL 25.

THE EXPEDITION.—A telegram from Ottawa says: "It is stated today that the Red River expedition will consist of one thousand regulars and eight hundred volunteers."

THE ST. GEORGE.—These guns intended for Red River, are expected to arrive in Quebec in a day or two. They are the same that were used in Abyssinia. They weigh only one hundred pounds, but are strong and carry a seven pound ball.

BOARD OF AUDIT.—The Board of Audit, for the County of Hastings, under the Statute of 1867-70, met today at the Court House, and audited the accounts for the past quarter. The Board consists of His Honor Judge Sherwood, and N. S. Appleby and Thomas Egan, Esquires.

PATRIOTIC VERT.—Some of the Montreal merchants threaten to dismiss their employees for taking part in the volunteer movement, whereas the Gazette reminds them that they would do well to remember their own previous services to the country, and to draft soldiers that movement fall through.

NARROW ESCAPE.—THE QUEEN.—A cable telegram says: "The Queen and Princess Alexandra to-day had a narrow escape while driving near Hyde Park. Their carriage was pursued by a runaway team with a heavy wagon attached. The driver of the royal carriage by his skillful management of the horses avoided a collision."

THE ROBBERY CASE.—Hiram Panning and James McCarty, who were yesterday examined before the Police Magistrate and committed for trial on a charge of robbery, which was before the Police Magistrate on Saturday night, were brought before Judge Sherwood to-day at 2 o'clock, they having elected to be tried summarily. The examination is proceeding as we go to press.

WANTS WITNESSES.—Senator Chandler, who has always exhibited an feeling desirous to have trouble with Canada, is making an effort to get Red River, and for this purpose has been offering a resolution to Congress, directing the President to appoint Commissioners or other diplomatic agents to open negotiations with the people of the Winnipeg country with a view of the annexation of that district to the United States, either as a Territory or State.

THE OGDON COOPERATION.—This troupe commences their performance in Ontario Hall this evening. The Kingston News thus speaks of their performance in that city: "The first performance of Ogdon's Combination Troupe, took place in Ontario Hall on Monday evening, and was quite a success. The feats of Mlle. Emma on the tight rope were said to be the best witnessed in Kingston, and the contortion acts of Mlle. Delmarla the bones, jaw and, and 'Young America,' the chief wonder, in his 'La Tambour d'Or' were frequently applauded by the large audience present."

FENIANS IN GREAT BRITAIN.—A cable telegram says: "The Fenians have threatened vengeance against the 'Pall Mall Gazette' on account of the vigorous course taken by that journal in favor of enforcing the law for the preservation of life and property in Ireland. The proprietors of the 'Gazette' called upon the police authorities for protection, and every night since that a heavy force has patrolled Craven, Northumberland and other streets in that vicinity. The Fenians are unusually active. Seizures of arms and other war materials were made by the authorities yesterday at Manchester and Newcastle."

BARRAGE FISH.—Beth Green, the great American authority on Fish Culture has published an excellent and handsome little work on the art, which we have much pleasure in recommending to our readers. Mr. Green proves that raising trout pays better than fattening pigs. He gives all the necessary information as to the method of propagation, and several illustrations in wood cuts add to the clearness with which his facts are set down. Any one wishing to engage in the art of raising fish, should highly to procure a work which, though highly interesting to all, is especially so to those. It is published by Dawsey, Rochester, N.Y., and its price is \$1.

Red River News.

Further news from Red River say that Riel had surrendered the McKenzie River, fifty thousand dollars worth on payment of \$3,000 ransom by Gov. McTavish, and \$2,000 more when needed.

Riel had arrested and imprisoned the United States Vice-Consul, Major Robinson and Capt. Davidson for a few hours, but

cause they would not take the bath of allegiance.

Riel said to have only forty or fifty men with him.

The St. Paul Pioneer ridicules the idea of Fenians going to Red River.

The people are expecting a peaceful settlement of affairs by the delegates.

Harbor Appropriations.

It will be seen by a debate in the House, when in Committee of Supply, that the door has been opened by which there is some probability of obtaining Government assistance to dredge our Harbor. The sum of \$2,400 was appropriated to improve the harbor at the mouth of the River Thames, and when this item was under consideration, the member for North Hastings took occasion to congratulate the Government upon a change in its policy, and urged that justice be done to Belleville. That there is in the same position as that at the Thames, and there is just as good reason why we should have an appropriation as that. We have already expended large sums upon our harbor, and it will require a still larger sum to make it what it ought to be. It is gratifying to know that the Government policy upon this question has been changed, and it is to be hoped that the efforts to secure assistance will be successful. Would it not be well for the Town Council to send a deputation to Ottawa to lay the matter before the Government, and endeavor to secure a grant in the Supplementary Estimates? The door has been opened to the Thames, and by a persistent knocking now it may be opened to the Mohr.

The Fenians.

A great deal of speculation is going on just now as to the probabilities of a Fenian Raid. The Globe and other papers of that stamp ridicule the idea, and blame the Government for taking the present course. They have done. The same papers blamed the Government in 1866 for allowing the Fenians to cross, and if they had not adopted these timely and necessary precautions now, the probability is that the Government would have been condemned for inaction and want of patriotism. It is hard to please some people, and particularly that class who make up their minds not to be pleased under any circumstances.

Our conviction is that the Government acted wisely. The information in their possession was of that character and from such sources that they could not treat it with indifference. They may have been misinformed with regard to the time when the raid was to take place, but it is quite evident, from the information we are daily receiving from across the lines of Fenian movements, that an invasion has been contemplated, and it is also very evident that these preparations were not made a moment too soon. It was far better to be prepared than to be caught napping.

The American papers at first laughed at us on account of the scare we had received, and ridiculed the idea of an invasion. But they have changed their tune. It is quite clear that the Fenian leaders are busy managing their business much more cautiously than in former years, with less bluster and greater secrecy, and they have even managed to keep their movements from the eyes of the American press. But the action of our authorities has caused them to make enquiries and they find there is something in it after all. They believe that O'Neill is bound to make a raid sometime this season upon Canada, as well as to assist Riel and his fellow rebels in the North West. For the last few days we have given copious extracts from several of the American papers, showing what Riel contemplates, and giving an account of his movements.

The Boston Traveller, a well informed paper, laughed at us a few days ago, but it has already changed its tune. It says now: "The Fenians are evidently preparing for a raid upon Canada, and the Canadians are making special preparations to 'welcome' them. With bloody hands to hospitable graves." As each of the hostile forces is governed by discretion, there is little fear of a serious collision, unless it be in the woods at Winnipeg, where the half-breeds are in rebellion, and may fight if encouraged."

Its regular New York despatches contain the following passage: "As previously stated, mysterious preparations are being made by the Fenians in the vicinity for a raid. The arrangements, according to the most reliable reports, are upon an unusually extensive scale, and it is thought that the Military Council, which is being held in this city to-day, will complete the details for the raid, which, it is said, is to be made in a few days."

A telegram from New York yesterday evening says: "The Fenian Congress assembled this forenoon and is still in session. Many rumors are in circulation relative to the results of proceedings, but nothing definite known. It stated there are fifteen Fenian regiments fully equipped in this city, ready to march into Canada at the shortest notice. The Congress will probably conclude to-morrow night."

The Buffalo Express of the 21st says: "There seems to be considerable stir among our resident Fenians in regard to the new. Several strangers are in town and the 'warriors of the green' are alive to something or other."

The Freshet.

Since yesterday no further damage has occurred in town. The river has fallen, fully six inches, and should the present fine weather continue, we may look for a gradual subsidence of the Mohr to its usual spring level. Active operations will be at once commenced to repair the damage already incurred.

A correspondent from Towad, writing this morning says: "No further damage done here. The water is falling very fast. A break in Look Lake dam is supposed to have helped caused such a great freshet as we have experienced."

A telegram from Campbellford, says: "The river here is still on the rise. The great and saw mills at Ranney's Falls, owned by Mr. Romans, of Kingston, were carried away on Wednesday night. Nearly all the slides, dams and piers on the river are swept away. No timber can be run down the slides this season. The harbor is running down two of the principal streets. The people are crossing in boats. Several families have been obliged to leave their dwellings. Business is entirely suspended. The factories and shops along the river are completely flooded. The slide was never seen in Campbellford."

A telegram from Hastings, says: "The flood is very great here, the water being two feet higher than ever before known. The village is to a considerable extent under water, and to prevent the bridge being carried away by the enormous pressure of water against it, many hundred tons of stone have been added to its weight. The slide is expected to go, and several scows have been carried down the river."

Parliament Yesterday.

Sir Francis Hincks moved concurrence on the report of the Committee of Supply and the various items were passed. The Bill to amend the Act respecting the Department of Finance was read a third time and passed.

The interest Bill was opposed by Mr. Mackenzie, who moved a month's notice, which was lost on division. Yeas 65, Nays 80. The bill was then read a second time.

The House then went in Committee on the Bill, when the several clauses were debated, after which the Committee rose and reported the Bill without amendment, and the third reading was fixed for to-morrow.

The Canada Central Railway Bill was taken up and Mr. Ferguson made a long speech. The following section then ensued:—

Sir Geo. E. Cartier called the hon. member to order in English.

Mr. Ferguson asked him to repeat.

Sir Geo. E. Cartier did so in French.

Hon. J. Sanfield Macdonald replied in English, evidently denouncing the Ministry, and great laughter.

Sir Geo. E. Cartier defended the Government in Latin and Greek. (Great applause.)

Mr. Abbott protested against the debates being carried on in Chinese. (Laughter.)

Sir John A. Macdonald said it was all Greek to him. (Laughter.)

Mr. Levesque spoke in Spanish.

Sir John A. Macdonald said he quite agreed with the hon. member that the debate should close.

Mr. McKenzie enquired when the report on the Northwest would be ready.

Sir John A. Macdonald said the report had been printed and placed in the hands of the Government to-day; they had time to examine it; but that he would lay before the House such portions of it as he could comply with the public interest to-morrow.

The House then adjourned at 10:50.

Shipping News.

The Steamer is expected to-night, the heavy dew to her redoubt having been required. The St. Helen and Ottawa, we are informed, will not leave for Montreal until Monday the 1st of May.

The Lawrence Canal is expected to be opened on the 27th.

A number of arrivals and departures are reported at Kingston yesterday. Navigation has fairly commenced at that port.

Around Town.

Old Tom comes out in all his glory to-day, producing a revivifying effect upon everything around and immediate.

The Fenian Congress at Chicago adjourned on Saturday after abolishing the offices of President and Senators, and committing the destinies of the Irish republic to a committee of nine whose names are not known.

Where will you see such a finely decorated and shiny window as that of the Ritchie & Co., Front Street. Not in the Dominion.

The shops on Front Street have put on their spring attire at least the windows here, and their equals are not seen outside of Toronto and Montreal. If, indeed, they have any equals there.

The circulation of the 'Daily Intelligencer' is steadily increasing, and presents an excellent medium for advertisement.

Gardeners are busily preparing for spring work.

St. George's Society is going to have a gala day on Monday. With the sister Societies, the procession will be a grand affair; and the dinner in the evening, presided over by the gentleman, will be all that could be desired.

The ladies were out to-day in large numbers, dressed in their prettiest and best.

About this time look for cowpox, if the almanac says. Remember when we used to get them near the Battersea Falls more than elsewhere.

The ladies have over-ruled their can-can at last winter course.

The Irish Catholic Young Men intend shortly meeting for a St. Patrick's Benevolent Society.

The bill in front of the Court House presents a disapparent appearance after the late rains. A little expansion might be judiciously incurred to repair it.

Front Street was very brilliant to-day. The sidewalk was obstructed at the usual spot, however. "More on!"

Business about the wharves is beginning to look brisk.

Shallopers are becoming more plentiful, and there is not so much difficulty in making them.

The market to-day was pretty well supplied, but the demand was greater than the supply.

The Town Council could do no more, as Inspector of Meat, or give authority to the Clerk or Police to conduct 'Staggering' B, a considerable supply of which was exhibited on the market to-day.

Now is the time to plant shade trees. Can't something be done to cover the terrace in front of the Court House with trees this spring?

Young men who desire to spend a pleasant evening in a cheerful and profitable manner, go to the free reading room of the Young Men's Club Association.

The Silver movement is working well in Belleville. The great bulk of American silver has left us.

It is wanted the most of just now to make change easily, a lot of 6 and 10 cent Canadian currency. The Government ought to have had a large supply of silver coins at all the Banks before the proclamation took effect.

Fish were plentiful on the market this morning, but they were nearly all suckers.

The market of wheat which was supposed to have been dropped on Thursday evening, has not yet been found. It is supposed to have been carried out into the Bay.

The disciples of the Walton are getting their tackle ready. There is no better fishing ground in the Dominion than the Bay of Quinte.

The Fenians.

INDICATIONS OF A SPEEDY MOVEMENT.

The following is from the Chicago Times of the 16th inst.:

At 7 o'clock yesterday morning, the Fenian Congress adjourned sine die. The night had to be rainy and the weather was not very propitious. The Fenians were resolved upon. Early measures were made, and resolves to take determined action were unanimously adopted. After adjournment the several delegates from the Eastern States hurried home to their constituents. It is supposed, to prepare them for the coming conflict.

The Chicago Brotherhood spent yesterday in the drill-room, perfecting themselves in military drill.

During the day a secret but earnest call to arms was made upon all the brotherhood in this state. It has been responded to with great promptness. A considerable number of Fenians will compose the regular troops, although they are to be selected in equal proportion from the several States. Gen. O'Neill, who is now at St. Albans, will be chief of the expedition, and it is presumed Gen. Cogswell will be second in command. Among the subordinate commanders will be to Gen. Michael Bailey, Swezey, Ben. Durbine, of Cincinnati, Haggerty, of Indianapolis, and others.

The objective point has not yet been announced, and the most stringent means to keep all information from the press has been adopted. Indeed the Fenians themselves deny that any raid or expedition is in contemplation. They claim that this is not a proper moment; that they are not ready. But in opposition to this it appears that a number of boats have been constructed of sufficient tonnage to convey thousands of troops across Lake Ontario to the St. Lawrence River. The necessary boats have been obtained as soon as secured by equal assessments throughout the country. Clothing and other necessities will be furnished by the steward.

In this city a number of gentlemen have resigned their situations. Others have been obtained leave of absence for an indefinite period of time. A new paper writer of this city, who has long been identified with the Fenian cause, has taken a leave of absence, to commence next Monday, in order, he is said, to visit friends in New York. All these things

only the more positively indicate what the Times has already predicted, and that is an early raid on Canada by the Fenians of this country.

The Fenian Congress at Chicago adjourned on Saturday after abolishing the offices of President and Senators, and committing the destinies of the Irish republic to a committee of nine whose names are not known.

MONEY THE OBJECT.

A prominent cavalry officer stated in the headquarters of the Brotherhood yesterday, that no raid would be made until August, but that, recruiting was now going on, but this statement was evidently made for the purpose of creating a wrong impression, and the presence around the headquarters in company with a well known cavalry general and dashing commander, point to the conclusion that some sharp work is in preparation. The deliberations of the Congress which will open to-day will show the truth or fallacy of all statements concerning a Canadian raid.

The leading officers of the rival or Savage organization loudly declare that no movement is intended, but that "stamps" are the object. One thing, however, is noticeable, that in making such assertions they confine the charge altogether to the Senate party, and at the same time state that John O'Neill is the man who will do what he says if he has the power.

—Dr. Schultz and Lynch are at Montreal.

—The Volunteers at Quebec have been disbanded.

—French soldiers are going to vote on the plebiscite.

—The Fenian Remains at Quebec, Dublin, have been compromised.

—A portion of the stores for Red River has been sent to Collingwood.

—On the 18th, eight car loads of French Canadian passed through St. Albans going South.

—The gunboat 'Rescue' left Kingston for Prescott yesterday, where she awaits further orders.

—The Volunteers at Montreal, with the exception of those on the frontier, have been disbanded.

—Five wholesale liquor establishments were seized in Worcester, Mass., yesterday, for violation of the excise law.

—Some Quebec Battalions have offered their services for Red River with the understanding that they be accepted instant.

—R. J. Cartwright has commenced operations at his factory at Sarnia. It is to be completed this season at a cost of \$10,000.

—A telegram from Perth says: Several bridges (mainly) and Clyde River have been carried away. Loss of life is also reported.

—The latest and most horrible crime reported, is that of a mother named Neale, living in Belleville, who murdered her three children yesterday, cutting their throats.

Commercial.

Bank of Montreal stock advanced 4 per cent during the week, and now quoted at 109 1/2.

Merchants' Bank stock is quoted at 109 1/2.

Canada Debentures have declined fully one per cent, there being some sellers of sterling bills at 94 1/2, and Dominion stock at \$1.08.

Royal Canadian Bank stock is down to 64.

Wanted.

A lady of some experience desires a situation as Teacher in a Common School. Apply at this office, Belleville, April 23, 1870. J.W.

An Interest Wanted.

By a party who can command between \$1,000 and \$1,500, would like an interest in an established business, such as a Communications station, or other business. Address A. B. Intelligencer Office, Belleville, April 23, 1870. 301-81 11-14

Fine Weather Again.

One lot—GOOD QUALITY—at 2s 6d a pair.

Another lot—BEST QUALITY—at 3s 9d a pair, (formerly sold at 5s 7 1/2d per pair).

Alexander Kid Gloves at 5s per pair.

STRAW HATS.

Ladies' Sundowns & Sea Breezes.

Children's Straw Hats, pretty styles.

Men's Straw Hats, good value.

Men's Panama Hats, cheap.

Another and yet ANOTHER arrival of

FELT HATS.

W. JOHNSON.

April 23, 1870.

Piano Tuning.

PROF. WATERFORD will be at the Duke House for two weeks. His charges in tuning or repairing Pianos can be secured on application at Mr. Harrison's Book Store, 2nd Floor, 2nd Street, Belleville, April 23, 1870. 300

TENDERS.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned, viz. MONDAY, the 2nd MAY, for the erection of a STONE and BRICK BUILDING on the corner of Front and Bridge Streets. Tenders to be made separate and total amount.

Plans and Specifications can be seen at the office of JOHN FORIN, Hotel Street. No tender will be accepted unless satisfactory.

Belleville, April 16, 1870. 293-1

ONTARIO HALL.

For Three Nights Only, COMMENCING SATURDAY EVENING, April 23rd, 25th & 26th.

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Combined Troupe,

ACROBATS,

Gymnasts and Pantomimists!

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MONS. CONDONA, Clown, Acrobat, and Pantomimist.

THE LEOPARD BROTHERS, the most astonishing gymnasts of the age, late of the Academy, London.

MONS. DELERA, the Bonaparte Man, has surpassed the world in his wonderful feats.

MR. SMITH, the great Pantomimist. YOUNG AMERICA, the Child Wonder, only nine years old, in his wonderful feats on Trapeze d'Agilité Performance. And a host of others too numerous to mention.

The performance will conclude with the Laughable Pantomime.

Les Quatre Amants,

Or the Four Lovers.

Price of Admission 25 cts. Reserved seats 50 cts. Doors open at 7, to commence at 8 o'clock.

J. E. NOBLE, Agent.

St. George's Celebration.

THE ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY

OF BELLEVILLE.

Will celebrate the Anniversary of their

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 25th, 1870.

By attending Divine Worship at CHRIST CHURCH, at 2:30 P.M.; a collection will be taken up for the charitable funds of the Society.

The Sister Societies will join in the Procession. In the Evening the ANNUAL DINNER will take place at the Duke House, at 7:30 sharp.

TICKETS, \$1 each, can be obtained from the Managing Committee, and at Overall's Bookstore.

C. J. STARLING, President.

J. S. HURST, Secretary.

Belleville, April 19, 1870. 298-41

Spring Suits made up in the latest

LONDON

AND

NEW YORK STYLES.

G. C. HOLTON & CO.

Opened Saturday, April 16,

First Prize

Exposition Universelle 1867.

KID GLOVES.

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One lot—GOOD QUALITY—at 2s 6d a pair.

Another lot—BEST QUALITY—at 3s 9d a pair, (formerly sold at 5s 7 1/2d per pair).

Alexander Kid Gloves at 5s per pair.

ALSO,

TOWELS

One lot UNBLEACHED Linen Fringed Bath TOWELS—new for 74.

One lot BLEACHED Linen Fringed TOWELS—63 each, at 15s.

"Glasgow Warehouse,"

(LATE)

GEORGE

Latest by Telegraph.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

THE LATEST.

CHINESE EMBASSY.

Beijing, April 22.—The Chinese Embassy has arrived in this city. Russia has signed the Bering Sea treaty and agreed to a fair settlement of the frontier question. The Embassy will proceed to Brussels and Paris, and then leave for home.

ARRIVAL.

Glenn, April 22.—The S.S. 'Columbia' is in New York, has arrived.

COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, April 22.—Consols for money 94½, for Account 94½; Bonds of '80, 84½; '90, 87½; '95, 89½; '100, 91½; '110, 93½; '120, 95½; '130, 97½; '140, 99½; '150, 101½; '160, 103½; '170, 105½; '180, 107½; '190, 109½; '200, 111½; '210, 113½; '220, 115½; '230, 117½; '240, 119½; '250, 121½; '260, 123½; '270, 125½; '280, 127½; '290, 129½; '300, 131½; '310, 133½; '320, 135½; '330, 137½; '340, 139½; '350, 141½; '360, 143½; '370, 145½; '380, 147½; '390, 149½; '400, 151½; '410, 153½; '420, 155½; '430, 157½; '440, 159½; '450, 161½; '460, 163½; '470, 165½; '480, 167½; '490, 169½; '500, 171½; '510, 173½; '520, 175½; '530, 177½; '540, 179½; '550, 181½; '560, 183½; '570, 185½; '580, 187½; '590, 189½; '600, 191½; '610, 193½; '620, 195½; '630, 197½; '640, 199½; '650, 201½; '660, 203½; '670, 205½; '680, 207½; '690, 209½; '700, 211½; '710, 213½; '720, 215½; '730, 217½; '740, 219½; '750, 221½; '760, 223½; '770, 225½; '780, 227½; '790, 229½; '800, 231½; '810, 233½; '820, 235½; '830, 237½; '840, 239½; '850, 241½; '860, 243½; '870, 245½; '880, 247½; '890, 249½; '900, 251½; '910, 253½; '920, 255½; '930, 257½; '940, 259½; '950, 261½; '960, 263½; '970, 265½; '980, 267½; '990, 269½; '1000, 271½; '1010, 273½; '1020, 275½; '1030, 277½; '1040, 279½; '1050, 281½; '1060, 283½; '1070, 285½; '1080, 287½; '1090, 289½; '1100, 291½; '1110, 293½; '1120, 295½; '1130, 297½; '1140, 299½; '1150, 301½; '1160, 303½; '1170, 305½; '1180, 307½; '1190, 309½; '1200, 311½; '1210, 313½; '1220, 315½; '1230, 317½; '1240, 319½; '1250, 321½; '1260, 323½; '1270, 325½; '1280, 327½; '1290, 329½; '1300, 331½; '1310, 333½; '1320, 335½; '1330, 337½; '1340, 339½; '1350, 341½; '1360, 343½; '1370, 345½; '1380, 347½; '1390, 349½; '1400, 351½; '1410, 353½; '1420, 355½; '1430, 357½; '1440, 359½; '1450, 361½; '1460, 363½; '1470, 365½; '1480, 367½; '1490, 369½; '1500, 371½; '1510, 373½; '1520, 375½; '1530, 377½; '1540, 379½; '1550, 381½; '1560, 383½; '1570, 385½; '1580, 387½; '1590, 389½; '1600, 391½; '1610, 393½; '1620, 395½; '1630, 397½; '1640, 399½; '1650, 401½; '1660, 403½; '1670, 405½; '1680, 407½; '1690, 409½; '1700, 411½; '1710, 413½; '1720, 415½; '1730, 417½; '1740, 419½; '1750, 421½; '1760, 423½; '1770, 425½; '1780, 427½; '1790, 429½; '1800, 431½; '1810, 433½; '1820, 435½; '1830, 437½; '1840, 439½; '1850, 441½; '1860, 443½; '1870, 445½; '1880, 447½; '1890, 449½; '1900, 451½; '1910, 453½; '1920, 455½; '1930, 457½; '1940, 459½; '1950, 461½; '1960, 463½; '1970, 465½; '1980, 467½; '1990, 469½; '2000, 471½; '2010, 473½; '2020, 475½; '2030, 477½; '2040, 479½; '2050, 481½; '2060, 483½; '2070, 485½; '2080, 487½; '2090, 489½; '2100, 491½; '2110, 493½; '2120, 495½; '2130, 497½; '2140, 499½; '2150, 501½; '2160, 503½; '2170, 505½; '2180, 507½; '2190, 509½; '2200, 511½; '2210, 513½; '2220, 515½; '2230, 517½; '2240, 519½; '2250, 521½; '2260, 523½; '2270, 525½; '2280, 527½; '2290, 529½; '2300, 531½; '2310, 533½; '2320, 535½; '2330, 537½; '2340, 539½; '2350, 541½; '2360, 543½; '2370, 545½; '2380, 547½; '2390, 549½; '2400, 551½; '2410, 553½; '2420, 555½; '2430, 557½; '2440, 559½; '2450, 561½; '2460, 563½; '2470, 565½; '2480, 567½; '2490, 569½; '2500, 571½; '2510, 573½; '2520, 575½; '2530, 577½; '2540, 579½; '2550, 581½; '2560, 583½; '2570, 585½; '2580, 587½; '2590, 589½; '2600, 591½; '2610, 593½; '2620, 595½; '2630, 597½; '2640, 599½; '2650, 601½; '2660, 603½; '2670, 605½; '2680, 607½; '2690, 609½; '2700, 611½; '2710, 613½; '2720, 615½; '2730, 617½; '2740, 619½; '2750, 621½; '2760, 623½; '2770, 625½; '2780, 627½; '2790, 629½; '2800, 631½; '2810, 633½; '2820, 635½; '2830, 637½; '2840, 639½; '2850, 641½; '2860, 643½; '2870, 645½; '2880, 647½; '2890, 649½; '2900, 651½; '2910, 653½; '2920, 655½; '2930, 657½; '2940, 659½; '2950, 661½; '2960, 663½; '2970, 665½; '2980, 667½; '2990, 669½; '3000, 671½; '3010, 673½; '3020, 675½; '3030, 677½; '3040, 679½; '3050, 681½; '3060, 683½; '3070, 685½; '3080, 687½; '3090, 689½; '3100, 691½; '3110, 693½; '3120, 695½; '3130, 697½; '3140, 699½; '3150, 701½; '3160, 703½; '3170, 705½; '3180, 707½; '3190, 709½; '3200, 711½; '3210, 713½; '3220, 715½; '3230, 717½; '3240, 719½; '3250, 721½; '3260, 723½; '3270, 725½; '3280, 727½; '3290, 729½; '3300, 731½; '3310, 733½; '3320, 735½; '3330, 737½; '3340, 739½; '3350, 741½; '3360, 743½; '3370, 745½; '3380, 747½; '3390, 749½; '3400, 751½; '3410, 753½; '3420, 755½; '3430, 757½; '3440, 759½; '3450, 761½; '3460, 763½; '3470, 765½; '3480, 767½; '3490, 769½; '3500, 771½; '3510, 773½; '3520, 775½; '3530, 777½; '3540, 779½; '3550, 781½; '3560, 783½; '3570, 785½; '3580, 787½; '3590, 789½; '3600, 791½; '3610, 793½; '3620, 795½; '3630, 797½; '3640, 799½; '3650, 801½; '3660, 803½; '3670, 805½; '3680, 807½; '3690, 809½; '3700, 811½; '3710, 813½; '3720, 815½; '3730, 817½; '3740, 819½; '3750, 821½; '3760, 823½; '3770, 825½; '3780, 827½; '3790, 829½; '3800, 831½; '3810, 833½; '3820, 835½; '3830, 837½; '3840, 839½; '3850, 841½; '3860, 843½; '3870, 845½; '3880, 847½; '3890, 849½; '3900, 851½; '3910, 853½; '3920, 855½; '3930, 857½; '3940, 859½; '3950, 861½; '3960, 863½; '3970, 865½; '3980, 867½; '3990, 869½; '4000, 871½; '4010, 873½; '4020, 875½; '4030, 877½; '4040, 879½; '4050, 881½; '4060, 883½; '4070, 885½; '4080, 887½; '4090, 889½; '4100, 891½; '4110, 893½; '4120, 895½; '4130, 897½; '4140, 899½; '4150, 901½; '4160, 903½; '4170, 905½; '4180, 907½; '4190, 909½; '4200, 911½; '4210, 913½; '4220, 915½; '4230, 917½; '4240, 919½; '4250, 921½; '4260, 923½; '4270, 925½; '4280, 927½; '4290, 929½; '4300, 931½; '4310, 933½; '4320, 935½; '4330, 937½; '4340, 939½; '4350, 941½; '4360, 943½; '4370, 945½; '4380, 947½; '4390, 949½; '4400, 951½; '4410, 953½; '4420, 955½; '4430, 957½; '4440, 959½; '4450, 961½; '4460, 963½; '4470, 965½; '4480, 967½; '4490, 969½; '4500, 971½; '4510, 973½; '4520, 975½; '4530, 977½; '4540, 979½; '4550, 981½; '4560, 983½; '4570, 985½; '4580, 987½; '4590, 989½; '4600, 991½; '4610, 993½; '4620, 995½; '4630, 997½; '4640, 999½; '4650, 1001½; '4660, 1003½; '4670, 1005½; '4680, 1007½; '4690, 1009½; '4700, 1011½; '4710, 1013½; '4720, 1015½; '4730, 1017½; '4740, 1019½; '4750, 1021½; '4760, 1023½; '4770, 1025½; '4780, 1027½; '4790, 1029½; '4800, 1031½; '4810, 1033½; '4820, 1035½; '4830, 1037½; '4840, 1039½; '4850, 1041½; '4860, 1043½; '4870, 1045½; '4880, 1047½; '4890, 1049½; '4900, 1051½; '4910, 1053½; '4920, 1055½; '4930, 1057½; '4940, 1059½; '4950, 1061½; '4960, 1063½; '4970, 1065½; '4980, 1067½; '4990, 1069½; '5000, 1071½; '5010, 1073½; '5020, 1075½; '5030, 1077½; '5040, 1079½; '5050, 1081½; '5060, 1083½; '5070, 1085½; '5080, 1087½; '5090, 1089½; '5100, 1091½; '5110, 1093½; '5120, 1095½; '5130, 1097½; '5140, 1099½; '5150, 1101½; '5160, 1103½; '5170, 1105½; '5180, 1107½; '5190, 1109½; '5200, 1111½; '5210, 1113½; '5220, 1115½; '5230, 1117½; '5240, 1119½; '5250, 1121½; '5260, 1123½; '5270, 1125½; '5280, 1127½; '5290, 1129½; '5300, 1131½; '5310, 1133½; '5320, 1135½; '5330, 1137½; '5340, 1139½; '5350, 1141½; '5360, 1143½; '5370, 1145½; '5380, 1147½; '5390, 1149½; '5400, 1151½; '5410, 1153½; '5420, 1155½; '5430, 1157½; '5440, 1159½; '5450, 1161½; '5460, 1163½; '5470, 1165½; '5480, 1167½; '5490, 1169½; '5500, 1171½; '5510, 1173½; '5520, 1175½; '5530, 1177½; '5540, 1179½; '5550, 1181½; '5560, 1183½; '5570, 1185½; '5580, 1187½; '5590, 1189½; '5600, 1191½; '5610, 1193½; '5620, 1195½; '5630, 1197½; '5640, 1199½; '5650, 1201½; '5660, 1203½; '5670, 1205½; '5680, 1207½; '5690, 1209½; '5700, 1211½; '5710, 1213½; '5720, 1215½; '5730, 1217½; '5740, 1219½; '5750, 1221½; '5760, 1223½; '5770, 1225½; '5780, 1227½; '5790, 1229½; '5800, 1231½; '5810, 1233½; '5820, 1235½; '5830, 1237½; '5840, 1239½; '5850, 1241½; '5860, 1243½; '5870, 1245½; '5880, 1247½; '5890, 1249½; '5900, 1251½; '5910, 1253½; '5920, 1255½; '5930, 1257½; '5940, 1259½; '5950, 1261½; '5960, 1263½; '5970, 1265½; '5980, 1267½; '5990, 1269½; '6000, 1271½; '6010, 1273½; '6020, 1275½; '6030, 1277½; '6040, 1279½; '6050, 1281½; '6060, 1283½; '6070, 1285½; '6080, 1287½; '6090, 1289½; '6100, 1291½; '6110, 1293½; '6120, 1295½; '6130, 1297½; '6140, 1299½; '6150, 1301½; '6160, 1303½; '6170, 1305½; '6180, 1307½; '6190, 1309½; '6200, 1311½; '6210, 1313½; '6220, 1315½; '6230, 1317½; '6240, 1319½; '6250, 1321½; '6260, 1323½; '6270, 1325½; '6280, 1327½; '6290, 1329½; '6300, 1331½; '6310, 1333½; '6320, 1335½; '6330, 1337½; '6340, 1339½; '6350, 1341½; '6360, 1343½; '6370, 1345½; '6380, 1347½; '6390, 1349½; '6400, 1351½; '6410, 1353½; '6420, 1355½; '6430, 1357½; '6440, 1359½; '6450, 1361½; '6460, 1363½; '6470, 1365½; '6480, 1367½; '6490, 1369½; '6500, 1371½; '6510, 1373½; '6520, 1375½; '6530, 1377½; '6540, 1379½; '6550, 1381½; '6560, 1383½; '6570, 1385½; '6580, 1387½; '6590, 1389½; '6600, 1391½; '6610, 1393½; '6620, 1395½; '6630, 1397½; '6640, 1399½; '6650, 1401½; '6660, 1403½; '6670, 1405½; '6680, 1407½; '6690, 1409½; '6700, 1411½; '6710, 1413½; '6720, 1415½; '6730, 1417½; '6740, 1419½; '6750, 1421½; '6760, 1423½; '6770, 1425½; '6780, 1427½; '6790, 1429½; '6800, 1431½; '6810, 1433½; '6820, 1435½; '6830, 1437½; '6840, 1439½; '6850, 1441½; '6860, 1443½; '6870, 1445½; '6880, 1447½; '6890, 1449½; '6900, 1451½; '6910, 1453½; '6920, 1455½; '6930, 1457½; '6940, 1459½; '6950, 1461½; '6960, 1463½; '6970, 1465½; '6980, 1467½; '6990, 1469½; '7000, 1471½; '7010, 1473½; '7020, 1475½; '7030, 1477½; '7040, 1479½; '7050, 1481½; '7060, 1483½; '7070, 1485½; '7080, 1487½; '7090, 1489½; '7100, 1491½; '7110, 1493½; '7120, 1495½; '7130, 1497½; '7140, 1499½; '7150, 1501½; '7160, 1503½; '7170, 1505½; '7180, 1507½; '7190, 1509½; '7200, 1511½; '7210, 1513½; '7220, 1515½; '7230, 1517½; '7240, 1519½; '7250, 1521½; '7260, 1523½; '7270, 1525½; '7280, 1527½; '7290, 1529½; '7300, 1531½; '7310, 1533½; '7320, 1535½; '7330, 1537½; '7340, 1539½; '7350, 1541½; '7360, 1543½; '7370, 1545½; '7380, 1547½; '7390, 1549½; '7400, 1551½; '7410, 1553½; '7420, 1555½; '7430, 1557½; '7440, 1559½; '7450, 1561½; '7460, 1563½; '7470, 1565½; '7480, 1567½; '7490, 1569½; '7500, 1571½; '7510, 1573½; '7520, 1575½; '7530, 1577½; '7540, 1579½; '7550, 1581½; '7560, 1583½; '7570, 1585½; '7580, 1587½; '7590, 1589½; '7600, 1591½; '7610, 1593½; '7620, 1595½; '7630, 1597½; '7640, 1599½; '7650, 1601½; '7660, 1603½; '7670, 1605½; '7680, 1607½; '7690, 1609½; '7700, 1611½; '7710, 1613½; '7720, 1615½; '7730, 1617½; '7740, 1619½; '7750, 1621½; '7760, 1623½; '7770, 1625½; '7780, 1627½; '7790, 1629½; '7800, 1631½; '7810, 1633½; '7820, 1635½; '7830, 1637½; '7840, 1639½; '7850, 1641½; '7860, 1643½; '7870, 1645½; '7880, 1647½; '7890, 1649½; '7900, 1651½; '7910, 1653½; '7920, 1655½; '7930, 1657½; '7940, 1659½; '7950, 1661½; '7960, 1663½; '7970, 1665½; '7980, 1667½; '7990, 1669½; '8000, 1671½; '8010, 1673½; '8020, 1675½; '8030, 1677½; '8040, 1679½; '8050, 1681½; '8060, 1683½; '8070, 1685½; '8080, 1687½; '8090, 1689½; '8100, 1691½; '8110, 1693½; '8120, 1695½; '8130, 1697½; '8140, 1699½; '8150, 1701½; '8160, 1703½; '8170, 1705½; '8180, 1707½; '8190, 1709½; '8200, 1711½; '8210, 1713½; '8220, 1715½; '8230, 1717½; '8240, 1719½; '8250, 1721½; '8260, 1723½; '8270, 1725½; '8280, 1727½; '8290, 1729½; '8300, 1731½; '8310, 1733½; '8320, 1735½; '8330, 1737½; '8340, 1739½; '8350, 1741½; '8360, 1743½; '8370, 1745½; '8380, 1747½; '8390, 1749½; '8400, 1751½; '8410, 1753½; '8420, 1755½; '8430, 1757½; '8440, 1759½; '8450, 1761½; '8460, 1763½; '8470, 1765½; '8480, 1767½; '8490, 1769½; '8500, 1771½; '8510, 1773½; '8520, 1775½; '8530, 1777½; '8540, 1779½; '8550, 1781½; '8560, 1783½; '8570, 1785½; '8580, 1787½; '8590, 1789½; '8600, 1791½; '8610, 1793½; '8620, 1795½; '8630, 1797½; '8640, 1799½; '8650, 1801½; '8660, 1803½; '8670, 1805½; '8680, 1807½; '8690, 1809½; '8700, 1811½; '8710, 1813½; '8720, 1815½; '8730, 1817½; '8740, 1819½; '8750, 1821½; '8760, 1823½; '8770, 1825½; '8780, 1827½; '8790, 1829½; '8800, 1831½; '8810, 1833½; '8820, 1835½; '8830, 1837½; '8840, 1839½; '8850, 1841½; '8860, 1843½; '8870, 1845½; '8880, 1847½; '8890, 1849½; '8900, 1851½; '8910, 1853½; '8920, 1855½; '8930, 1857½; '8940, 1859½; '8950, 1861½; '8960, 1863½; '8970, 1865½; '8980, 1867½; '8990, 1869½; '9000, 1871½; '9010, 1873½; '9020, 1875½; '9030, 1877½; '9040, 1879½; '9050, 1881½; '9060, 1883½; '9070, 1885½; '9080, 1887½; '9090, 1889½; '9100, 1891½; '9110, 1893½; '9120, 1895½; '9130, 1897½; '9140, 1899½; '9150, 1901½; '9160, 1903½; '9170, 1905½; '9180, 1907½; '9190, 1909½; '9200, 1911½; '9210, 1913½; '9220, 1915½; '9230, 1917½; '9240, 1919½; '9250, 1921½; '9260, 1923½; '9270, 1925½; '9280, 1927½; '9290, 1929½; '9300, 1931½; '9310, 1933½; '9320, 1935½; '9330, 1937½; '9340, 1939½; '9350, 1941½; '9360, 1943½; '9370, 1945½; '9380, 1947½; '9390, 1949½; '9400, 1951½; '9410, 1953½; '9420, 1955½; '9430, 1957½; '9440, 1959½; '9450, 1961½; '9460, 1963½; '9470, 1965½; '9480, 1967½; '9490, 1969½; '9500, 1971½; '9510, 1973½; '9520, 1975½; '9530, 1977½; '9540, 1979½; '9550, 1981½; '9560, 1983½; '9570, 1985½; '9580, 1987½; '9590, 1989½; '9600, 1991½; '9610, 1993½; '9620, 1995½; '9630, 1997½; '9640, 1999½; '9650, 2001½; '9660, 2003½; '9670, 2005½; '9680

The Daily Examiner.

BELLEVILLE, COUNTY OF HASTINGS, DOMINION OF CANADA, TUESDAY EVENING, APRIL 20, 1870.

No. 303.

REMOVAL.

THE customers and friends of Mr. L. ROENIGK are respectfully informed that he has removed his Ware Rooms to the Large and Commodious Brick Shop North of the Commercial Buildings, Front St. He has now on exhibition one of the LARGEST MOST VALUABLE and Finest Stocks of Furniture

Ever shown in Belleville. All his goods are manufactured under his own supervision. NEW and IMPROVED MACHINERY, and employing the BEST WORKMEN, he can guarantee every satisfaction. 3 per cent. Call and examine his Stock before purchasing. L. ROENIGK, April 21, 1869. \$10.30

HOUSEKEEPERS, ATTENTION!

SAVE YOUR OLD GREASE! MAKE YOUR OWN SOAP. BY USING HART'S Celebrated Concentrated Lye. You can make capital Soft Soap for ONE CENT A GALLON, or a proper quantity of Hard Soap, equal to anything that is sold in the stores. See that you get the genuine article, as there are counterfeits in the market. Price 25 cents per box.

Dr. Laurie's Imperial Food, FOR INVALIDS AND INFANTS. This food is highly recommended to be used for its nutritive qualities, in restoring tone and vigor to the debilitated, especially where the digestive organs are weak and the stomach rejects the ordinary food, and for infants where there is a deficiency of breast milk. Price, 25 and 50 cents per tin. For sale by Druggists and Grocers throughout the Dominion. Sole manufacturer and Proprietor. J. A. HART, Chemist, Montreal. 160-170-W

FRESH OYSTERS. JOHN WILSON IS RECEIVING Fresh Oysters Daily, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. Come One. Come All. October 16, 1869. 142-41

TO THE WEST, VIA GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY. GREAT REDUCTION IN FARES. TICKETS issued to all parts; fewer changes of Cars to the principal cities of the West than by any other route. Parties purchasing tickets at the station save the trouble and annoyance of re-checking (except in Toronto, etc.) and secure money taken at par for all Western Tickets. W. C. NUNN, Agent. Belleville, April 22, 1869. 307-41

FRESH Haddock, Codfish, And Finnan Haddies, AT HUGH WALKER'S. January 21, 1870. 223

DANIEL C. GUNN, SHIPPING AND GENERAL PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANT. No. 149, Water Street. OSWEGO, N.Y.

Respectfully refer to Lake Ontario National Bank, Oswego; Marine National Bank, Oswego; First National Bank, Oswego; Second National Bank, Oswego; City Bank, Oswego; W. S. Malcom, Oswego; Hon. T. H. Hoag, Toledo, Ohio; Edward Browne, Hamilton, Ont. 62

BARNUM'S LINE OF STAGES For the Madoc Gold Regions. COACHES for Madoc will leave all the principal Hotels in Belleville every morning (Sunday excepted) at half past 7 o'clock, arriving in Madoc at 12 noon. RETURNING—Leave all the principal Hotels in Madoc at 6 o'clock, arriving in Belleville in time to connect with the evening trains going east and west. S. BARNUM, Proprietor. 12 Huron, Agency, Belleville. S. HUSTON, Agent, Madoc. P. S.—Parties wishing to send parcels on this route will be promptly attended to. All parcels unweighed and paid for will be at their risk the owner. July 27, 1867

ORANGE CERTIFICATES JOHN HALL & THE INTELLIGENCE OFFICE, 141-143-145-147-149-151-153-155-157-159-161-163-165-167-169-171-173-175-177-179-181-183-185-187-189-191-193-195-197-199-201-203-205-207-209-211-213-215-217-219-221-223-225-227-229-231-233-235-237-239-241-243-245-247-249-251-253-255-257-259-261-263-265-267-269-271-273-275-277-279-281-283-285-287-289-291-293-295-297-299-301-303-305-307-309-311-313-315-317-319-321-323-325-327-329-331-333-335-337-339-341-343-345-347-349-351-353-355-357-359-361-363-365-367-369-371-373-375-377-379-381-383-385-387-389-391-393-395-397-399-401-403-405-407-409-411-413-415-417-419-421-423-425-427-429-431-433-435-437-439-441-443-445-447-449-451-453-455-457-459-461-463-465-467-469-471-473-475-477-479-481-483-485-487-489-491-493-495-497-499-501-503-505-507-509-511-513-515-517-519-521-523-525-527-529-531-533-535-537-539-541-543-545-547-549-551-553-555-557-559-561-563-565-567-569-571-573-575-577-579-581-583-585-587-589-591-593-595-597-599-601-603-605-607-609-611-613-615-617-619-621-623-625-627-629-631-633-635-637-639-641-643-645-647-649-651-653-655-657-659-661-663-665-667-669-671-673-675-677-679-681-683-685-687-689-691-693-695-697-699-701-703-705-707-709-711-713-715-717-719-721-723-725-727-729-731-733-735-737-739-741-743-745-747-749-751-753-755-757-759-761-763-765-767-769-771-773-775-777-779-781-783-785-787-789-791-793-795-797-799-801-803-805-807-809-811-813-815-817-819-821-823-825-827-829-831-833-835-837-839-841-843-845-847-849-851-853-855-857-859-861-863-865-867-869-871-873-875-877-879-881-883-885-887-889-891-893-895-897-899-901-903-905-907-909-911-913-915-917-919-921-923-925-927-929-931-933-935-937-939-941-943-945-947-949-951-953-955-957-959-961-963-965-967-969-971-973-975-977-979-981-983-985-987-989-991-993-995-997-999-1001-1003-1005-1007-1009-1011-1013-1015-1017-1019-1021-1023-1025-1027-1029-1031-1033-1035-1037-1039-1041-1043-1045-1047-1049-1051-1053-1055-1057-1059-1061-1063-1065-1067-1069-1071-1073-1075-1077-1079-1081-1083-1085-1087-1089-1091-1093-1095-1097-1099-1101-1103-1105-1107-1109-1111-1113-1115-1117-1119-1121-1123-1125-1127-1129-1131-1133-1135-1137-1139-1141-1143-1145-1147-1149-1151-1153-1155-1157-1159-1161-1163-1165-1167-1169-1171-1173-1175-1177-1179-1181-1183-1185-1187-1189-1191-1193-1195-1197-1199-1201-1203-1205-1207-1209-1211-1213-1215-1217-1219-1221-1223-1225-1227-1229-1231-1233-1235-1237-1239-1241-1243-1245-1247-1249-1251-1253-1255-1257-1259-1261-1263-1265-1267-1269-1271-1273-1275-1277-1279-1281-1283-1285-1287-1289-1291-1293-1295-1297-1299-1301-1303-1305-1307-1309-1311-1313-1315-1317-1319-1321-1323-1325-1327-1329-1331-1333-1335-1337-1339-1341-1343-1345-1347-1349-1351-1353-1355-1357-1359-1361-1363-1365-1367-1369-1371-1373-1375-1377-1379-1381-1383-1385-1387-1389-1391-1393-1395-1397-1399-1401-1403-1405-1407-1409-1411-1413-1415-1417-1419-1421-1423-1425-1427-1429-1431-1433-1435-1437-1439-1441-1443-1445-1447-1449-1451-1453-1455-1457-1459-1461-1463-1465-1467-1469-1471-1473-1475-1477-1479-1481-1483-1485-1487-1489-1491-1493-1495-1497-1499-1501-1503-1505-1507-1509-1511-1513-1515-1517-1519-1521-1523-1525-1527-1529-1531-1533-1535-1537-1539-1541-1543-1545-1547-1549-1551-1553-1555-1557-1559-1561-1563-1565-1567-1569-1571-1573-1575-1577-1579-1581-1583-1585-1587-1589-1591-1593-1595-1597-1599-1601-1603-1605-1607-1609-1611-1613-1615-1617-1619-1621-1623-1625-1627-1629-1631-1633-1635-1637-1639-1641-1643-1645-1647-1649-1651-1653-1655-1657-1659-1661-1663-1665-1667-1669-1671-1673-1675-1677-1679-1681-1683-1685-1687-1689-1691-1693-1695-1697-1699-1701-1703-1705-1707-1709-1711-1713-1715-1717-1719-1721-1723-1725-1727-1729-1731-1733-1735-1737-1739-1741-1743-1745-1747-1749-1751-1753-1755-1757-1759-1761-1763-1765-1767-1769-1771-1773-1775-1777-1779-1781-1783-1785-1787-1789-1791-1793-1795-1797-1799-1801-1803-1805-1807-1809-1811-1813-1815-1817-1819-1821-1823-1825-1827-1829-1831-1833-1835-1837-1839-1841-1843-1845-1847-1849-1851-1853-1855-1857-1859-1861-1863-1865-1867-1869-1871-1873-1875-1877-1879-1881-1883-1885-1887-1889-1891-1893-1895-1897-1899-1901-1903-1905-1907-1909-1911-1913-1915-1917-1919-1921-1923-1925-1927-1929-1931-1933-1935-1937-1939-1941-1943-1945-1947-1949-1951-1953-1955-1957-1959-1961-1963-1965-1967-1969-1971-1973-1975-1977-1979-1981-1983-1985-1987-1989-1991-1993-1995-1997-1999-2001-2003-2005-2007-2009-2011-2013-2015-2017-2019-2021-2023-2025-2027-2029-2031-2033-2035-2037-2039-2041-2043-2045-2047-2049-2051-2053-2055-2057-2059-2061-2063-2065-2067-2069-2071-2073-2075-2077-2079-2081-2083-2085-2087-2089-2091-2093-2095-2097-2099-2101-2103-2105-2107-2109-2111-2113-2115-2117-2119-2121-2123-2125-2127-2129-2131-2133-2135-2137-2139-2141-2143-2145-2147-2149-2151-2153-2155-2157-2159-2161-2163-2165-2167-2169-2171-2173-2175-2177-2179-2181-2183-2185-2187-2189-2191-2193-2195-2197-2199-2201-2203-2205-2207-2209-2211-2213-2215-2217-2219-2221-2223-2225-2227-2229-2231-2233-2235-2237-2239-2241-2243-2245-2247-2249-2251-2253-2255-2257-2259-2261-2263-2265-2267-2269-2271-2273-2275-2277-2279-2281-2283-2285-2287-2289-2291-2293-2295-2297-2299-2301-2303-2305-2307-2309-2311-2313-2315-2317-2319-2321-2323-2325-2327-2329-2331-2333-2335-2337-2339-2341-2343-2345-2347-2349-2351-2353-2355-2357-2359-2361-2363-2365-2367-2369-2371-2373-2375-2377-2379-2381-2383-2385-2387-2389-2391-2393-2395-2397-2399-2401-2403-2405-2407-2409-2411-2413-2415-2417-2419-2421-2423-2425-2427-2429-2431-2433-2435-2437-2439-2441-2443-2445-2447-2449-2451-2453-2455-2457-2459-2461-2463-2465-2467-2469-2471-2473-2475-2477-2479-2481-2483-2485-2487-2489-2491-2493-2495-2497-2499-2501-2503-2505-2507-2509-2511-2513-2515-2517-2519-2521-2523-2525-2527-2529-2531-2533-2535-2537-2539-2541-2543-2545-2547-2549-2551-2553-2555-2557-2559-2561-2563-2565-2567-2569-2571-2573-2575-2577-2579-2581-2583-2585-2587-2589-2591-2593-2595-2597-2599-2601-2603-2605-2607-2609-2611-2613-2615-2617-2619-2621-2623-2625-2627-2629-2631-2633-2635-2637-2639-2641-2643-2645-2647-2649-2651-2653-2655-2657-2659-2661-2663-2665-2667-2669-2671-2673-2675-2677-2679-2681-2683-2685-2687-2689-2691-2693-2695-2697-2699-2701-2703-2705-2707-2709-2711-2713-2715-2717-2719-2721-2723-2725-2727-2729-2731-2733-2735-2737-2739-2741-2743-2745-2747-2749-2751-2753-2755-2757-2759-2761-2763-2765-2767-2769-2771-2773-2775-2777-2779-2781-2783-2785-2787-2789-2791-2793-2795-2797-2799-2801-2803-2805-2807-2809-2811-2813-2815-2817-2819-2821-2823-2825-2827-2829-2831-2833-2835-2837-2839-2841-2843-2845-2847-2849-2851-2853-2855-2857-2859-2861-2863-2865-2867-2869-2871-2873-2875-2877-2879-2881-2883-2885-2887-2889-2891-2893-2895-2897-2899-2901-2903-2905-2907-2909-2911-2913-2915-2917-2919-2921-2923-2925-2927-2929-2931-2933-2935-2937-2939-2941-2943-2945-2947-2949-2951-2953-2955-2957-2959-2961-2963-2965-2967-2969-2971-2973-2975-2977-2979-2981-2983-2985-2987-2989-2991-2993-2995-2997-2999-3001-3003-3005-3007-3009-3011-3013-3015-3017-3019-3021-3023-3025-3027-3029-3031-3033-3035-3037-3039-3041-3043-3045-3047-3049-3051-3053-3055-3057-3059-3061-3063-3065-3067-3069-3071-3073-3075-3077-3079-3081-3083-3085-3087-3089-3091-3093-3095-3097-3099-3101-3103-3105-3107-3109-3111-3113-3115-3117-3119-3121-3123-3125-3127-3129-3131-3133-3135-3137-3139-3141-3143-3145-3147-3149-3151-3153-3155-3157-3159-3161-3163-3165-3167-3169-3171-3173-3175-3177-3179-3181-3183-3185-3187-3189-3191-3193-3195-3197-3199-3201-3203-3205-3207-3209-3211-3213-3215-3217-3219-3221-3223-3225-3227-3229-3231-3233-3235-3237-3239-3241-3243-3245-3247-3249-3251-3253-3255-3257-3259-3261-3263-3265-3267-3269-3271-3273-3275-3277-3279-3281-3283-3285-3287-3289-3291-3293-3295-3297-3299-3301-3303-3305-3307-3309-3311-3313-3315-3317-3319-3321-3323-3325-3327-3329-3331-3333-3335-3337-3339-3341-3343-3345-3347-3349-3351-3353-3355-3357-3359-3361-3363-3365-3367-3369-3371-3373-3375-3377-3379-3381-3383-3385-3387-3389-3391-3393-3395-3397-3399-3401-3403-3405-3407-3409-3411-3413-3415-3417-3419-3421-3423-3425-3427-3429-3431-3433-3435-3437-3439-3441-3443-3445-3447-3449-3451-3453-3455-3457-3459-3461-3463-3465-3467-3469-3471-3473-3475-3477-3479-3481-3483-3485-3487-3489-3491-3493-3495-3497-3499-3501-3503-3505-3507-3509-3511-3513-3515-3517-3519-3521-3523-3525-3527-3529-3531-3533-3535-3537-3539-3541-3543-3545-3547-3549-3551-3553-3555-3557-3559-3561-3563-3565-3567-3569-3571-3573-3575-3577-3579-3581-3583-3585-3587-3589-3591-3593-3595-3597-3599-3601-3603-3605-3607-3609-3611-3613-3615-3617-3619-3621-3623-3625-3627-3629-3631-3633-3635-3637-3639-3641-3643-3645-3647-3649-3651-3653-3655-3657-3659-3661-3663-3665-3667-3669-3671-3673-3675-3677-3679-3681-3683-3685-3687-3689-3691-3693-3695-3697-3699-3701-3703-3705-3707-3709-3711-3713-3715-3717-3719-3721-3723-3725-3727-3729-3731-3733-3735-3737-3739-3741-3743-3745-3747-3749-3751-3753-3755-3757-3759-3761-3763-3765-3767-3769-3771-3773-3775-3777-3779-3781-3783-3785-3787-3789-3791-3793-3795-3797-3799-3801-3803-3805-3807-3809-3811-3813-3815-3817-3819-3821-3823-3825-3827-3829-3831-3833-3835-3837-3839-3841-3843-3845-3847-3849-3851-3853-3855-3857-3859-3861-3863-3865-3867-3869-3871-3873-3875-3877-3879-3881-3883-3885-3887-3889-3891-3893-3895-3897-3899-3901-3903-3905-3907-3909-3911-3913-3915-3917-3919-3921-3923-3925-3927-3929-3931-3933-3935-3937-3939-3941-3943-3945-3947-3949-3951-3953-3955-3957-3959-3961-3963-3965-3967-3969-3971-3973-3975-3977-3979-3981-3983-3985-3987-3989-3991-3993-3995-3997-3999-4001-4003-4005-4007-4009-4011-4013-4015-4017-4019-4021-4023-4025-4027-4029-4031-4033-4035-4037-4039-4041-4043-4045-4047-4049-4051-4053-4055-4057-4059-4061-4063-4065-4067-4069-4071-4073-4075-4077-4079-4081-4083-4085-4087-4089-4091-4093-4095-4097-4099-4101-4103-4105-4107-4109-4111-4113-4115-4117-4119-4121-4123-4125-4127-4129-4131-4133-4135-4137-4139-4141-4143-4145-4147-4149-4151-4153-4155-4157-4159-4161-4163-4165-4167-4169-4171-4173-4175-4177-4179-4181-4183-4185-4187-4189-4191-4193-4195-4197-4199-4201-4203-4205-4207-4209-4211-4213-4215-4217-4219-4221-4223-4225-4227-4229-4231-4233-4235-4237-4239-4241-4243-4245-4247-4249-4251-4253-4255-4257-4259-4261-4263-4265-4267-4269-4271-4273-4275-4277-4279-4281-4283-4285-4287-4289-4291-4293-4295-4297-4299-4301-4303-4305-4307-4309-4311-4313-4315-4317-4319-4321-4323-4325-4327-4329-4331-4333-4335-4337-4339-4341-4343-4345-4347-4349-4351-4353-4355-4357-4359-4361-4363-4365-4367-4369-4371-4373-4375-4377-4379-4381-4383-4385-4387-4389-4391-4393-4395-4397-4399-4401-4403-4405-4407-4409-4411-4413-4415-4417-4419-4421-4423-4425-4427-4429-4431-4433-4435-4437-4439-4441-4443-4445-4447-4449-4451-4453-4455-4457-4459-4461-4463-4465-4467-4469-4471-4473-4475-4477-4479-4481-4483-4485-4487-4489-4491-4493-4495-4497-4499-4501-4503-4505-4507-4509-4511-4513-4515-4517-4519-4521-4523-4525-4527-4529-4531-4533-4535-4537-4539-4541-4543-4545-4547-4549-4551-4553-4555-4557-4559-4561-4563-4565-4567-4569-4571-4573-4575-4577-4579-4581-4583-4585-4587-4589-4591-4593-4595-4597-4599-4601-4603-4605-4607-4609-4611-4613-4615-4617-4619-4621-4623-4625-4627-4629-4631-4633-4635-4637-4639-4641-4643-4645-4647-4649-4651-4653-4655-4657-4659-4661-4663-4665-4667-4669-4671-4673-4675-4677-4679-4681-4683-4685-4687-4689-4691-

The Daily Intelligence.

Belleville, County of Hastings, Dominion of Canada. WEDNESDAY EVENING, APRIL 27, 1870. No. 304.

REMOVAL.
THE customers and friends of Mr. L. ROENIGK are respectfully informed that he has removed his Ware Rooms to the Large and Commodious Brick Shop North of the Commercial Buildings, Front St. He has now on exhibition one of the LARGEST MOST VALUABLE and Finest Stocks of Furniture Ever shown in Belleville. As all his goods are manufactured under his own supervision by NEW and IMPROVED MACHINERY, and employing the BEST WORKMEN, he can guarantee every satisfaction. Call and examine his Stock before purchasing. L. ROENIGK, w10 301 April 21, 1869.

HOUSEKEEPERS, ATTENTION!
SAVE YOUR OLD GREASE! MAKE YOUR OWN SOAP. BY USING HART'S Celebrated Concentrated Lye. You can make capital soap for your own use. YCENT A GALLON, or a proper quantity of Hard Soap, equal to anything that is sold in the Store. See that you get the genuine article, as there are counterfeits in the market. Price 25 cents per box.

Dr. Laurie's Imperial Food, FOR INVALIDS AND INFANTS.
This food is highly recommended to invalids for its nutritive qualities, in restoring tone and vigor to the debilitated, especially where the digestive organs are weak and the stomach rejects the ordinary food, and for infants where there is a deficiency of milk. Price 35 and 50 cts. per tin. For sale by Druggists and Grocers through out the Dominion. Sole manufacturer and Proprietor, J. A. HART, Chemist, Montreal.

FRESH OYSTERS.
JOHN WILSON IS RECEIVING Fresh Oysters Daily, XXX WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. Come One. Come All. October 10, 1869. 142-11

TO THE WEST, VIA GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.
GREAT REDUCTION IN FARES. TICKETS issued to all parts; fewer chances of Care to the principal cities of the West than by any other route. Parties purchasing tickets at the station save the trouble and annoyance of re-checking baggage in Toronto, etc. American money taken at par for all Western Tickets. W. C. NUNN, Agent. Belleville, April 28, 1869. 307-11

FRESH Haddock, Codfish, and Finnan Haddies,
AT HUGH WALKER'S. January 21, 1870. 225

DANIEL C. GUNN, SHIPPING AND GENERAL PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANT.
No. 149, Water Street, QUEBEC, N.Y. Respectfully refers to Lake Ontario National Bank, Quebec; Marine National Bank, Oswego; First National Bank, Oswego; Second National Bank, Oswego; City Bank, Oswego; W. R. Malcolm, Oswego; Hon. T. H. Bang, Toledo, Ohio; Edward Browne, Hamilton, Ont. 62

BARNUM'S LINE OF STAGES.
For the Madoc Gold Regions, COACHES for Madoc will leave all the principal Hotels in Belleville every morning (Sunday excepted), at half past 7 o'clock, arriving in Madoc at 12 noon. RETURNING—Leaves all the principal Hotels in Madoc at 2 o'clock, arriving in Belleville in time to connect with the evening train going east to Toronto. S. BARNUM, Proprietor. (Horton, Agent, Belleville, N. H. Horton, Agent, Madoc, N. B.) S. B. Horton will send parcels on the route will be consigned, and all parcels unless booked and paid for will be at the risk of the owner. July 23, 1867.

ORANGE CERTIFICATES.
FOR SALE at the INTELLIGENCER'S Office, 155 Front Street, Belleville.

Special Notice.
CLOSURE OF THE LISTS To Share in the Division of Profits of the past five years. CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY ESTABLISHED 1847. The lists for the 23rd Year will be closed on the 30th of this month (April). After which the DIVISION OF PROFITS Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable. Persons desirous of sharing in these profits will obtain Forms of Application and all information at the Head Office or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion. Agent at Belleville, J. W. SMITH, January 19, 1870.

REMOVAL TO THE NEW BLOCK.
Henry Rosenberg, Bookseller and Stationer, has removed to the NEW BLOCK, on the site of the OLD STAND, opposite the Court Market, where he will be happy to see all his old customers and the public generally, and exhibit to them one of the finest and best assorted stocks of GOLD & SILVER WATCHES, CHAINS, JEWELRY, Clocks, Electro-Plated Spoons, &c., &c., ever brought to Belleville. All goods warranted. They are represented to be. All kinds of jobbing and repairing done promptly and at moderate rates. Call and inspect the Stock before purchasing. H. ROSENBERG, 124-11 22 11 Belleville, Sep. 1865.

BRIDGEWATER COTTON & WOOLLEN FACTORY.
THE subscriber offers to grant adjacent water power for a Cotton and Woollen Factory, combined or separate, at the Village of Bridgewater, to a Company, or Companies, to be formed to erect the same. The premises to be granted are of the nature of a leasehold, and the water can be obtained to work the Factory the year round. The facilities for building are good, as the best material can be obtained at the premises. A Prospectus for the formation of a company, or companies, will soon be issued, and Stock Books will be opened at Bridgewater, Belleville, and other places. S. B. FILL, Belleville, Feb. 10, 1870. 191-11 11 11

FINNAN HADDIES, YARMOUTH BLOATERS, ORANGES, LEMONS, DRIED PEACHES, BERRIES and CANNED GOODS.
JUST RECEIVED AT CONGER BROS., Belleville, March 2nd, 1870.

UNDER TAKING.
G. S. TICKELL, Upholster, Undertaker &c. Front Street, Belleville. BEGS to apprise those whose duty it may be to arrange for the interment of their deceased friends, that he has a First-Class HEARSE, and keeps constantly on hand Coffins, Barrels, Boxes, Sarcophagi, and all that is requisite provided at the lowest cost, in the best manner, and on the most reasonable terms.

THE "QUEEN" FIRE & LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF LIVERPOOL AND LONDON.
HAYING complied with the Act, Vic 21, Chap. 17, and the Act, Vic 22, Chap. 17, and the Act, Vic 23, Chap. 17, and the Act, Vic 24, Chap. 17, and the Act, Vic 25, Chap. 17, and the Act, Vic 26, Chap. 17, and the Act, Vic 27, Chap. 17, and the Act, Vic 28, Chap. 17, and the Act, Vic 29, Chap. 17, and the Act, Vic 30, Chap. 17, and the Act, Vic 31, Chap. 17, and the Act, Vic 32, Chap. 17, and the Act, Vic 33, Chap. 17, and the Act, Vic 34, Chap. 17, and the Act, Vic 35, Chap. 17, and the Act, Vic 36, Chap. 17, and the Act, Vic 37, Chap. 17, and the Act, Vic 38, Chap. 17, and the Act, Vic 39, Chap. 17, and the Act, Vic 40, Chap. 17, and the Act, Vic 41, Chap. 17, and the Act, Vic 42, Chap. 17, and the Act, Vic 43, Chap. 17, and the Act, Vic 44, Chap. 17, and the Act, Vic 45, Chap. 17, and the Act, Vic 46, Chap. 17, and the Act, Vic 47, Chap. 17, and the Act, Vic 48, Chap. 17, and the Act, Vic 49, Chap. 17, and the Act, Vic 50, Chap. 17, and the Act, Vic 51, Chap. 17, and the Act, Vic 52, 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SILVER AT PAR.

As it costs considerably to collect newspaperable news is hereby given that all debts due on the DAILY or WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER, for all sales and accounts since last day, SILVER WILL BE RECEIVED IN PAYMENT AT PAR, UP TO THE 15TH OF MAY, 1870.

INTELLIGENCER OFFICE,
Belleville, April 20th, 1870.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

WEEKLY SERVICE.
Belleville Station.
Morning Express going West, 8:30 A. M.
Evening Express going West, 11:30 A. M.
Morning Express going East, 11:30 A. M.
Evening Express going East, 8:30 A. M.
Special passenger train for Toronto every Monday at 6:30 A. M.
Belleville, April 20th, 1870.

Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 27.
ARRIVAL.—The steamer *Austrian* arrived at Father Point at two o'clock yesterday afternoon.

FRONTIER ELECTION.—Mr. Kirkpatrick has been elected by 352 majority. The number of votes polled was 1,386.

CRICKET CLUB.—The annual meeting of the Cricket Club, for the election of officers, will be held at Hamilton's on evening at 8 o'clock.

THE RIVER.—The waters are quickly subsiding, the fall being so rapid that it is almost observable from day to day. Since yesterday the decline has not been less than a foot. We may now expect to see some of our ferries in operation once more.

"CERTS ON SENSE."—There are many words in the English language which are so similar in sound, that to one not thoroughly acquainted with the intricacies of the Anglo-Saxon tongue, anything but the right meaning is often conveyed. An illustration of this occurred on the market yesterday morning. A German woman, who had tendered silver in payment for some purchases she had made, was told by the vendor that he wanted some cents in addition. "But I have got no cents," said the Teutonic lady. "No," replied the ungalant seller, "I don't think you have any more sense than you say." He, ha, was the laughing rejoinder. "I think I have not," it was an go to carry on the conversation, for the purchaser either would not or could not be made to understand what was wanted, and departed in triumph with her purchases.

Adjourned Vestry Meetings.

CHRIST CHURCH.

This vestry met, according to adjournment, to receive the financial statement of the Wardens, and to dispose of their unfinished business.

The incumbent having taken the chair and opened the meeting with prayer, the Wardens submitted their accounts, which having been audited by H. L. Walbridge and Mr. Geo. Adams, were approved and passed.

It appears that there was a deficit of between \$60 and \$70 upon the current expenses, the debt which was provided for by the meeting.

The debt upon the Church building was reduced to \$400, to meet which \$100 had been promised in a few days, and \$300 payable in two years.

The Treasurer of Sunday School reported an expenditure of \$200, with \$15 in hand after all debts are paid.

The hearty thanks of the congregation were tendered to Mr. and Mrs. Elliott especially, and likewise to other members of the Committee, for the great labor and pains expended by them in reorganizing the Sunday School Library. The Sunday School was reported to be in a most flourishing condition.

General satisfaction was expressed at the session of the two class rooms, at the south end of the Church, as adding to the efficiency of the school.

Mrs. Alex. Thompson, John Panter and Hercules Thompson, were appointed a Committee to co-operate with the Wardens in erecting a shed on the Church grounds for the accommodation of teams.

Unaltered confidence was generally expressed in the free and easy manner, and it was resolved to make increased efforts to promote its efficiency. A most hearty and unanimous meeting was closed by pronouncing the benediction.

ST. THOMAS.

The adjourned vestry meeting of St. Thomas was held last night in the body of the church. Rev. John Grier, M. A., Rector, presided.

The Churchwardens' report for the past year was read, received and adopted.

E. Harrison, Esq., was re-elected Churchwarden. The Rector re-appointed F. McAnaney, Esq., a Churchwarden.

On motion made and seconded, E. Harrison, Esq., was elected Lay Delegate to the Synod for the term of three years.

The Bidsmen of last year were re-elected. The meeting then adjourned.

Mr. Bertram Fowle, of Whitley, and Mrs. Wm. Scott, Lady of the well known proprietor of Scott's Hotel, Prince Albert, have received a wonderful amount of a legacy of about \$50,000 each, from a deceased relative in the old country.

Madoc and Kingston Railway.

A meeting of the Directors of the Madoc and Kingston Railroad was held yesterday in the Shire Hall, Belleville.

The Hon. B. L. Platt read a letter he had received from Mr. A. Brown, Esq., stating that he had never offered to build a road from Kingston to Madoc at any price.

Mr. Gildersleeve read a communication he had received from Mr. Foster, of Montreal, estimating the cost of an iron road, 3 foot gauge, from Madoc to Kingston, at \$717,400, and a wooden road of the same gauge at \$436,000.

Mr. Nash estimated the cost of an iron road the same gauge at \$651,297. A long discussion ensued with regard to the practicability of wood or iron in the construction of the road, all appearing to be in favor of an iron road, when it was moved by A. F. Wood, seconded by Hon. B. L. Platt, that Messrs. Carruthers and Gildersleeve be appointed a Committee to collect statistics, with reference to the proposed road.

The meeting was then adjourned to meet some further day at Tamworth.

County Council.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 27.

A special meeting of the County Council, called by the Warden, took place in consideration the present condition of the roads and bridges, and what should be done.

PRESIDENT.—His Honor the Warden, Messrs. Ross, Armstrong, Anderson, Hudson, Evans, Flint, Clark, Conley, Cummings, Cross, Stuker and McKinnon.

The Warden stated that he had called the present meeting of the Council in consideration the present state of the roads and bridges.

He regretted to have to state that there was no question, the damage caused by the flood to the County bridges had been very great. The roads and some of the bridges were in a better state than usual, but the high water had damaged bridges and approaches leading thereto to an extent never known in this County before.

One large bridge had been swept away—O'Brien's—and many others not so costly, had been destroyed. He had directed the Clerk to have the County Surveyor and Messrs. Farnham and Francis notified to be present; and with the information that these gentlemen could give, combined with the knowledge of Council in their respective localities, there would, he doubt, be a correct idea arrived at as to the extent of the damage done.

The Council had been called for the purpose of examination, and he trusted such reports would be taken as would result in the most economical and expeditious system of restoration being adopted.

He had to acknowledge the hearty co-operation of the County Surveyor and foreman in taking all possible steps towards saving County property, and invaluable assistance had been rendered by the Hon. B. L. Platt, who had stayed in Belleville for the purpose of keeping up a line of communication between himself and the County officers. Much business was transacted, had been prevented thereby. Some expenses had been incurred, which the Council would be called on to meet, but which he was quite sure they would be willing to pay.

We go to press at two o'clock an hour to give the remainder of the proceedings to-day. The rest of the report will appear tomorrow.

Parliament Yesterday.

In answer to a question from Hon. Mr. H. L. Platt, Sir Francis Hincks said the Government had no longer charge of the Interest Bill, but understood it was in charge of the gentleman who seconded the motion in amendment to the bill.

In reply to Mr. H. L. Platt, Sir John A. Macdonald said it must be evident that these questions are singularly inappropriate, and in order to show that I will simply answer one question, almost the last in his category.

The hon. gentleman asked whether the Canadian Government is in communication with the delegates? The answer to that is that they are, and they are in the midst of these negotiations, and they believe that there will be a solution of all the difficulties that have harassed the Government and engaged the public mind since the unfortunate affairs and events of last autumn. I believe that it is not a matter of days but a matter of hours, and I think that with a due regard to the honor of the hon. friend might have prevented any discussion, or any unseemly or undue statement of affairs. My hon. friend must understand, and the House will understand, that the Government are only desirous of settling the unfortunate state of affairs as soon as possible, (hear) and with due respect and due regard to all the interests concerned, and on only tell my hon. friend that it is in the highest degree impatient that these questions should be brought up. I shall take this opportunity of once stating, my hon. friend may know the position the Government takes, that it is in the highest degree impatient that these questions should be brought up. I shall take this opportunity of once stating, my hon. friend may know the position the Government takes, that it is in the highest degree impatient that these questions should be brought up.

Why is a lake ship like a dragon? Because it will kill all poor things, (joke and laughs).

An order in Council was passed, dated the 14th inst., that a way rate of 1 cent be established on the Welland Canal between Dunnville and Thorold at 50¢ of the rate, or 12½ cents per ton.

The state of Ireland is very unsatisfactory; outrages are almost daily perpetrated. Notwithstanding the returns offered the Irish people, they are still unhappy. Nothing but Ireland for the Irish will stay them.

The Editor of the Daily Intelligencer.

Sir, You have been so kind as to send me a copy of the "Daily Intelligencer," and I have been so much interested in the contents of the 23rd inst., raised another "Samuel" who, unlike Samuel of old, appears to be a man of sense and good feeling. If the new "Samuel" expects to be useful as a critic, he ought to use more argument and less slang; for no one of taste can read his little piece without feeling that nothing but abuse and vituperation should be stated in his place. It is a pity to take up the paper with such a piece of nonsense, and I am just as good as dead as I am, and he couldn't change it! It is better to have a big one than a small one, like "Samuel." It is easy seeing where the little lawyer slung the prize of "Samuel." If "Samuel" endeavored to confine the sale of fresh meat to the market and fail, it is only fair to say that he is a weakling by a smaller effort in the newspapers. It would be far more nearly to give credit to the "little lawyer," and admit generally that the sale of fresh meat at the Upper Bridge is a necessity, as well as the sale of whiskey in all parts of the town. But perhaps "Samuel" is a weakling, and he may have felt the withering rebuke his brother got at "Town meeting," at the time when the little lawyer slung the prize of "Samuel." If "Samuel" endeavored to confine the sale of fresh meat to the market and fail, it is only fair to say that he is a weakling by a smaller effort in the newspapers. It would be far more nearly to give credit to the "little lawyer," and admit generally that the sale of fresh meat at the Upper Bridge is a necessity, as well as the sale of whiskey in all parts of the town. But perhaps "Samuel" is a weakling, and he may have felt the withering rebuke his brother got at "Town meeting," at the time when the little lawyer slung the prize of "Samuel." 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Latest by Telegraph.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

THE LATEST.

ENGLAND.

House of Commons.

THE ROYAL CANADIAN RIFLES.

London, April 26.—The House of Commons, Mr. Russell, Under Colonial Secretary, said that an order had been sent to Ottawa to disband the Royal Canadian Rifles. He added that the Government was still deliberating on the Red River difficulties.

THE COLONIAL QUESTION.

Mr. Tolson moved that a Committee be appointed to investigate the official relations of the House Government with the British Colonies. He insisted that the Colonies were greatly ill-treated, particularly those of New Zealand and Australia.

Mr. Estrack seconded the motion. He urged the tightening of colonial relations, if England's relations with her colonies had left it possible.

Lord Bury, in behalf of the Colonies, repudiated such pretensions. The Colonies were now really self-governed, and well-governed. The system was voluntary, elastic, and durable. He thought such an investigation would not be only worthless, but mischievous.

Sir C. P. Adair supported the policy of the Government. He said that the withdrawal of troops was a return to the most successful colonial policy heretofore practiced, and would lead to the development of self-dependence, national vitality, and strength.

Messrs. Fowler, Maguire and others, followed. Mr. Russell replied that the debate would prove that England and the Colonies were not indifferent to each other.

Lord London admitted that the Colonies were loyal, but he thought that their present relations with the House Government were unsatisfactory, and therefore he would support the motion for an inquiry. England was bound to maintain her position as a first-class power, and that she could not be without her Colonies.

After some remarks from Sir C. W. Dilke, Mr. Gladstone rose to speak. He asserted that the Government was a unit in regard to the policy of the Colonial Office. The present state of feeling about the Colonies was due to the rapid relaxation of their bonds within the last thirty years, whereby they had gained partial autonomy. A century would see that, if separation should become necessary, it would be accomplished without enmity or violence. A free and voluntary contract was the only possible basis for union.

The previous question was then moved to adjourn a decision, and was agreed to by 41 majority.

COMMERCIAL.

London, April 26.—Canada for money, 94; for Account 94½; American Securities, 94; Bonds of U.S. 95; 1875, 1876, 1877, 1878, 1879, 1880, 1881, 1882, 1883, 1884, 1885, 1886, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1904, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913, 1914, 1915, 1916, 1917, 1918, 1919, 1920, 1921, 1922, 1923, 1924, 1925, 1926, 1927, 1928, 1929, 1930, 1931, 1932, 1933, 1934, 1935, 1936, 1937, 1938, 1939, 1940, 1941, 1942, 1943, 1944, 1945, 1946, 1947, 1948, 1949, 1950, 1951, 1952, 1953, 1954, 1955, 1956, 1957, 1958, 1959, 1960, 1961, 1962, 1963, 1964, 1965, 1966, 1967, 1968, 1969, 1970, 1971, 1972, 1973, 1974, 1975, 1976, 1977, 1978, 1979, 1980, 1981, 1982, 1983, 1984, 1985, 1986, 1987, 1988, 1989, 1990, 1991, 1992, 1993, 1994, 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 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LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

No. 305

NO.

PARIS, April 9.

For the last eighty years France has been engaged tinkering, plastering and fixing up Constitutions. This time she appears to be on the right track; not that there is anything marvellous to be expected from the employment of the old machinery—*senatus consulta* and *plebiscite*. It is only the Imperial mind that sees their utility, and less gifted mortals believe a freely elected

The exact day is not yet fixed for appearing to the people, nor have the complicated issues been definitely simplified, so that a man who runs may read. In 1848, '51 and '53 the issue raised by the *abolitionistes* was

ply "under which King, Bezonian!" The
of 1870 is more complete and rich.

...more complex, and the *gras* by
tailons of universal suffrage are not suf-
ficiently educated to comprehend the machi-
nery of a Parliamentary Government.
Numbers will sign without reading it,
several will oppose it, because it resembles
above all, that of England, and some-
what that of the United States; others will
do so, for the mere pleasure of doing so; some
because it emanates from the Empire. The
"Reds" have counselled "total abstinence"
and altogether the prospect of an affirma-
tive vote of eight out of ten will

The Corps Legislatif has had its say on the proposed changes in the Constitution. The Cabinet having vowed it would not consent to this debate, consented. It revealed nothing practical, but confirmed the reputation of Gambetta and Ollivier as true orators. Gambetta was originally the leader of the Imperialist and not the

ated his iconoclastic views. He is a you

man on the shady side of thirty, and enfeebled health. He has the ear of the house, and fascinates his strongest opponents by the beauty of his language, his graceful action, and harmonious delivery. With a courtesy, chivalry itself, he politely attacks the cherished doctrines of the majority. He is a compound of Mirabeau, as Sieyès, and develops the Guizot creed, that the marriage of monarchy with universal suffrage is impossible. Olivier points out the established fact. After an hour's speech

ing the lion sank exhausted, but refreshed with a bowl of soup and hot milk, returned

His speech is an event. It will bring back to the Republic all those that the "Reds" had driven away, for before imposing this form of Government on a nation it is necessary to make it loved and understood. It will tend to hasten the dissolution of extreme parties; it will show the electors that a moderate orator is preferable to such nullities as Rochefort and Fouvillat; and that such Deputies as Bancel, Pelletier and Simon—able men in their line—

another note to play than springing to the feet like a Jack-in-the-box and exclaim-

Nothing astonishing in the troubles in Spain—all tending to force Prim's hand. The issue must soon become a military one, and all the Colonels do not mean to allow the Marshal to handle the army as he pleases.

pleases. In Austria, the imbroglio must

The separation between the ex-Queen of Spain and her husband has been amicably arranged. Don François receives an allowance of 200,000 fr. a year, and has removed his traps to furnished lodgings, where he lives like other *bons garçons*. The fortune

of the Prince of Asturias, to be counted by millions, has placed in trust, and the Queen

to seek a more humble abode. It is on the invitation of the Empress of Austria that her sister, the ex-Queen of Naples and her husband go to reside at Vienna, and forget their grief for their little daughter. It was the Empress Elizabeth that reconciled the ex-King and Queen. She has lost an infant herself, some years ago, and when it was two days buried in the vault of the Hapsburgs, she went one night, ordered the clergy to open the vault—removed the lid of the coffin, kissed its oc-

Prince Pierre Napoleon is still at Auteuil.

and will not leave for his country seat on the frontier till his usual time. Even his foes are forgetting him, although he drives occasionally in an open carriage wearing his monstrous white hat, accompanied by some friends along the Boulevards.

The political world is all dinner giving,

Hot Beds.

No garden, however small, is complete without a bed of some sort for starting plants earlier than they can be made to grow in the open ground. Such a device is very accessible, both to the flower and vegetable gardener. Every lover of flowers knows how to appreciate the appearance of those lovely blossoms which cheerfulness to the spring and beauty to the summer. Any plan which may expedite the blossoming of flowers, adds greatly to the charm and value of the garden. Those who are unfortunately devoid of the jacks which enable people to enrich their beauty, are nevertheless able to understand the charm there is about a good supply of early vegetables. There are few indeed who do not relish the radishes and lettuce, which help so much to make a plain breakfast palatable in the spring of the year, or the early beans, potatoes and cucumbers, whose presence on our dinner tables is proof positive that the winter is over and past. No doubt a very useful garden may be had without resorting to any expedients for obtaining extra early produce, but such expedients, while trouble required by such expedients, will be far more than repaid by the returns; in this climate especially, it is so late in the season before all danger of frost and inclement weather is past, that much valuable time is lost, if the sowing of seed is deferred until it can be committed to our door chances.

The hot-bed is the simplest and most common contrivance for obtaining the above mentioned results. It may be a very cheap rule, primitive affair, or much contrived, and somewhat expensive. Let no one be deterred from making a hot-bed on account of its cost, since that may be repaid to a great extent by the crops of early vegetables which may be raised together at the corner, and covered with an ash, (dried of course) will answer the purpose; and it is, of course, preferable to have it most cases. A well made frame, which is built upon a raised area, will be found to be a most convenient material; a supply of this being on hand the first thing to do is to throw it into a heap to "mellow," and then to build up the first interior bed, which is often unmanageable. For doing this it should be shaken very loosely, all initial portions being thoroughly separated, and the material left. Water must be applied from time to time so as to mellow the heap as evenly as possible; in a few days the material thus thrown together will become exceedingly soft; it must then be turned completely inside out, and covered with a layer of straw or four days it will be in a fit condition for building a bed. A site should be selected on a perfectly dry piece of ground, and in each position that it will be exposed to the sun during the winter days. If situated on a cold wind, so much the better. The bed may either be built on the surface of the ground, or in an excavation a foot or eighteen inches in depth, as you prefer the excavation is better, as it will keep the heat in, and the material will be more uniform, heat, a matter of considerable importance in order to the greatest success. The ground plan of the bed should be as nearly level as possible, and the material evenly built up the requisite size and height, which last may be about three feet. As to the bed, the bed should project about a foot beyond the frame in every direction. The surface of the bed having been made level, it may be covered with good mellow soil to the depth of about five inches. Next set on the frame, place the ash lights and shut up down ventilation, take place and the bed becomes quite warm, a trial of the interior heat may be made by thrusting a pointed stick into the hot-bed if it on its withdrawal it is found comfortably warm, the soil may be sown. It is not necessary to give a list of the flowers and vegetables which it is desirable to sow in hot-beds, as the tastes and wants of the cultivator will decide the selection. Directions on this point will be found in the catalogues issued by seedsmen, which are now so common. Some of these catalogues form a complete hand-book of hot-bed and garden orders.

When the growth has fairly commenced, great care will be required to avoid scorning the young plants, for the day the heat will be intense inside the frame. Air must be freely given, or some method of obstructing the sun's rays resorted to; the use of curtains and mats, or lightboards and shutters and window glass, are the chief methods employed for this purpose. After ventilation has fairly commenced in a hot-bed, everything depends upon proper regulation of temperature. The greatest vigilance is necessary, since a hot-bed is a very delicate affair, and a hot-bed which is too hot will be ruined. As the time approaches for transplanting the young plants into the open ground, they must be gradually "hardened off," as it is termed, by exposing them more and more to the air, so as they will feel the removal as little as possible.

It is a good plan to sow a melon in the central part of the hot-bed, to leave them in undisturbed position of it when all the other plants are removed.

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A FRESH supply of Martell's Brandy, Martell's Family Port, Corby's Brandy, and other fine liquors.

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Daily Mail

VILLE, COUNTY OF HASTINGS, DOMINION OF CANADA SATURDAY EVENING, APRIL 30, 1870.

No. 307.

Local Notice.

OF THE LISTS
OF THE DIVISION OF PROFITS OF THE
PAST FIVE YEARS.

CANADA
LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY
ESTABLISHED 1847.

The lists for the 22nd Year will be closed
on the 30th of this month (April).
After which the

DIVISION OF PROFITS
Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable.
Persons desiring of sharing in these profits
will obtain Forms of Application and will in
the office at the Head Office or at any of the
Agencies in the various places throughout
the Dominion.

A. G. HANLEY, Manager.
Agent at Belleville.
January 19, 1870.

REMOVAL

Henry Block.
BROOKS & CO. has removed
to the New Block, 101 St. Paul Street.

OLD STAND.
The goods and stock of the
famous and well known
of the most reliable and
of the most reliable and
of the most reliable and

CHAINS, ETC.
Clocks, Caskets, Jewellery,
etc., etc., ever on hand.
All kinds of jewelry and
promptly and at the lowest
Call and inspect.

BRIDGEMAN.
COTTON & WOOLLEN FACTORY
The factory is now open for
business and is prepared to
supply all kinds of goods
of the highest quality and
at the lowest prices.

FINNAN HADDIES,
YARMOUTH BLOATERS,
ORANGES, LEMONS,
DRIED PEACHES, BERRIES
and CANNED GOODS,
JUST RECEIVED AT
CONGER BROS.,
Belleville, March 2nd, 1870.

UNDERTAKING.
O. S. TICKELL,
Upholster, Undertaker &c.
Front Street, Belleville.

THE "QUEEN"
FIRE & LIFE INSURANCE CO.
OF LONDON.
Having complied with the Act
cap. 21, by a CASH DEPOSIT
with the Minister of Finance, are now
prepared to

ACCEPT ALL ORDINARY FIRE RISKS
on the most favorable terms.
LIFE RISKS
Will be taken on terms that will compare
favorably with other Companies.

CAPITAL. £2,000,000.
CHIEF OFFICES—Queen's Buildings, Liverpool
and Gracechurch Street, London.
CANADA—Belleville—Exchange
Buildings, Montreal.
BRANCHES—Winnipeg, Nelson, Esq., Chairman
Henry Thomas Esq., Hon. James Ferrier, Esq.
David Torrance Esq., Esq. Fire Department.
BANKERS—Molson's Bank.
RESIDENT SECRETARY & GENERAL AGENT,
A. MACKENZIE FORBES.
13 St. Sacrament Street,
Melbourne's Exchange, Montreal.
M. BOWELL,
Intelligence Office, Montreal.

Business Cards.
AND all other kinds of Printing, executed
with dispatch at the Intelligence
Office, Intelligence Building, Front Street
East.

Montreal Business Directory.

SUTHERLAND, FORGE & CO.,
WHOLESALE DRY GOODS,
Have removed to 130, MCGILL ST.,
DOMINION BUILDINGS.

ESTABLISHED 1805.
ROBERT WEIR & CO.,
WHOLESALE STATIONERS,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
TWINE, Wrapping Paper, School Books,
etc., etc.
101 JOHN ST., MONTREAL.

MULHOLLAND & BAKER,
IMPORTERS OF
Hardware, Iron, Steel, Tin Plates,
Canada Plates, Glass, &c.,
419 & 421 St. Paul Street, MONTREAL.
Yard Entrance—St. Francis Xavier Street.

JOSEPH KIRKPUR,
BRUSH MANUFACTURER,
AND
Dealer in all kinds of Brushes,
No. 23 ST. PAUL STREET,
MONTREAL.

J. G. GILLESPIE,
GROCER & DRUGGIST,
No. 177 St. Paul Street, MONTREAL.

J. D. ANDERSON,
Merchant Tailor & Outfitter,
Mechanics' Hall Building,
110 St. James Street,
MONTREAL.

WILSON & BOURQUE,
Brush Manufacturers,
Dealers in all kinds of Brushes,
No. 201 ST. PAUL STREET,
(Second Door East of Mass.) MONTREAL.

C. H. BALDWIN & CO.,
IMPORTERS,
Wholesale Dealers in
Wines, Groceries, Cigars, &c.,
9 & 11 ST. HELEN STREET,
MONTREAL.

W. W. STUART,
COMMISSION Merchant and Produce
Dealer, for the purchase and sale of
Flour, Grain, Provisions, and Produce generally.
Office—53 St. Nicholas Street,
MONTREAL.

ST. LAWRENCE HALL,
Great St. James Street, Montreal.
St. Lawrence Hall, Cacoon,
The fashionable watering place of the Dominion,
and not second to any place in the
United States. H. HOGAN, Proprietor.

H. GRANT,
Watch and Clock Maker,
No. 201 St. Paul Street, Montreal.
Every description of Jewelry manufactured
and repaired to order. Estimates given.
101 St. James Street, Montreal.

THOS. HOBSON & Co.,
PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
101 St. James Street, Montreal.
RECEIVE and sell on commission for the
export and import of all kinds of Goods
from and to all parts of the world.
May 1st, 1870.

G. P. GIRDWOOD, M. D.,
Consulting and Analytical Chemist,
405 LaSalle Street, Montreal.

W. A. LITTLE,
LITHOGRAPHER AND ENGRAVER,
419 St. James Street, Montreal.
Has removed from 419 St. James Street,
Montreal, to 419 St. James Street,
Montreal.

CHARLES D. EDWARDS,
SUCCESSOR TO
KESHAU & EDWARDS,
MANUFACTURERS OF
FIRE PROOF SAFES.

IRON VAULTS, Doors, Steel Sides, Fire
and Burglar Proof Safes, Combination Locks,
etc., etc.
A large number of second-hand Safes, on
hand, which will be sold cheap.
SALER'S ROOM—101 Victoria Square, on
St. James Street, Montreal.
June 4, 1870.

Ames, Milford & Co.,
Boot and Shoe Manufacturers,
101 St. James Street, Montreal.
And back of 101 St. Paul Street,
Montreal.

Montreal Business Directory.

John & Henderson,
Attorneys at Law, Solicitors
in Chancery, Notaries Public, County
Officers in Quebec, Hastings, Front Street,
Belleville.
T. O. A. HENDERSON
CLERK.

Dickson & Gilbert,
BARRISTERS, &c., Belleville.
Office—180 St. James Street, Front Street,
Belleville.

A. R. DONALD,
BARRISTER, &c., Belleville.
Office—180 St. James Street, Front Street,
Belleville.

MacLellan & MacLellan,
BARRISTERS, &c., Belleville.
Office—180 St. James Street, Front Street,
Belleville.

Alex. Robertson,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Belleville.
Office—180 St. James Street, Front Street,
Belleville.

John B. Evans,
PROVINCIAL ENGINEER and Draughtsman, Belleville.
Office—180 St. James Street, Front Street,
Belleville.

Geo. H. Haynes,
HATTER and FURRIER, Front Street, Belleville.
Highest prices paid for fur and skins.

Dr. Chas. Ridley,
OPPOSITE CHURCH, Belleville.

Legate & Abbott,
BARRISTERS and Solicitors, Belleville.
Office—180 St. James Street, Front Street,
Belleville.

W. L. BAKER,
BARRISTER and Solicitor, Belleville.
Office—180 St. James Street, Front Street,
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John Wilson,
BARRISTER and Solicitor, Belleville.
Office—180 St. James Street, Front Street,
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THE NORTH-WEST.

JULY OF RIGHTS.
The following is the official list of the
Delegates from the North-West Territory
to Ottawa, and have submitted to the Government.

"LIST OF RIGHTS."
1. That in view of the present exceptional
position of the North-West, duties
upon goods imported into the country shall
continue as at present (except in the case
of spirits) for three years, and for
such further time as may elapse until
there be uninterrupted railroad communication
between Red River Settlement and
St. Paul, and also steam communication
between Red River Settlement and Lake
Superior.

2. As long as this country remains a Territory
in the Dominion of Canada, there
shall be no direct taxation, except such
as may be imposed by the Local Legislature
for municipal or other local purposes.

3. During the time this country remains
a Territory of the Dominion of Canada, all
military, civil and other expenses in connection
with the general government of the
country—or that have hitherto been borne
by the public funds of the Settlement, by the
Governor from Canada, and a Legislature,
three members of whom being heads of
departments of the Government, shall be
submitted to the Governor General of
Canada.

4. That while the burden of public expenses
in the country is borne by Canada,
the country is governed under a Lieutenant
Governor from Canada, and a Legislature,
three members of whom being heads of
departments of the Government, shall be
submitted to the Governor General of
Canada.

5. That the burden of public expenses
in the country is borne by Canada,
the country is governed under a Lieutenant
Governor from Canada, and a Legislature,
three members of whom being heads of
departments of the Government, shall be
submitted to the Governor General of
Canada.

6. That there shall be no interference by
the Dominion of Canada in the Local
affairs of this Territory other than is allowed
in any of the Provinces in the Confederation,
and that this Territory shall have
and enjoy in all respects, the same
privileges, advantages and aids in meeting
the public expenses of this Territory, as the
Confederated Provinces have and enjoy.

7. That while the Northwest remains a Territory,
the Legislature have a right to
pass all laws local to the Territory, over
the veto of the Lieutenant Governor, by a
two-third vote.

8. A Homestead and Preemption Law.
9. That while the Northwest remains a Territory,
the sum of \$25,000 (twenty-five
thousand dollars) a year be appropriated for
schools, roads and bridges.

10. That all public buildings be at the
expense of the Dominion Treasury.

11. That there shall be guaranteed an
uninterrupted steam communication to Lake
Superior within five years, and also the
establishment by rail of a connection with
the American railway as soon as it reaches
the International boundary.

12. That the English and French languages
be common in the Legislature and
Courts, and that all public documents and
acts of the Legislature be published in
both languages.

13. That the Judge of the Supreme Court
speak the French and English languages.

14. That treaties be concluded between the
Dominion and the several Indian tribes of
the country, as soon as possible.

15. That until population of the country
entirely as to now, we have four representatives
in the Canadian Parliament—one in the
Senate and three in the Legislative
Assembly.

16. That all properties, rights and
privileges, as to now, be enjoyed by us, be
respected and the recognition and arrangement
of local customs, usages and privileges,
be made under the control of the Local
Legislature.

17. That the Local Legislature of this
Territory have full control of all public
land inside a circumference, having Upper
Fort Garry as the centre, and that the radii
of this circumference, be the number of
miles that the American line is distant
from Upper Fort Garry.

18. That every man in the country
(except uncivilized and unsettled Indians)
who has attained the age of twenty-one
years, and every British subject, a stranger
to this territory, who has resided three
years in a Territory, and is a householder,
shall have a right to vote at the election of
a member to serve in the Legislature of the
country and in the Dominion Parliament.

19. That the North-West Territory shall
never be held liable for any portion of the

\$250,000 paid to the Hudson Bay Company
for any portion of the public debt of
Canada, as it stands at the time of our
entering the Confederation—and if thereafter
we be called upon to assume our share of
the said public debt, we consent only to
conditions that we first be allowed the
amount for which we shall be liable.

**STANDING DEVELOPMENTS REGARDING THE
HUDSON BAY COMPANY—THEIR TERRA-
TORIAL PRACTICE—HISTORICAL AND
FUTURE FLAG—ALFRED SCOTT—
RECEIVED.**

The following article is from the Ottawa
Press Press of last evening. The revelations
there made, if true, are startling indeed.

Fortunately the daily arrival of Red
River refugees places us in a position to
furnish the public with information which
will enable them to judge how far the
statements of Hudson's Bay officials may be
condition that we first be allowed the
amount for which we shall be liable.

On the same day the Company's steamer
"International" was on the Red River, for
the way to Fort Garry. It was suggested
to the officers to board the flag-staff, but
the boat was supplied with a scowling laugh
was the only answer. Governor McTavish
was, we believe, on board the boat at the
time, but he did not go on board, and was
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